# CITY OF ANTIOCH, California













Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

### CITY OF ANTIOCH, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared By Department of Finance

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# OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

**DATE:** December 10, 2018

**TO:** Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City of Antioch:

**FROM:** Ron Bernal, City Manager and Dawn Merchant, Finance Director

**SUBJECT:** 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Badawi & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Antioch's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### Profile of the Government

The City of Antioch, incorporated in 1872, is located in the western part of the state and is the second largest city in Contra Costa County by population. California State Highway 4, connecting San Francisco-Oakland with Stockton and Central Valley points, bisects the City. Connecting with this freeway east of Antioch is State Highway 160, which runs north to Sacramento across the Nejedly Bridge and offers access to Solano County and the Sacramento area. The City of Antioch currently occupies a land area of approximately 29 square miles and serves a population of about 113,061 residents. The City of Antioch receives property taxes levied on real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time-to-time.

The City of Antioch has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1872. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the Mayor and four other Council members. The four Council members are elected to four-year overlapping terms. The Mayor, who sits on the Council, is elected directly by the people and serves a term of four years. The City Clerk and City Treasurer are also elected for terms of four years. On May 8, 2018, via Ordinance No. 2141-C-S, the City Council enacted section 2-1.303 of title 2 of the Antioch Municipal Code adopting a By-District system for electing members of the City Council. Also on May 8, 2018 via Resolution No. 2018/54, the City Council adopted the City of Antioch District Map. With the passage of Ordinance No. 2141-C-S and Resolution No. 2018/54, in November 2020 the Mayor will be elected at-large and the City Council will be elected by District. The City Council is responsible for, among other duties, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. Antioch's City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council and all management functions of the City, including the budget, delivery of services, hiring of all Department Directors and implementation of capital projects.

The City of Antioch provides a wide range of municipal services, including police protection; recreational activities; community and economic development; street improvements and maintenance services; parks maintenance; water; sewer; general administrative and support services. The City does not provide fire services.

The two-year budget serves as the foundation for the City of Antioch's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Antioch are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager by February 1. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents the proposed budget to the City Council for review prior to June 30. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30, the close of the City of Antioch's fiscal year. At mid-period of the budget cycle, the City Council reviews the budget and makes adjustments as needed to the appropriations.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department managers may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The level of budgetary control, that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount, is established at the individual fund level. Expenditures above the appropriated amount require special approval of the City Council.

**Local economy:** Overall, the local economy is steady and improving. However, significant vacancies in some of the neighborhood shopping centers and the City's downtown business core persist. Positive activities include the sale of the former Humphreys Restaurant located at the Antioch Marina in November 2017 which resulted in the opening of Smiths Landing, a new restaurant at the Antioch Marina. In January of 2018, the Antioch Marina became a designated sight on the San Francisco Bay Area Water Trail. There is an increase in industrial real estate activity and a few new housing developments are at various stages of the entitlement process. The City has also launched the "Rivertown Revitalization Project" in a concentrated

effort to revitalize the City's historic downtown and make it a destination for our residents for cultural events. To continue to attract business to the City, the City has invested in promotional, branding and public relations. The City has also passed Ordinance No. 2143-C-S on June 26, 2018 Amending Chapter 5 of Title 9 of the Antioch Municipal Code establishing a Cannabis Business (CB) Zoning Overlay District.

With the completion of the Highway 4 widening and the opening of the BART station in May 2018 that connect Antioch and the Bay Area, this \$1.3B investment through the center of Antioch has positioned our community for strong economic development. The significantly widened highway, six new interchanges and the Highway 4 to Highway 160 connector bridges have created better access and visibility to Antioch's numerous economic development opportunities. Below are some properties that were leased or sold during fiscal year 2018:

- Rocketship Charter Schools purchased a 240,000 sq. ft. office/warehouse building on 2 acres at 1700 Cavallo St. for their Charter School.
- The 23,750 sq. ft. Antioch Indoor Sports facility at the Hillcrest Ave. and Highway 4 interchange sold to a private investment group that will continue to operate the premier indoor sports facility.
- Tidal Marine relocated from its Concord location to 2540 Wilbur Ave. The 1.5-acre property with shop and office buildings was ideal mix for the marine construction business.
- ABC (American Builders & Contractors) Supply, the national roofing and construction supply, augmented their Martinez California branch by signing a 10-year lease at 2701 Verne Roberts Circle. The property is a 20,000 sq. ft. warehouse/showroom and office building on 2-acres.
- AT & T signed a lease extension on an approximately 50,000 sq. ft. warehouse on Verne Roberts Circle to extend their long-term occupancy at the warehouse and office facility. The building has features that include dock high loading, fenced yard areas, and quick access to Highway 4.
- Best Buy relocated from Brentwood to Antioch's Slatten Ranch Shopping Center in January 2018.

Whether the Northern Waterfront with deep water ports and rail, the Hillcrest Specific Plan area adjacent to BART, the Rivertown Business District set on the San Joaquin River with one-of-a-kind views, or the 2,500-acre Sand Creek focus area with planned residential communities and Mt. Diablo as a backdrop, every type of development opportunity can be found in Antioch. Offering a well-qualified workforce of over 51,000 people, affordable housing and affordable rents for businesses and industry at the center of East Contra Costa County, Antioch is regaining its position as a regional destination and leader.

Water is one of our most valuable commodities and Antioch is fortunate to have pre-1914 water rights that allow us to divert 16M gallons of water from the San Joaquin River per day. Antioch is pursuing a desalination/brackish water plant that will provide a safe, reliable, and drought-proof source of water for our community. Because of mandatory rationing from the State during the most recent drought, the need for this type of drought-proof water supply will not

only benefit Antioch residents and businesses, but new customers and industries that depend on an uninterrupted quality source of water.

Continued increases in property values and consumer spending are expected to continue throughout 2018. Projections show that job growth in the East Bay will drive the region's unemployment rate below 4% by the end of 2018. With the economy in Antioch and the East Bay improving overall, the upward price pressure on housing has continued to push from Silicon Valley and San Francisco through the inner Bay Area and the I-680 corridor toward Antioch, which is a good value in comparison to those areas. As housing prices and demand continues, the entitlement of over 1,200 residential lots and another 1,400 more in process is expected to produce new market rate housing. The health care industry continues to grow as Sutter Delta Hospital is making current expansions to their facility, Kaiser Permanente remains a regional health care leader and John Muir Health Care increases its presence in the region.

Over the long run, Antioch is well positioned to take advantage of a strong Bay Area economy that continues to move east.

Current period financial information: The City continues to emerge from the financial challenges of the recession. Increases in property tax and sales tax revenues in the last few years as the economy has turned around have helped the City build substantial General Fund reserves. Even though the City has increased its reserve, this does not mean there still is not work to be done to achieve balanced budgets in the foreseeable future. Finances have improved significantly with the passage of Measure C, a ½ cent sales tax passed in November 2013, and Measure O, an increase in the business license tax passed in 2014. Nevertheless, the City continues to face the task of bringing revenues in line with General Fund Budget expenditures as without the additional tax measures passed, the City is just now reaching pre-recession revenue levels. The City's steadfast goal continues to be the alignment of budgeted expenditures with the existing revenue stream, which will allow the City to provide a basic level of services and continue to maintain General Fund reserves that comply with City Council policy.

Collection of revenues from Measure C, the seven year ½ cent increase in sales tax for general City use, began on April 1, 2014 and has yielded \$26,758,860 since inception through June 30, 2018.

Collection of revenues from Measure O, the Business License Tax on residential landlords, began on January 1, 2015 and yielded \$2,871,674 in fiscal year 2018.

**Long-term financial planning:** Job development and expansion of the City's retail sales tax base are important factors for Antioch's economic health. With relatively modest increases in property taxes and sales taxes projected for the upcoming fiscal year, the City has continued its efforts to attract companies with high-paying jobs.

The City Council recognizes the importance of maintaining a serviceable network of local and regional roads. Like most cities in the state, Antioch is dependent on a combination of local,

state and federal revenue to support that work. An analysis of the current condition of all roads in Antioch, along with a recommendation regarding the level at which the roads can be maintained in the long term, is an annual undertaking that maintains our eligibility for continued federal road-repair funding; in addition to federal funding, other funding sources are continually being reviewed and pursued when appropriate.

In addition to the City's roads, water processing and distribution facilities, sidewalks, parks, medians, trails, open space, sanitary sewers, storm water sewers, street lights, traffic signals, fiber optic cabling, marina, the Prewett Water Park and other public buildings provide the framework and infrastructure that contribute to Antioch's quality of life. The bettermaintained and adequately sized they are, the greater the opportunity for commerce, health, recreation and mobility within the community. Budgets include contributions toward the maintenance of these facilities and staff continues to look for new opportunities for funding of maintenance and replacement of infrastructure.

The most fundamental expectation of any community is public safety for its people and their property. An adequately-staffed, well-trained and well-equipped police department is one of the keys to meeting that expectation. Historically, the Police Department has accounted for the most significant expenditure of General Fund revenues. The City is focused on hiring Police Officers to achieve the funded staffing level of 104 sworn officers. As of June 30th, the City had 94 sworn positions filled.

In addition to 2013's Measure C, the ½ cent sales tax increase for seven years, the voters of the City of Antioch passed Measure O in 2014, an update of the Business License Tax. Measure C is projected to bring in about \$7 million a year for its seven-year life and has been allocated by the City Council to funding Police and Code Enforcement services and Measure O is projected to bring in about \$2 million a year to the General Fund. The City Council and staff have begun to strategize ways to further increase revenues and reduce or maintain expenditures in the General Fund in the next couple of years as Measure C is set to sunset in 2021. The impending sunset of Measure C creates the need to establish long-term, sustainable sources of revenue that are locally-controlled, cannot be seized by the State, and can be invested directly in crime and blight reduction, as well as other quality of life initiatives for Antioch residents and businesses. The City will continue to aggressively focus on these strategies in the upcoming fiscal year. It is to be noted that in the summer of 2018 the City Council decided to renew the sales tax at the one-cent rate taking this measure to the voters for the November 6, 2018 election. Known as Measure W, as of the writing of this letter, this measure currently has a yes vote estimated at 65%. This indicates voter confidence in the leadership of our City to effectively budget and monitor financial resources. Measure W will provide an additional estimated \$7 million per year to maintain 911 police response and restoring police officers patrolling City streets, clean up illegal dumping, restore after school and summer programs for youth to prevent youth violence and gang activity, and prepare public safety personnel for rapid coordinated responses to natural disasters

### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Antioch for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017; this was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that our government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department, particularly Dawn Merchant and Jo Castro. I would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the financial management of the City of Antioch.

Respectfully submitted,

Ron Bernal

City Manager

Dawn Merchant Finance Director

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### CITY OF ANTIOCH COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

JUNE 30, 2018

### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Sean Wright, Mayor Lamar Thorpe, Mayor Pro-Tem Lori Ogorchock, Council Member Monica E. Wilson, Council Member Tony G. Tiscareno, Council Member Donna Conley, City Treasurer Arne Simonsen, City Clerk

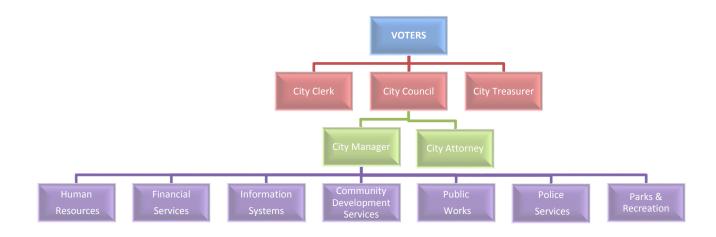
### ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

City Manager
City Attorney (Interim)
Chief of Police
Community Development Director
Finance Director
Administrative Services Director
Parks & Recreation Director
Information Services Director

Ron Bernal Derek Cole Tammany Brooks Forrest Ebbs Dawn Merchant Nickie Mastay Nancy Kaiser Alan Barton

City of Antioch Third & "H" Streets, P.O. Box 5007 Antioch, California 94531-5007 www.antiochca.gov

### City of Antioch-Organization of City Government





Location Map



Area Map



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Antioch California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Antioch Antioch, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Antioch, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Antioch Antioch, California Page 2

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension required supplementary information, other post-employment benefit plans, required supplementary information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 5–15 and 99-116 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, major capital project fund budget comparison information, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budget comparison information for non-major governmental funds, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The major capital project fund budget comparison information, combining non-major fund financial statements, individual non-major fund financial statements, and budget comparison information for non-major funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budget comparison information for non-major governmental funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Antioch Antioch, California Page 3

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2018 on our consideration of City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi & Associates

Certified Public Accountants Oakland, California

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As management of the City of Antioch, we offer readers of the City of Antioch's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Antioch for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages **i-ix** of this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City of Antioch exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$465,560,025 (net position). Of this amount, (\$34,712,984) (unrestricted) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The amount is negative due to recognition of pension and OPEB liabilities for governmental activities.
- The government's total net position increase by \$2,908,520. This was due mainly to the increase in charges for services in business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Antioch's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$81,173,922, an increase of \$5,518,210 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$11,428,272 or 23% of total General Fund expenditures, and 21% of total General Fund revenues.
- The City of Antioch's current and other liabilities increased a total of \$4,107,769 mainly due to an increase in accounts payable at yearend.
- The City of Antioch's total long-term obligations for governmental activities increased by \$41,680,286, total long-term obligations for business-type activities increased by \$5,315,956 mainly due to an increase in pension and OPEB obligation.
- Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$5,945,395 for governmental activities and \$861,640 for business-type activities due to pension and OPEB obligations.
- Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$5,043,969 for governmental activities and \$828,728 for business type activities due to pension and OPEB obligations.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Antioch's basic financial statements. The City of Antioch's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Antioch's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Antioch's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Antioch is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this

statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Antioch that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Antioch include general government, public works, public safety, parks and recreation and community development. The business-type activities of the City of Antioch include water and sewer utilities; a marina and a water park facility.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Antioch itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate public financing authority. Financial information for this component unit is blended with the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages **21-23** of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Antioch, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Antioch can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Antioch maintains sixty-nine individual funds, some combined for reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Housing Successor Fund Special Revenue fund, and the Capital Improvement Capital Projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report.

The City of Antioch adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Antioch maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Antioch uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer, Marina and Prewett Water Park funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Antioch's various functions. The City of Antioch uses internal service funds to account for its vehicle repair and replacement, office equipment replacement, and loss control functions. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Sewer, Marina and Prewett Water Park funds. The Water, Sewer, Marina and Prewett Water Park funds are considered to be major funds of the City of Antioch. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-39 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Antioch's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 45-46 of this report.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages **47-95** of this report.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Antioch, assets exceeded liabilities by \$465,560,025 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Antioch's net position (98%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., infrastructure (including water and sewer pipes), land, structures and improvements and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Antioch uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Antioch's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	Business-type Activities				TOTAL			
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Current and other assets	\$	103,665,556 \$	5	93,547,445	\$	68,086,978	\$	58,242,020	\$	171,752,534	\$	151,789,465		
Capital assets		311,873,573		318,260,834		150,838,723		151,984,328		462,712,296		470,245,162		
Total assets		415,539,129		411,808,279		218,925,701		210,226,348		634,464,830		622,034,627		
Deferred outflows of resources		25,699,321		19,753,926		4,508,970		3,647,330		30,208,291		23,401,256		
Current liabilities		11,175,230		7,685,264		3,093,415		2,395,612		14,268,645		10,080,876		
Noncurrent liabilities		146,040,514		104,360,228		30,613,130		25,297,174		176,653,644		129,657,402		
Total liabilities		157,215,744		112,045,492		33,706,545		27,692,786		190,922,289		139,738,278		
Deferred inflows of resources		7,215,874		2,171,905		974,933		146,205		8,190,807		2,318,110		
Net position:														
Net investment in														
capital assets		307,094,546		312,205,752		148,449,693		149,447,604		455,544,239		461,653,356		
Restricted		44,728,770		39,323,433		-		-		44,728,770		39,323,433		
Unrestricted		(75,016,484)		(34,184,377)		40,303,500		36,587,083		(34,712,984)		2,402,706		
Total net position	\$	276,806,832 \$	5	317,344,808	\$	188,753,193	\$	186,034,687	\$	465,560,025	\$	503,379,495		

An additional portion of the City of Antioch's net position (9.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, (\$34,712,984), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The amount related to governmental activities is negative in the amount of (\$75,016,484) due to GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 75 requiring the recognition of the City's net pension and OPEB liabilities. GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018.

The government's total net position increased by \$2,908,520. Of this, \$3,566,018 represents a decrease in governmental activities due mainly to recognition of net OPEB liability activity and related deferred outflows and inflows with the implementation of GASB 75. A major factor to the increase of \$6,464,538 in net position of business type activities was due to an increase in Water Enterprise Fund current charges for services coupled with the recognition of net OPEB liability activity and deferred outflows and inflows with the implementation of GASB 75. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Antioch is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, for the government as a whole, and all three categories for its business-type activities.

Under GASB 68, the City recognizes deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, pension expense and net pension liability for the Miscellaneous and Safety pension plans administered through the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) and a Police Supplementary Retirement plan administered through the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS). Pension liabilities have created a negative balance of unrestricted net position for governmental activities with the recognition of \$92,324,823 in net pension liability for governmental activities. Proprietary funds have recognized \$20,336,095 in net pension liability.

Under GASB 75, the City recognizes deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, OPEB expense and net OPEB liability for the Management, Miscellaneous and Police OPEB plans of the City administered through the California Employees Retirement Benefit Trust (CERBT). The trust is a Section 115 Trust set up for the purpose of receiving employer contributions that will prefund other post-employment benefit costs for retirees and their beneficiaries. The City only provides health reimbursement. The implementation of this statement in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 resulted in a prior period adjustment restating June 30, 2017 net position in the amount of (\$52,295,249) and has increased the negative balance of unrestricted net position for governmental activities with the recognition of \$45,460,737 in net OPEB liability for governmental activities. Proprietary funds have recognized \$3,452,741 in net OPEB liability.

Current and other assets increased by \$19,963,069 primarily due to increases in cash and investment balances and accounts receivable. This is mainly due to increased current service charges in the Water Enterprise fund, increased property, sales, and business license taxes in the General Fund and a \$1,258,089 receivable in annual Measure J street funds in the Measure J Special Revenue fund which was received before year end in the prior fiscal year.

Current and other liabilities increased by \$4,187,769 due mainly to an increase in accounts payable liabilities

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$6,807,035 and deferred inflows decreased \$5,872,697 due to pension and OPEB obligation activity.

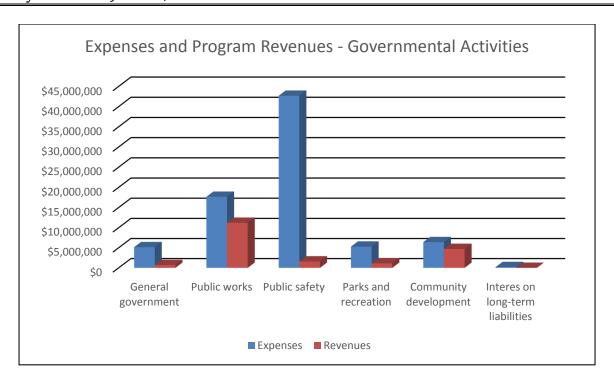
Long-term obligations increased by \$46,996,242 due mainly to implementation of GASB 75 this fiscal year, resulting in the recognition of a net OPEB liability.

**Governmental and Business-Type Activities.** Governmental activities decreased the City of Antioch's net position by \$3,556,018. There was an increase of \$6,464,538 in net position reported in connection with the City of Antioch's business-type activities.

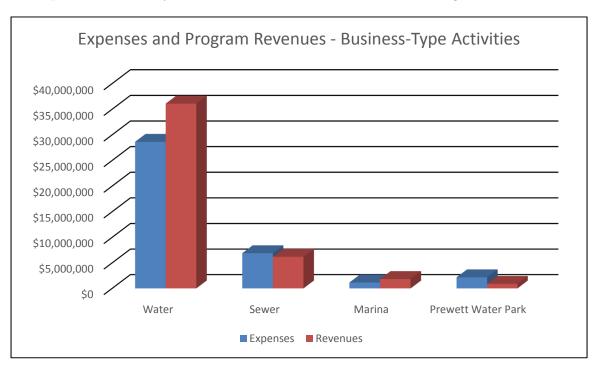
### CHANGE IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	e A	ctivities	TOTAL			
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenue:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	9,668,398	\$	8,748,735	\$	43,206,203	\$	36,932,294	\$	52,874,601	\$	45,681,029
Operating grants and contributions		8,194,200		4,801,398		-		-		8,194,200		4,801,398
Capital grants and contributions		1,473,388		2,233,315		1,804,041		683,190		3,277,429		2,916,505
General revenues:												
Property tax		19,452,095		18,630,843		-		-		19,452,095		18,630,843
Sales tax		20,154,992		19,999,886		-		-		20,154,992		19,999,886
Franchise		5,225,789		4,767,213		-		-		5,225,789		4,767,213
Other		9,776,428		10,728,831		275,775		528,554		10,052,203		11,257,385
Total revenues		73,945,290		69,910,221		45,286,019		38,144,038		119,231,309		108,054,259
Expenses:												
General government		5,161,832		3,413,887		-		-		5,161,832		3,413,887
Public works		17,669,949		18,854,257		-		-		17,669,949		18,854,257
Public safety		42,697,235		40,083,795		-		-		42,697,235		40,083,795
Parks and recreation		5,298,025		5,295,336		-		-		5,298,025		5,295,336
Community development		6,421,692		4,273,187		-		-		6,421,692		4,273,187
Interest on long-term debt		198,029		197,882		-		-		198,029		197,882
Water		-		-		28,641,828		24,457,466		28,641,828		24,457,466
Sewer		-		-		6,897,818		5,862,714		6,897,818		5,862,714
Marina		-		-		1,158,960		1,026,304		1,158,960		1,026,304
Prewett Water Park		-		-		2,177,421		2,167,281		2,177,421		2,167,281
Total expenses		77,446,762		72,118,344		38,876,027		33,513,765		116,322,789		105,632,109
Increase in net position-before transfers and		(3,501,472)		(2,208,123)		6,409,992		4,630,273		2,908,520		2,422,150
extraordinary items				1 000 000								1 000 000
Special items Transfers		(E4 E4C)		1,000,000		54,546		1,288,267		-		1,000,000
Increase (decrease) in net position		(54,546)		(1,288,267) (2,496,390)		6,464,538		5,918,540		2,908,520		3,422,150
, ,		,		,								
Net position, as restated - July 1		280,362,850		319,841,198		182,288,655		180,116,147		462,651,505		499,957,345
Net position - June 30	\$	276,806,832	\$	317,344,808	\$	188,753,193	\$	186,034,687	\$	465,560,025	\$	503,379,495

*Governmental activities.* The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$77,446,762. Net expenses, as shown in the Statement of Activities, were \$58,110,776. Program and general revenues and transfers were \$54,554,758, resulting in a reduction of net position of \$3,556,018.



*Business-type activities*. The cost of all business-type activities this year was \$38,876,027. Charges for services and grants resulted in net revenues of \$6,134,217 as shown on the Statement of Activities. This net revenue coupled with general revenues and transfers of \$339,321 resulted in an increase of net position of \$6,464,5358. The increase in net position was mainly attributable to an increase in water service charges.



### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Antioch uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Antioch's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Antioch's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Antioch's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$81,173,922, an increase of \$5,518,210 in comparison with the prior year. About 14% of this total amount, \$11,311,996, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is segregated into the following components: 1) *nonspendable* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because of its form (\$221,549) 2) *restricted* to indicate restrictions on use imposed by external parties, including enabling legislation (\$41,821,530) 3) *committed* to indicate restrictions on use as approved by the City Council (\$24,567,589), or 4) *assigned* for a variety of other purposes (\$3,251,258).

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as increases or decreases from the prior year.

### Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds

	FY 2017/	2018	FY 2016,	/2017	Increase (Decrease)			
		Percent of		Percent of		Percent		
Revenue by Source	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	Amount	Change		
Taxes	\$ 53,480,924	73.0%	\$ 49,569,328	67.6%	\$ 3,911,596	7.9 %		
Licenses and permits	1,355,738	1.8%	1,243,093	1.7%	112,645	9.1 %		
Fines and penalties	290,199	0.4%	271,578	0.4%	18,621	6.9 %		
Investment income and rentals	1,120,682	1.5%	1,404,243	1.9%	(283,561)	(20.2)%		
Revenue from other agencies	5,603,381	7.6%	3,344,537	4.6%	2,258,844	67.5 %		
Current service charges	6,356,579	8.7%	5,747,888	7.8%	608,691	10.6 %		
Special assessment revenue	3,099,676	4.2%	2,978,372	4.1%	121,304	4.1 %		
Other	1,994,132	2.7%	3,300,993	4.5%	(1,306,861)	(39.6)%		
Total	\$ 73,301,311	100.0%	\$ 67,860,032	92.6%	\$ 5,441,279	8.0%		

The following provides an explanation of revenues by source that changed significantly over the prior year.

- Taxes increased due to a higher property assessed valuation and an increase in business license tax collections under the City's residential landlord tax passed under Measure O.
- Investment income and rentals decreased due to the fair market value of cash and investments at June 30th, resulting in a loss in value.
- Revenue from other agencies increased significantly due to recognizing an allocation of Measure J funding for fiscal year 2017 that was in deferred inflows in 2017. The City received approximately \$1.2M last fiscal year that is in fiscal year 2018 revenue.
- Current service charges increased due to the City starting to issue citations for non-compliance with the Business License ordinance and increased planning and inspection fees.
- Other revenues decreased due to a large reimbursement the City received in fiscal year 2017 for usable river water days.

The following table presents the amount of expenditures by function as well as increases or decreases from the prior year.

# **Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds**

		FY 2017/	2018	18 FY 2				Increase (Decrease)				
		Percent of			Percei	nt of			Percent			
Expenditures by Function		Amount	Total		Amount	Tot	al		Amount	Change		
Current												
General government	\$	4,314,835	6.4%	\$	2,079,224		3.4%	\$	2,235,611	107.5%		
Public works		8,739,980	13.0%		10,186,226		16.9%		(1,446,246)	(14.20%)		
Public safety		38,726,700	57.4%		36,947,175	(	51.3%		1,779,525	4.8%		
Parks and recreation		3,904,995	5.8%		4,000,553		6.6%		(95,558)	(2.39%)		
Community development		6,233,835	9.2%		4,313,748		7.2%		1,920,087	44.5%		
Capital outlay		4,609,383	6.8%		1,893,731		3.1%		2,715,652	143.4%		
Debt service		880,681	1.3%		875,229		1.5%		5,452	0.6%		
Total	\$	67,410,409	100.0%	\$	60,295,886	10	00.0%	\$	7,114,523	11.8%		

The following provides an explanation of the expenditures by function that changed significantly over the prior year.

- General government expenditures increased due to several factors: increased contribution to the Police Supplementary Retirement Plan, as well as a contribution to the library and forgiveness of a loan to the Lone Tree Golf Course.
- Public works expenditures decreased mainly due to a decrease in Gas Tax expenditures.
- Community development expenditures increased mainly due increased CDBG, building inspection and Code Enforcement expenditures.
- Capital outlay expenditures increased mainly due increased expenditures for the West Antioch Creek project.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Antioch. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$11,428,272, while total fund balance was \$34,587,115. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 23% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 69%.

The fund balance of the City of Antioch's General Fund increased by \$3,571,898 during the current fiscal year mainly due to the net effect of an increase in property tax and business license tax coupled with expenditure budget savings from projects not completed or started as anticipated. \$2,188,771 represents assigned fund balance for these projects to be re-appropriated and spent in the next fiscal year.

The fund balance of the Housing Successor Fund increased by \$151,833 during the current fiscal year due to loan repayments received.

The fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund decreased \$1,870,050 during the current fiscal year due to significant expenditures on the West Antioch Creek project.

*Proprietary funds*. The City of Antioch's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$32,713,774 and those of the Sewer Fund amounted to \$8,958,962. Unrestricted net position of the Marina Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$903,153 and unrestricted net position of the Prewett Water Park Fund amounted to (\$899,982).

- Water Fund total net position increased \$7,220,875 during the current fiscal year, which is mainly due to an increase in charges for services.
- Sewer Fund total net position decreased \$1,010,612 during the current fiscal year, which is mainly due to an increase in personnel costs.
- Marina Fund total net position increased \$680,375 during the current fiscal year, which is mainly due to the sale of a vacant restaurant location.

Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Antioch's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the final amended budget and the actual results resulted in \$2,379,199 higher revenues than projected and \$3,106,405 variance from appropriations and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1,695,630 more in property, sales and business license taxes than projected, with \$773,631 of the business license increase attributable to collections of delinquent tax due under Measure O.
- \$507,430 more in planning and inspection fees than anticipated.
- \$116,487 more in assessment fees than anticipated due mainly to citations issued for non-compliance with the City's business license ordinance.
- \$798,456 in savings for Police expenditures of Measure C funds. This amount has been committed in the General Fund fund balance for spending in the next fiscal year.
- \$2,188,771 savings in contracts and grant expenditures budgeted which will now not occur until next fiscal year. This amount is included as an assignment of General Fund fund balance.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City of Antioch's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, amounts to \$462,712,296 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets include land, infrastructure (including water and sewer pipes), structures and improvements, and equipment. The total net decrease in the City of Antioch's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$7,532,866.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- A variety of street and other construction projects such as the West Antioch Creek Channel improvements, Northeast Annexation improvements, and sidewalk, pedestrian and handicap ramp improvements made construction in progress for governmental activities as of the end of the current fiscal year reach \$5,783,597.
- Various system additions and improvements were completed in the Water, Sewer, Marina and Prewett Water Park funds at a cost of \$2,118,398. Work continued on water and sewer system improvement projects causing construction in progress for business type activities to be \$4,740,057 as of the end of the current fiscal year.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year.

	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Tota		
										Increase/
	2018		2017		2018		2017	2018	2017	Decrease
Land	\$ 13,421,504	\$	13,421,504	\$	3,558,467	\$	3,558,467	\$ 16,979,971	\$ 16,979,971	\$ -
Construction in										
Progress	5,783,597		1,493,088		4,740,057		3,185,087	10,523,654	4,678,175	5,845,479
Infrastructure	234,180,917		242,733,643		100,000,391		101,793,113	334,181,308	344,526,756	(10,345,448)
Structures and										
Improvements	53,525,748		55,123,309		40,022,954		40,747,376	93,548,702	95,870,685	(2,321,983)
Equipment	4,961,807		5,489,290		2,516,853		2,700,284	7,478,660	8,189,574	(710,914)
Total	\$ 311,873,573	\$	318,260,834	\$	150,838,723	\$	151,984,327	\$ 462,712,295	\$ 470,245,161	\$ (7,532,866)

*Construction Commitments.* Among the significant construction commitments were \$1,536,730 towards West Antioch Creek Channel improvements, and \$1,396,725 towards Water Treatment Plant improvements.

Additional information on the City of Antioch's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on page 63.

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt and long term obligations outstanding of \$176,653,644. Of this amount. \$3,790,466 represents bonds and associated premium secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds), \$3,071,045 represents loans payable, \$3,276,245 represents a long term payable and \$1,083,780 represents leases payable. The remainder of the City's long-term obligations is comprised of: net pension liability totaling \$112,660,918; net OPEB liability totaling \$48,913,478; claims liability totaling \$705,939 and compensated absences of \$3,151,773.

The City of Antioch's total long-term obligations for governmental activities increased a net of \$3,358,269 due to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities coupled with scheduled debts service payments and total long-term obligations for business-type activities increased by \$1,232,536 due to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities coupled with scheduled debt service payments during the current fiscal year.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Antioch is \$1,641,560,886. The City of Antioch has no outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in **Note 9 on pages 64-67** of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

- The unemployment rate for the City of Antioch was 4.5% at June 30th. This is equal to the state's average unemployment rate of 4.5% and higher than the national average rate of 4.0%
- Assessed values in the City have increased approximately 6% for the 2018-19 tax year.
- Sales taxes are projected to increase 4% over the prior year.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Antioch's budget for the 2018-2019 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, General Fund fund balance increased by \$3,571,898. The City of Antioch has appropriated \$2,188,771 of General Fund assigned fund balance for spending in the 2018-2019 fiscal year budget. Additionally, \$798,456 represents unspent Measure C funds that are committed to the Police Department.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Antioch's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, financial statements for the Antioch Public Financing Authority, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, City of Antioch, P. O. Box 5007, Antioch, CA 94531-5007.

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**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## City of Antioch Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Primar			ary Government	
	Governmental		Вι	ısiness-Type	
		Activities		Activities	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	67,147,675	\$	63,449,999	\$ 130,597,674
Receivables (net):					
Accounts		5,653,420		5,450,033	11,103,453
Taxes		4,555,556		-	4,555,556
Interest		350,169		-	350,169
Materials, parts and supplies		179,383		445,459	624,842
Internal balances		1,375,407		(1,375,407)	-
Prepaid items		322,775		116,894	439,669
Restricted cash and investments, held by fiscal agents		201		-	201
Loans receivable, net		21,872,026		-	21,872,026
Due from Successor Agency Trust		2,208,944		-	2,208,944
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable		19,205,101		8,298,524	27,503,625
Depreciable, net		292,668,472		142,540,199	435,208,671
Total assets		415,539,129	\$	218,925,701	634,464,830
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding		95,219		_	95,219
Pension related amounts		15,220,495		2,526,020	17,746,515
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to the measurement date		8,245,656		1,642,050	9,887,706
Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date		2,137,951		340,900	 2,478,851
Total deferred outflows of resources		25,699,321		4,508,970	30,208,291
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		4,969,895		2,505,650	7,475,545
Accrued payroll		563,450		154,394	717,844
Interest payable		25,708		98,547	124,255
Deposits		5,579,500		324,730	5,904,230
Unearned revenue		36,677		10,094	46,771
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year		1,222,161		397,875	1,620,036
Due beyond one year		144,818,353		30,215,255	175,033,608
Total liabilities		157,215,744		33,706,545	190,922,289
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related amounts		1,793,684		460,695	2,254,379
OPEB related amounts		5,422,190		514,238	5,936,428
Total deferred inflows of resources		7,215,874		974,933	8,190,807
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		307,094,546		148,449,693	455,544,239
Restricted for:		007,03 1,010		110/117/070	 100,011,203
Debt service		504		_	504
Housing		26,532,631		_	26,532,631
Public safety		563,894		_	563,894
Public and capital facilities		3,166,582		_	3,166,582
Roads		10,740,118		_	10,740,118
Landscape maintenance and tidelands protection		1,806,118		_	1,806,118
		1,918,923		_	1,918,923
Community services		1,710,720			 1,710,720
Community services Total restricted		44,728.770		-	44,728.770
Total restricted Unrestricted		44,728,770 (75,016,484)		40,303,500	44,728,770 (34,712,984)

# City of Antioch Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues							
			Charges	(	Operating	Capital			
			for	for Grants and			Grants and		
Functions / Programs	Expenses		Services Contributions			Contributions			
Primary government:									
General government	\$ 5,161,832	\$	559,613	\$	143,968	\$	-		
Public works	17,669,949		4,319,935		5,425,400		1,473,388		
Public safety	42,697,235		782,476		812,025		-		
Parks and recreation	5,298,025		1,103,624		-		-		
Community development	6,421,692		2,902,750		1,812,807		-		
Interest on long-term liabilities	 198,029				-		-		
Total governmental activities	\$ 77,446,762	\$	9,668,398	\$	8,194,200	\$	1,473,388		
Business-type activities:									
Water	28,641,828		35,682,552		-		411,825		
Sewer	6,897,818		6,031,852		-		160,381		
Marina	1,158,960		600,336		-		1,231,835		
Prewett Water Park	2,177,421		891,463		-				
Total business-type activities	38,876,027		43,206,203		-		1,804,041		
Total primary government	\$ 116,322,789	\$	52,874,601	\$	8,194,200	\$	3,277,429		

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes

Transient lodging tax

Franchise

Business license taxes based on gross receipts

Property transfer taxes

Sales and use tax

Motor vehicle in lieu

Park in lieu

Investment income not restricted to specific programs

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year, as restated

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental	Business-Type					
Activities	Activities	Total				
\$ (4,458,251)	\$ -	\$ (4,458,251)				
(6,451,226)	-	(6,451,226)				
(41,102,734)	-	(41,102,734)				
(4,194,401)	-	(4,194,401)				
(1,706,135)	-	(1,706,135)				
(198,029)		(198,029)				
\$ (58,110,776)	\$ -	(58,110,776)				
-	7,452,549	7,452,549				
-	(705,585)	(705,585)				
-	673,211	673,211				
	(1,285,958)	(1,285,958)				
	6,134,217	6,134,217				
(58,110,776)	6,134,217	(51,976,559)				
19,452,095	-	19,452,095				
209,345	-	209,345				
5,225,789	-	5,225,789				
4,427,631	-	4,427,631				
520,724	-	520,724				
20,154,992	-	20,154,992				
60,135	-	60,135				
256,071	-	256,071				
854,030	244,252	1,098,282				
3,448,492	31,523	3,480,015				
(54,546)	54,546					
54,554,758	330,321	54,885,079				
(3,556,018)	6,464,538	2,908,520				
280,362,850	182,288,655	462,651,505				
\$ 276,806,832	188,753,193	\$ 465,560,025				

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**General Fund** - The General Fund is used to account for all of the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the City which are not accounted for in another fund. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as general government, public works, public safety, parks and recreation and community development.

**Housing Successor Fund** - This fund was established to account for the administration of housing assets transferred by the former Antioch Development Agency to the City as Housing Successor.

**Capital Improvement Fund -** This fund records all revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities associated with City capital projects. It accounts for resources used to construct or acquire capital assets and make capital improvements.

# City of Antioch Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	General Fund	Housing Successor Special Revenue Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 33,737,318	\$ 2,024,303	\$ 4,155,839	\$ 20,386,350	\$ 60,303,810
Receivables (net):	1 000 400		2 502 607	1.0/5.052	E (40.000
Accounts Taxes	1,089,409 3,869,562	-	2,593,607	1,965,952	5,648,968 4,555,556
Interest	350,169	-	-	685,994	350,169
Due from other funds	31,391	-	-	-	31,391
Prepaid items	113,740	-	-	105,219	218,959
Restricted cash and investments	113,740		_	201	201
Loans receivable		15,416,089		6,455,937	21,872,026
Due from Successor Agency Trust		2,208,944		0,400,537	2,208,944
Total assets	\$ 39,191,589	\$ 19,649,336	\$ 6,749,446	\$ 29,599,653	\$ 95,190,024
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,515,491	\$ 54,370	\$ 2,251,792	\$ 1,074,343	\$ 4,895,996
Accrued payroll	494,032	-	2,768	45,448	542,248
Deposits	2,540,746	-	2,000,000	1,038,754	5,579,500
Due to other funds	-	-	-	31,391	31,391
Total liabilities	4,550,269	54,370	4,254,560	2,226,613	11,085,812
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable sales tax - Public Safety	54,205	-	-	-	54,205
Unavailable Abandoned Vehicle receipts	-	-	-	13,306	13,306
Unavailable grant receipts	-	-	2,586,162	273,422	2,859,584
Unavailable AAPFFA receipts				3,195	3,195
Total deferred inflows of resources	54,205		2,586,162	289,923	2,930,290
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	115,890	-	-	105,659	221,549
Restricted	-	19,594,966	-	22,226,564	41,821,530
Committed	20,854,182	-	-	3,713,407	24,567,589
Assigned	2,188,771	-	-	1,062,487	3,251,258
Unassigned	11,428,272		(91,276)	(25,000)	11,311,996
Total fund balances	34,587,115	19,594,966	(91,276)	27,083,117	81,173,922
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 39,191,589	\$ 19,649,336	\$ 6,749,446	\$ 29,599,653	\$ 95,190,024

# **City of Antioch**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities June 30, 2018

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 81,173,922
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources. Therefore they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Capital assets, net of Internal Service Funds assets \$2,280,869	 309,915,550
Revenues received that are measurable but unavailable are recorded as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements	 2,930,290
Loss on refundings for long-term debt are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	95,219
Contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	 8,245,656
Contributions to the OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	2,137,951
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of vehicle repair and maintenance, stores, office equipment and replacement, and post employment medical benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 10,179,269
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:	
Long-term debt:	
Due in one year, net of internal service funds liability of \$17,935	(1,203,103)
Due in more than one year, net of internal service funds liability of \$161,421	(6,861,275)
Net OPEB liability	(45,460,737)
Net pension liability	(92,324,823)
Pension related amounts	13,426,811
OPEB related amounts	(5,422,190)
Accrued interest payable	 (25,708)
Total long-term liabilities	 (137,871,025)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 276,806,832

# City of Antioch Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund		- F		Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Total
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$ 48,31	8,061	\$ -	\$ 400	,000	\$	4,762,863	\$	53,480,924
Licenses & permits	1,35	5,738	-		-		-		1,355,738
Fines and penalties	17	1,541	-		-		118,658		290,199
Investment income and rentals	54	6,950	8,420	14	,470		550,842		1,120,682
Revenue from other agencies	62	0,721	-	107	,172		4,875,488		5,603,381
Current service charges	2,30	8,921	-	70	,140		3,977,518		6,356,579
Special assessment revenue		-	-		-		3,099,676		3,099,676
Other	1,37	4,415	321,874	19	,178		278,665		1,994,132
Total revenues	54,69	6,347	330,294	610	,960		17,663,710		73,301,311
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	2,21	6,712	-		-		2,098,123		4,314,835
Public works	6,89	1,667	-	486	,090		1,362,223		8,739,980
Public safety	37,02	6,606	-		-		1,700,094		38,726,700
Parks and recreation	1	0,000	-		-		3,894,995		3,904,995
Community development	3,84	4,664	178,461		-		2,210,710		6,233,835
Capital outlay	27	0,650	-	2,780	,751		1,557,982		4,609,383
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-	-		-		654,511		654,511
Interest and fiscal charges			-	· - <u></u>			226,170		226,170
Total expenditures	50,26	0,299	178,461	3,266	,841		13,704,808		67,410,409
REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	4,43	6,048	151,833	(2,655	,881)		3,958,902		5,890,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in	3,02	4,464	-	785	,831		3,780,498		7,590,793
Transfers (out)		8,614)	-		-		(4,074,871)		(7,963,485)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(86	4,150)	-	785	,831		(294,373)		(372,692)
Net change in fund balances	3,57	1,898	151,833	(1,870	,050)		3,664,529		5,518,210
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year	31,01	5,217	19,443,133	1,778	,774		23,418,588		75,655,712

# **City of Antioch**

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,518,210
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report acquisition of capital assets as part of capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets were allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	4,609,383
Depreciation, net of internal service funds depreciation of \$364,905	(10,645,868)
In the Statement of Activities, capital assets donated to/from the City are reported as general revenue, whereas in the governmental funds, capital assets donated do not increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the value of the asset donated.	(14,712)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale or disposal of capital assets in reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the disposal of assets decreases financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the net cost of the assets disposed.	(13,218)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities	8,245,656
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities	2,137,951
Revenues received that are measurable but unavailable are recorded as deferred inflows in governmental funds. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the revenues increase financial resources.	629,548
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Lease revenue bonds	180,000
Capital lease obligations	474,511
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues.	
Increase in long-term claims liability	(168,874)
Increase in long-term compensated absences	(13,103)
Amortization of debt discount, premium and loss on refunding	26,941
OPEB expense	(2,333,710)
Pension expense	(13,238,853)
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,200
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net	
expense of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	1,048,920
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (3,556,018)

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Water Fund -** This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water utility, a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

**Sewer Fund –** This fund accounts for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.

Marina Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's Marina, which includes renting berths and fueling boats.

Prewett Water Park - This fund accounts for the operation of the Prewett Water Park, an aquatic recreational park.

**Internal Service Funds** - These funds account for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles and equipment; the operation, maintenance, and replacement of office equipment used by City departments; charges for workers' compensation expenses; charges for loss control, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

## City of Antioch Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

		Procinasa to	A stinition - Embo	annico Econdo		Governmental
		business-ty	pe Activities - Ente	Non-major		Activities Internal
				Prewett		Service
	Water	Sewer	Marina	Water Park	Total	Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 48,185,314	\$ 13,580,455	\$ 1,543,960	\$ 140,270	\$ 63,449,999	\$ 6,843,865
Accounts receivables, net	4,685,852	718,487	6,420	39,274	5,450,033	4,452
Materials, parts and supplies	405,636	-	39,823	-	445,459	179,383
Prepaid items	103,913	10,588		2,393	116,894	103,816
Total current assets	53,380,715	14,309,530	1,590,203	181,937	69,462,385	7,131,516
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable:	4 000 004	44.550	460.050	2 054 520	2.550.465	
Land	1,002,231	14,553	469,953	2,071,730	3,558,467	-
Construction in progress Depreciable:	3,929,836	799,631	10,590	-	4,740,057	-
Water and sewer pipes	67,631,830	66,822,312	_	_	134,454,142	_
Structures and improvements	56,723,690	12,529,927	14,312,179	15,267,791	98,833,587	267,474
Vehicles and equipment	3,802,143	425,447	137,082	2,337,169	6,701,841	11,349,080
Less accumulated depreciation	(53,535,147)	(22,171,436)	(8,957,647)	(12,785,141)	(97,449,371)	(9,658,531)
Total capital assets	79,554,583	58,420,434	5,972,157	6,891,549	150,838,723	1,958,023
Total assets	132,935,298	72,729,964	7,562,360	7,073,486	220,301,108	9,089,539
DEFENDED OFFICIAL OF BEGOVERORS						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts	1,428,996	907,812	75,182	114,030	2,526,020	-
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to the						
measurement date	1,002,187	531,646	49,897	58,320	1,642,050	-
Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the						
measurement date	245,469	88,605	-	6,826	340,900	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,676,652	1,528,063	125,079	179,176	4,508,970	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,070,002	1,020,000	125,677	177,170	1,550,570	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	2,239,725	112,253	53,168	100,504	2,505,650	73,899
Accrued payroll	74,033	38,524	3,736 98,547	38,101	154,394 98,547	21,202
Interest payable Deposits	254,582	-	41,769	28,379	324,730	-
Unearned revenue	201,002	_	-	10,094	10,094	_
Compensated absences - due within one year	37,885	8,343	612	481	47,321	19,058
Long Term Payable-DDSD due within one year	252,026	-	-	-	252,026	-
Marina loans payable - due within one year			98,528		98,528	
Total current liabilities	2,858,251	159,120	296,360	177,559	3,491,290	114,159
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long Term Payable-DDSD	3,024,219	-	-	-	3,024,219	-
Long Term loan payable-SWRCB	682,015	-	-	-	682,015	-
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	340,965	78,084	6,308	4,326	429,683	171,518
Marina loans - due in more than one year	10.071.070	- F F07 499	2,290,502	0.67.005	2,290,502	-
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	13,271,072 2,509,046	5,506,488 865,988	591,440	967,095 77,707	20,336,095 3,452,741	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	-		2,888,250	1,049,128	30,215,255	171 510
	19,827,317	6,450,560				171,518
Total liabilities	22,685,568	6,609,680	3,184,610	1,226,687	33,706,545	285,677
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts	281,750	143,532	13,549	21,864	460,695	-
OPEB related amounts	376,275	125,419		12,544	514,238	
Total deferred inflows of resources	658,025	268,951	13,549	34,408	974,933	
			10,017	21,100		
NET POSITION					<b></b>	
Net investment in capital assets	79,554,583	58,420,434	3,583,127	6,891,549	148,449,693	1,958,023
Unrestricted	32,713,774	8,958,962	906,153	(899,982)	41,678,907	6,845,839
Total net position	\$ 112,268,357	\$ 67,379,396	\$ 4,489,280	\$ 5,991,567	190,128,600	\$ 8,803,862
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the sta	tement of net assets are	different because of	ertain internal serv	ice fund assets and		
liabilities are included with business-type activities.					(1,375,407)	
			Net position of busi	ness-type activities	\$ 188,753,193	
				J.1		

## City of Antioch Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Business to		initiae Tata		F 4-			vernmental
				business-ty	ре Аст	ivities - Enter		Jon-major			 Activities Internal
							1	Prewett			Service
	Wat	Water Sewer			Marina	V	Vater Park		Total	 Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Charges for services	\$ 35,6	682,552	\$	6,031,852	\$	600,336	\$	891,463	\$	43,206,203	\$ 5,414,411
Revenue from other agencies		-		-		31,835		-		31,835	-
Other revenue		12,154		7,306		7,058		5,005		31,523	1,260,370
Total operating revenues	35,6	694,706		6,039,158		639,229		896,468		43,269,561	6,674,781
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Wages and benefits	6,6	615,022		3,364,255		301,350		870,698		11,151,325	1,604,280
Utilities	1,5	781,045		-		48,351		144,871		1,974,267	-
Contractual services	12,6	682,834		1,972,908		233,284		216,248		15,105,274	2,796,733
Tools and supplies	5,1	115,465		249,378		90,180		213,506		5,668,529	549,303
Depreciation	2,3	376,344		1,420,653		375,513		646,467		4,818,977	364,905
Repairs and maintenance		253,466		41,579		2,129		83,429		380,603	372,061
Total operating expenses	28,8	824,176		7,048,773		1,050,807		2,175,219		39,098,975	 5,687,282
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	6,8	870,530		(1,009,615)		(411,578)		(1,278,751)	_	4,170,586	 987,499
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):											
Gain (loss) from disposal of capital assets		-		-		1,200,000		-		1,200,000	50,260
Investment income	-	179,851		62,329		1,787		285		244,252	14,431
Investment (expense)		(5,120)		_		(108,060)				(113,180)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		174,731		62,329		1,093,727		285		1,331,072	64,691
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL											
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	7,0	045,261		(947,286)		682,149		(1,278,466)		5,501,658	1,052,190
Capital contribution - connection fees	4	411,825		160,381		-				572,206	-
Capital contribution - City		-		-		-		-		-	14,712
Transfers in		-		-		-		526,200		526,200	318,146
Transfers (out)	(2	236,211)		(223,707)		(1,774)		(9,962)		(471,654)	 -
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,2	220,875		(1,010,612)		680,375		(762,228)		6,128,410	1,385,048
NET POSITION:											
Beginning of year, as restated	105,0	047,482		68,390,008		3,808,905		6,753,795			 7,418,814
End of year	\$ 112,2	268,357	\$	67,379,396	\$	4,489,280	\$	5,991,567			\$ 8,803,862
Some amounts reported for business-type activities			vities	are different	becaus	se the net rev	venue	(expense) of			
certain internal service funds is reported with business	s-type activities	•								336,128	
				Change in	net pos	sition of busin	ess-ty	pe activities	\$	6,464,538	

## City of Antioch Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Business-ty	pe Ac	ctivities - Ente	rprise	Funds				vernmental Activities
							N	lon-major				Internal
								Prewett				Service
		Water		Sewer		Marina	V	Vater Park		Total		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:												
Cash receipt from customers	\$	35,053,684	\$	6,026,239	\$	644,526	\$	893,113	\$	42,617,562	\$	-
Cash receipt from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		6,678,523
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(19,128,047)		(2,306,576)		(364,694)		(622,655)		(22,421,972)		(3,816,604)
Cash paid to employees for services		(5,696,384)		(2,945,920)		(254,200)		(776,138)		(9,672,642)		(1,587,874)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		10,229,253		773,743		25,632		(505,680)		10,522,948		1,274,045
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Transfers in								526,200		526,200		318,146
Transfers (out)		(236,211)		(223,707)		(1,774)		(9,962)		(471,654)		310,140
` '	_	(230,211)		(223,707)	_	(1,774)		(2,202)		(471,004)		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(236,211)		(223,707)		(1,774)		516,238		54,546		318,146
noncapital financing activities	_	(230,211)		(223,707)		(1,//4)		310,236		34,340		310,140
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED												
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(2.010.150)		(050 (05)		(10 505)				(0.650.054)		00.013
Capital asset additions		(2,810,159)		(852,621)		(10,591)		-		(3,673,371)		22,913
Capital contributions Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		411,825		160,381		1 200 000		-		572,206		-
1 1		-		-		1,200,000 (147,694)		-		1,200,000 (147,694)		-
Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bonds		(5,120)		-		(114,153)		-		(119,273)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital		(3,120)	-		-	(114,133)				(119,273)		
and related financing activities		(2,403,454)		(692,240)		927,562				(2,168,132)		22,913
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:												
Interest received		179,851		62,329		1,787		285		244,252		14,431
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	179,851	_	62,329	_	1,787		285		244,252		14,431
		7,769,439	-	(79,875)	-	953,207		10,843		8,653,614		1,629,535
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		7,709,439		(79,673)		933,207		10,643		0,000,014		1,029,333
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:												
Beginning of year		40,415,875		13,660,330		590,753		129,427		54,796,385		5,214,330
End of year	\$	48,185,314	\$	13,580,455	\$	1,543,960	\$	140,270	\$	63,449,999	\$	6,843,865
		_	,	_		_				_		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)												
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	6 970 F20	¢	(1,000,615)	ď	(411 E70)	ď	(1 270 7E1)	¢	4 170 E96	ď	987,499
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	Ф	6,870,530	\$	(1,009,615)	\$	(411,578)	\$	(1,278,751)	\$	4,170,586	\$	967,499
, , ,												
cash flows from operating activities:  Depreciation		2,376,344		1,420,653		375,513		646,467		4,818,977		364,905
Decrease (increase) in:		2,370,344		1,420,000		373,313		040,407		4,010,977		304,303
Accounts receivable		(635,593)		(12,919)		(4,081)		(17,846)		(670,439)		3,742
Materials, parts, and supplies		(135,825)		(12/>1>)		(33,208)		(17,010)		(169,033)		12,356
Prepaid items		(41,000)		23,432		51		1,773		(15,744)		(80,324
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions/OPEB		(320,632)		(180,892)		(16,922)		(5,806)		(524,252)		
Increase (decrease) in:		, ,		, ,		,		,		, ,		
Accounts payable		881,588		(66,143)		42,407		33,626		891,478		(30,539
Accrued payroll		14,985		8,620		918		2,230		26,753		5,186
Deposits		(5,429)		-		9,378		4,397		8,346		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		10,094		10,094		-
Accrued compensated absences		42,500		(14,010)		2,545		699		31,734		11,220
Net pension liability		1,068,060		544,100		51,359		82,880		1,746,399		-
Net OPEB liability		(454,884)		(162,883)		-		(12,912)		(630,679)		-
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions/OPEB	_	568,609	_	223,400	_	9,250		27,469	_	828,728		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	10,229,253	\$	773,743	\$	25,632	\$	(505,680)	\$	10,522,948	\$	1,274,045
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:												
Contributions (donations) of capital assets to/from												
the general government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,712
Total noncash capital and related financing activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,712
	_		_						_			

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Succesor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund –** This fund accounts for the assets and liabilities held by the City as Successor Agency to the Antioch Development Agency.

**Agency Funds –** This funds accounts for assets held by the City in the capacity of agent for individuals (refundable cash bonds and employee benefits), other governmental agencies (Fire Protection District and ECWMA) and special assessment debt without city commitment.

# City of Antioch Statement of Fiduciary Fund Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Priv	cesor Agency vate Purpose rust Fund	Agency Funds		
	Φ.	4 204 255	ф	2 440 574	
Cash and investments	\$	1,284,357	\$	2,448,764	
Interest receivable		154		-	
Prepaid Items		1,873		-	
Restricted cash and investments		147,980		-	
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable		96,493			
Total assets		1,530,857	\$	2,448,764	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding		142,100		-	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		_		1,650,854	
Interest payable		139,791		-	
Due to City of Antioch		2,208,944		_	
Due to others		-		797,910	
Long-term obligations:				,	
Due within one year		757,939		-	
Due beyond one year		20,248,044		-	
Total liabilities		23,354,718	\$	2,448,764	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for enforceable obligations					
of the former Antioch Development Agency	\$	(21,681,761)			

# City of Antioch Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Succesor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund				
ADDITIONS		Tuot Tunu			
Contributions:					
Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund	\$	2,058,429			
Investment earnings:					
Investment income and rentals		17,447			
Total additions		2,075,876			
DEDUCTIONS					
Administrative expenses		8,975			
Enforceable obligations		1,278,385			
Total deductions		1,287,360			
SPECIAL ITEMS					
Change in net position		788,516			
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year		(22,470,277)			
End of year	\$	(21,681,761)			



#### NOTE 1 - THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

### (a) Reporting Entity

The City of Antioch, California (the "City"), operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: police, highways and streets, sanitation, health services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administration services, and water.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the City (Primary Government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (1) either the City's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The basic financial statements include a blended component unit. The blended component unit, although a legally separate entity is, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government.

For financial reporting purposes, the City's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the City's Council. The financial statements of the individual component unit may be obtained by writing to the City of Antioch, Finance Department, P.O. Box 5007, Antioch, CA 94531-5007.

#### (b) Blended Component Unit

Antioch Public Financing Authority

The Antioch Public Financing Authority (APFA) was formed for the purpose of financing the Water Treatment Plant Expansion, the Police Facilities Projects and other infrastructure improvements. The APFA and the City have a financial and operational relationship, which requires that the APFA's financial statements be blended into the City's financial statements. The APFA's Board consists exclusively of all five members of the City Council.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities except for interfund services provided and used. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.



The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function; and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as non major funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses and non operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges for customer services including: water and sewer charges, marina and water park fees, equipment maintenance and usage fees, and support charges. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non operating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is used to account for all of the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the City which are not accounted for in another fund. For the City, the General Fund includes such activities as general government, public works, public safety, parks and recreation and community development.
- The *Housing Successor Fund* was established by the City with when it elected to become the Housing Successor to the Antioch Development Agency with the abolishment of redevelopment under AB 1X 26. This fund accounts for the administration of housing activities of the former Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund of the redevelopment agency.
- The *Capital Improvement Fund* accounts for resources used to construct or acquire capital assets and make capital improvements.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The *Water Fund* accounts for the operation of the City's water utility, a self-supporting activity, which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.
- The *Sewer Fund* accounts for the maintenance of the City's sewer lines and related facilities. It is a self-supporting activity, which provides services on a user charge basis to residences and businesses.



• The *Marina Fund* accounts for the operation of the City's Marina Complex, which includes renting berths and fueling boats to the public.

The City reports the following additional fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles and equipment; the operation, maintenance, and replacement of office equipment used by City departments; charges for workers' compensation expenses; and charges for loss control, on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in the capacity of agent for individuals (refundable cash bonds and employee benefits), and other governmental agencies (Fire Protection District and ECWMA) and special assessment debt without city commitment.
- *Private Purpose Trust Funds* account for the assets and liabilities held by the City as Successor Agency to the Antioch Development Agency.

### (b) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds have no measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales tax, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues. With respect to the gas tax fund, it is the City's policy to first apply revenues other than the gas tax itself to expenditures incurred within that program.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect.



### (c) Internal Investment Pool

The City maintains an internal investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Investments in non-participating interest earning contracts (including guaranteed investment contracts) are reported at cost, and all other investments at fair value. Fair value is determined annually and is based on current market prices. The method of allocating interest earned on pooled deposits and investments among funds is based on average cash balances.

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows for the enterprise and internal service funds, cash equivalents are defined as investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. The City considers all pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments) held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all non-pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash with fiscal agent and restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent) as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

### (d) Receivables

During the course of normal operations, the City carried various receivable balances for taxes, interest, services, loan, utilities and special assessments. Accounts receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,084,693 in the General Fund and \$293,341 in the Water Enterprise Fund.

### (e) Materials, Parts and Supplies

Material, parts and supplies are valued at average cost. Material, parts and supplies recorded in the internal service funds consist of expendable supplies for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expense at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Material, parts and supplies recorded in the Marina Enterprise Fund consists primarily of merchandise held for resale to the public.

### (f) Loans Receivable

For the purposes of the governmental funds financial statements, expenditures related to long-term loans arising from loan subsidy programs are recorded as a loan receivable upon funding. The balance of the long-term loans receivable includes loans that may be forgiven if certain terms and conditions of the loans are met. For purposes of both the governmental and government-wide financial statements, long-term loans are net of an allowance.

### (g) Bond Issuance Costs, Original Issue Discounts and Premiums and Refunding of Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.



Gains or losses occurring from advance refundings, completed subsequent to June 30, 1993, are deferred and amortized into expense for both business-type activities and proprietary funds. For governmental activities, they are deferred and amortized into expense if they occurred subsequent to June 30, 2001.

### (h) Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangements are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting systems, drainage systems, and flood control. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	20 to 50 years
Water and Sewer Pipes	75 years
Structures and Improvements	10-30 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-15 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

### (i) Property Taxes and Special Assessments Revenue

Revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the tax and assessment are levied. The County of Contra Costa levies, bills and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City; under the County's "Teeter Plan", the County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties.

Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property situated in the County. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1st, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due in two installments: November 1st and February 1st and become delinquent after December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Supplemental property taxes are levied based on changes in assessed values between the date of real property sales or construction completion and the preceding assessment date. The additional supplemental property taxes are prorated from the first day of the month following the date of such occurrence. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31st.

Special assessment districts are established in various parts of the City to provide improvements to properties located in those districts. Properties are assessed for the cost of improvements; these assessments are payable over the term of the debt issued to finance the improvements.



### (j) Accumulated Compensated Absences

The City accrues the cost for compensated absences (vacation, sick leave and comp time) when they are earned. City employees have a vested interest in accrued vacation time and all vacation hours will eventually either be used or paid by the City. Generally, employees earn and use their current vacation hours with a small portion being accrued or unused each year. As this occurs, the City incurs an obligation to pay for these unused hours. Sick leave benefits are only vested for employees with more than 10 years of service, up to a maximum of 40% of 800 hours.

### (k) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers within governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

### (1) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and Public Agency Retirement System (PARS) plan and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and PARS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension liabilities and related costs are allocated to proprietary funds based on each fund's proportionate share of the total current contribution. As Internal Service funds mainly serve governmental funds, pension liabilities and related costs for those employees are accounted for in governmental activities.

#### (m) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Antioch CERBT plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:



Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2017

Measurement Period June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017

OPEB liabilities and related costs are allocated to proprietary funds based on each fund's proportionate share of the total contribution in each sub-plan. As Internal Service funds mainly serve governmental funds, OPEB liabilities and related costs for those employees are accounted for in governmental activities.

### (n) Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### (o) New Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2018, the City adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements and some were not applicable:

- Sacrates Statement No. 75, Accounting and Reporting for Postemployement Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans This statement establishes new OPEB reporting requirements for employers. The City restated beginning net position as part of implementation of this standard.
- GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* This statement has no impact on the City. There was no effect on net position as part of implementation of this standard.
- GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus* 2017 There was no effect on net position as part of implementation of this standard.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* This statement has no impact on the City. There was no effect on net position as part of implementation of this standard.

### NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### (a) Expenditures in Excess of Budget

Expenditures in the funds below exceeded appropriations by the amounts indicated, largely because budgets were not revised for higher than anticipated expenditures. Sufficient resources were available to finance these expenditures, primarily in the form of higher revenues and transfers than expected or from available fund balance.

	Appropriated		Actual			
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	Final Budget		Expenditures		Exces	s
Gas Tax	\$	314,926	\$	609,714	\$ (294,7	788)
Animal Control		1,064,603		1,073,464	(8,8)	361)
Supplemental Law Enforcement		<i>7</i> 5		82		(7)
Street Impact		700		724		(24)



#### **NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

### (a) Cash and Investment Balances

The City has the following cash and investments at June 30, 2018:

#### Cash and investments:

Petty cash	\$	6,400			
Deposits in banks		54,944,711			
Total cash		54,951,111			
Certificate of Deposit		13,639,067			
U.S. Government securitis		21,919,254			
U.S. Government agencies		16,034,668			
Medium-term corporate notes		18,389,735			
Asset Backed Securities		3,055,746			
California Local Agency Investment Fund		6,341,214			
Total Investments		79,379,684			
Total cash and investments		134,330,795			
Restricted cash and investments:					
Money market		148,181			
Total restricted cash and investments		148,181			
Total	\$	134,478,976			

Cash and investments are presented on the Statement of Net Position as follows at June 30, 2018:

	Fiduciary Funds					
	Government-		Statemint of			
	Wide Statement		Assets and			
	of Net Position		Liabilities		Total	
Cash and investments	\$	130,597,674	\$	3,733,121	\$	134,330,795
Restricted cash and investments		201		147,980		148,181
Total	\$	130,597,875	\$	3,881,101	\$	134,478,976

The City's dependence on property tax receipts, which are received semi-annually, requires it to maintain significant cash reserves to finance operations during the remainder of the year. The City pools cash from all sources and all funds, except amounts required to be held with fiscal agents, so that it can be safely invested at maximum yield and liquidity. Investment income is allocated among funds on the basis of average month-end cash balances.

Restricted cash and investments at June 30, 2018 was \$148,141, which was held by trustees or fiscal agents. These funds may only be used for specific capital outlay or for the payment of certain bonds or tax allocation bonds, and have been invested only as permitted by State statutes or applicable City ordinance, resolution or bond indentures.



#### (b) Cash Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposits was \$54,944,711 at June 30, 2018. The bank balance at June 30, 2018, was \$56,208,487, which was fully insured and/or was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as described in the following paragraph.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The fair value of pledged government securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City has waived collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or Savings Association Insurance Fund.

#### (c) Investments

The City's investment policy, bond indentures, and Section 53601 of the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following types of investments:

Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
Certificates of Deposit
Bankers' Acceptances
Commercial Paper
Investment Grade Medium Term Corporate Notes
Repurchase Agreements
Local Agency Investment Fund Deposits
Insured Savings Accounts or Money Market Accounts
Guaranteed Investment Contracts
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations
Mutual funds as permitted by the Code

The City did not enter into reverse repurchase agreements during the year ended June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the City's investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$6,341,214. This amount reflects the City's market value share in the pool. A factor of .998126869% was used to determine the market value. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF at that day was \$88,798,232,977. Of that amount, 97.33% is invested in non derivative financial products and 2.67%, as compared to 2.89% in previous year, in structured notes and asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The value of the pool shares in LAIF, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the City's position in the pool. Information is not available on whether the mutual funds in which the City has invested used, held or wrote derivative products during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

#### (d) Investment Valuation

Investments (except for money market accounts, time deposits, and commercial paper) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure



an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investment fair value measurements at June 30, 2018 are provided by our custodian bank and described below. There are no securities classified in Level 3. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. Investments included in restricted cash and investments included money market accounts not subject to fair value measurement.

			Fair Value Measurement Using					
Investment Type	I	Fair Value		Level 1 Level 2		]	Level 3	
Securities of U.S. Governement								
Treasury and Agencies:								
Supra-National Agencies	\$	4,399,519	\$	-	\$	4,399,519	\$	-
Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB)		-		-		1,447,051		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (FHLMC)		1,771,565		-		1,771,565		-
Freddie Mac		-		-		-		-
Federal National Mortg Assoc Notes (FNMA)		7,522,553		-		7,522,553		-
US Treasuries		21,919,254		21,919,254		-		-
Fannie Mae		719,181		-		719,181		-
Municpal Bonds		1,621,850		-		1,621,850		-
Asset Back Securities		3,055,746		-		3,055,746		-
Corporate Notes		18,389,735		-		18,389,735		-
Certificates of Deposit		13,639,067		-		13,639,067		
Total investments subject to fair value	\$	73,038,470	\$	21,919,254	\$	52,566,267	\$	_
Investments not subject to fair value leveling disclo	sure:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	6,341,214						
Money Market		148,181						
<b>Total Investments</b>	\$	79,527,865						

Treasury securities categorized as Level 1 are valued based on prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Supra National Agencies, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes and Corporate Notes categorized as Level 2 are valued based on matrix pricing which use observable market inputs such as yield curves and market indices that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation to other means.

### (e) Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the City's investment policy limits investments to a maximum maturity of five years.

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following investment maturities:

		Investment Maturities (In Years)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 2	2 to 3				
U.S. Government securities	\$ 21,919,254	\$ 4,611,995	\$ 8,512,835	\$ 8,794,424				
U.S. Government agencies	16,034,668	-	10,580,977	5,453,691				
Medium-term corporate notes	18,389,735	1,941,395	8,978,323	7,470,017				
Asset-Backed securities	3,055,746	-	82,408	2,973,338				
Certificate of Deposit	13,639,067	3,935,765	6,708,247	2,995,055				
Total	\$ 73,038,470	\$ 10,489,155	\$ 34,862,790	\$ 27,686,525				



### (f) Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). It is the City's policy to limit its investments in these investment types to the top rating issued by NRSROs, including raters Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor's Service. At June 30, 2018, the City's credit risks, expressed on a percentage basis, were as follows:

### Credit Quality Distribution for Securities with Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments

	S&P's Credit	% of
Investment Type	Rating	Investments
U.S. Government securities	AA+	30.01%
U.S. Government agencies	AAA	6.02%
U.S. Government agencies	AA+	13.71%
U.S. Government agencies	AA-	1.15%
U.S. Government agencies	A	1.07%
Medium-term corporate notes	AA+	1.48%
Medium-term corporate notes	AAA	1.33%
Medium-term corporate notes	AA	1.02%
Medium-term corporate notes	AA-	1.05%
Medium-term corporate notes	A+	7.10%
Medium-term corporate notes	A	5.32%
Medium-term corporate notes	A-	4.51%
Certificate of Deposit	AA-1+	1.91%
Certificate of Deposit	AA-1	3.48%
Certificate of Deposit	AA-	5.12%
Certificate of Deposit	A+	5.09%
Certificate of Deposit	A	3.07%
Asset-Backed securities	AAA	2.84%
Asset-Backed securities	NR	1.35%
		100.00%

### (g) Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

#### **NOTE 5 - MEASURE C SALES TAX**

On June 11, 2013, the City Council approved Ordinance No. 2068-C-S providing for a half cent local transactions and use tax, which was approved by a majority of the electorate on November 5, 2013 and is referred to as Measure C, *Restoring Antioch Services Sales Tax*. The term of the tax is seven years from April 1, 2014 and requires the establishment of an oversight committee to review receipt and expenditure of funds. Although the tax was passed as a general measure, the City Council has committed use of the funds to enhance Police and Code Enforcement services and any unspent Measure C funds in any given fiscal year are carried forward into the next year for spending by the Police Department.



Dolico

In order to calculate Measure C spending and balance remaining each fiscal year for the Police Department (PD), the City Council established a baseline budget figure from 2013-14 of \$26,560,004 for the Police Department to be used each succeeding fiscal year that would be considered non Measure C funded expenditures out of the General Fund. Anything spent beyond the baseline budget figure each year up to the amount of Measure C monies available is considered Measure C expenditures. Each year the City projects the total Measure C revenue to be received and adds any remaining Measure C funds from the prior fiscal year to the baseline budget for the total amount of General Fund and Measure C revenues allotted the Police Department in that fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2018, \$6,869,294 in Measure C monies were received. Of this amount \$6,417,333 was allocated to Public Safety and \$451,961 was allocated and spent on Code Enforcement Services. The table below shows how the total available revenues for Police were determined in fiscal year 2018. That figure is then compared to the actual fiscal year 2018 Police Department expenditures to arrive at the remaining Measure C funds at June 30, 2018. This amount (\$798,456) is committed in the General Fund for use next fiscal year by the Police Department.

	Police		
	Meas	sure C Budget	
13/14 Baseline Budget	\$	26,560,004	
Measure C Fiscal Year 2018 actual receipts allocated to PD		6,417,333	
Measure C carryover from Fiscal Year 2017		2,947,925	
Total Available Revenues Actual PD Expenditures (excluding City Wide Administration)		35,925,262 (35,126,806)	
Difference under budget	\$	798,456	

The next table shows the calculation of Measure C funds spent in fiscal year 2018 by the Police Department.

Measure C Fiscal Year 2018 Receipts allocated to PD	\$ 6,417,333
Plus: Fiscal Year 2017 Measure C carryover	2,947,925
Sub-total Available Measure C Monies	9,365,258
Less: Difference under Budget (table above)	(798,456)
Calculated Total of Measure C Funding Spent For Police	
Services	\$ 8,566,802

### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

### (a) Current Balances

Current balances are expected to be repaid in the normal course of business during the following fiscal year. The City's balances represent loans to cover temporary shortages of cash in individual funds.

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:



	_	Due From Other Funds		
Due to Other Funds		General Fund		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	\$	31,391	
	_	\$	31,391	

### (b) Due from Successor Agency Trust Fund

At June 30, 2018, the Housing Fund has a receivable due from the Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund in the amount of \$2,208,944. Prior to the dissolution of redevelopment, Health and Safety Code required Project Areas to annually set aside 20% of tax increment revenues for low and moderate income housing development. Project Area #1 was formed prior to the year this requirement was established and the Agency began repaying the unfunded set-aside in fiscal year 1997. With the dissolution of redevelopment pursuant to AB 1X 26 as amended by AB1484, this asset has been transferred to the Housing Successor Fund and related liability of the former Project Area #1 to the Successor Agency Trust. The liability is included on the Successor Agency's Enforceable Obligations Schedule and repayment resumed in the 2014-15 fiscal year as approved by the State of California Department of Finance.

#### (c) Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule summarizes transfers between funds. The most significant transfers which occurred were: \$1,010,000 from the Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund and \$1,289,440 from the Street Impact Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund to pay for street maintenance and \$1,543,287 from the General Fund to the ABAG/2015 Lease Revenue Debt Service Fund to forgive a loan due from the Antioch Public Golf Course for debt service payments.

					Tra	nsfe	rs In				
_	•		Major	Func	d				n-Major Fund		
		,	General Fund	Imp	Capital provement pital Fund		Jonmajor vernmenta Funds	Wa	Prewett ater Park aterprise	nternal Service	Total
Out	General Fund	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	3,197,414	\$	491,200	\$ _	\$ 3,888,614
	Nonmajor:										
Transfers	Governmental Funds		3,024,464		456,562		558,845		35,000	-	4,074,871
uns	Water Enterprise		-		64,635		12,503		-	159,073	236,211
Tre	Sewer Enterprise		-		64,634		-		-	159,073	223,707
	Marina Enterprise		-		-		1,774		-	-	1,774
	Non-Major Prewett										
	Water Park Enterprise				-		9,962			-	9,962
	Total	\$	3,024,464	\$	785,831	\$	3,780,498	\$	526,200	\$ 318,146	\$ 8,435,139



#### **NOTE 7 - LOANS RECEIVABLE**

The composition of the City's governmental activities loans receivable including interest as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Rental and Housing Rehabilitation Loans	\$ 2,583,379
Multi-unit Rental Rehabilitation Loans:	
West Rivertown Apartments/Eden Housing Project	7,021,195
Terrace Glen Project	2,187,630
Pinecrest Apartment Project	1,322,698
Rivertown Senior Housing	242,750
Riverstone Apartment	2,616,744
Hillcrest Terrace Project	1,459,894
Tabora Gardens	3,815,326
NSP Loans	31,915
Other loans	1,075,000
Allowance	(484,505)
Total governmental activities (net)	\$ 21,872,026

#### (a) Rental and Housing Rehabilitation Loans

The City administers rental and home improvement revolving loan funds using federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds and prior to 2013, redevelopment funds. The program provides below market rate loans, secured by deeds of trust, to eligible participants for rental and housing rehabilitation. Although payments for most loans are amortized over an established payment schedule, some loans allow for deferred payment of accrued interest and principal until the homeowner's property is sold or transferred, primarily for seniors and very low-income families. Repayments received from the outstanding loans are used to make additional rental and housing rehabilitation loans. Principal and interest outstanding balances at June 30, 2018 are \$2,583,379.

#### (b) Multi-Unit Rental Rehabilitation Loans

The City administers the following multi-unit rental improvement revolving loan funds using federal CDBG funds and prior to 2012, Antioch Development Agency Housing Set Aside monies.

West Rivertown Apartments/Eden Housing Project

The City and Agency have entered into three loan agreements with Eden Housing for the development of the West Rivertown Apartments. The agreements are as follows:

This project is the construction of a 57-unit, affordable housing townhouse development in the City's downtown with financing assistance from the Agency and several other agencies. In May 2000, the Agency entered into a disposition, development and loan agreement with Eden Rivertown Limited Partnership (the Developer). Under the terms of the loan agreement, the Developer must repay up to \$3,601,686 (maximum loan amount) to the Agency, which includes the purchase of the land from the Agency. The loan bears an interest rate of 3% per annum. The Developer is required to make annual payments of principal and interest to the Agency in the amount of 100% of residual receipts, less the portion of the residual receipts that is owed to Contra Costa County. Payments are to begin the July 1st after project completion and will end on the 55th anniversary date of the Agency promissory note dated February 11, 2002. Principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$5,223,267.



In 1994, the City loaned Community Housing Opportunities (CHOC) \$203,755 for the acquisition of property. CHOC determined that their planned development of this property was no longer feasible, and in November 2005, the City, the Agency, and CHOC agreed to the transfer of ownership of the property and loan to Eden Housing for the development of 40 units of affordable housing to expand the West Rivertown Project in the City's downtown. In order to complete the project, the Agency agreed to loan Eden Housing an additional \$1,458,400. The loan for \$203,755 is non-interest bearing and all principal and interest payments are deferred and will be forgiven at the expiration of the term. The loan for \$1,458,400 bears an interest rate of 3% per annum and will end on the 55th anniversary date of the issuance of certificates of occupancy by the City. Principal and interest outstanding on this loan at June 30, 2018 is \$1,594,173.

#### Terrace Glen Project

This project consists of a 32-unit, multifamily rental housing development. In August 1998, the City and former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$850,000 in Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds, and \$547,625 in housing set-aside funds, respectively, towards this project. Commencing November 6, 1996, the loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum. The 55-year term loan is secured by a deed of trust. Commencing on October 1, 1999, and on October 1 of each year thereafter, the developer will pay the City's/Agency's pro-rata percentage of the lender's share of residual receipts to the extent there are residual receipts. Payments will be first credited against accrued interest and then against principal. Any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable in full in March 2054. Principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$2,187,630.

#### Pinecrest Apartment Project

This project consists of a 24-residential unit development. In September 2000, the City and the former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$570,000 in CDBG funds and \$300,000 in housing set-aside funds, respectively, towards this project. Commencing on the first date of disbursement, the loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum. The 55-year term loan is secured by a deed of trust.

Commencing on May 1, 2002, and on May 1 of each year thereafter, the developer will pay the City a prorate percentage of the lender's share of residual receipts to the extent there are residual receipts. Payments will be first credited against accrued interest and then against principal. Any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable in full in May 2055. Principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$1,322,698.

### Rivertown Senior Housing

This project consists of a fifty-unit, affordable senior housing project. In September 1992, the former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$442,750 in housing set-aside funds toward this project. In September 2001, the loan was amended to reduce the principal amount by \$200,000 to reflect funds not borrowed for the project. The loan is noninterest bearing and secured by a deed of trust with affordable housing requirements for 40 years. The balance of the loan is due and payable on October 1, 2033. Principal outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$242,750.

#### Riverstone Apartments

This project consists of acquisition and rehabilitation of 136 apartment rental units for low and very low income households. On July 1, 2007, the former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$2,025,000 in housing set-aside funds toward this project. Commencing on the first date of disbursement, the loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum. The 55-year loan term is secured by a deed of trust. Commencing on May 1st following the fifteenth anniversary of the first disbursement of the loan, and on May 1st of each



year thereafter for the term of the loan, the developer will make repayments equal to the lesser of (i) the amount necessary to fully amortize the repayment of principal and interest on the loan for the remaining term or (ii) residual receipts. Payments will be first credited against accrued interest and then principal. Principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$2,616,744.

#### Hillcrest Terrace Project

This project consists of a 65-unit affordable senior housing project. In October 1998, the former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$731,175 in housing set-aside funds towards this project. Commencing on the first date of disbursement, the loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum. The 55-year term loan is secured by a deed of trust. Commencing on the June 1 after project completion, and on June 1 of each year thereafter, the developer will pay the Agency one-half of the residual receipts to the extent there is residual receipts. Payments will be first credited against accrued interest and then against principal. Any outstanding principal and interest is due and payable in full in June 2055. In September 2001, the Agency made a commitment of an additional \$200,000 due and payable October 1, 2038. Principal and interest outstanding for these loans at June 30, 2018 is \$1,459,894.

#### Tabora Gardens

This project consists of acquisition and development of 85 units of senior, multifamily housing affordable to low income households. On June 6, 2011, the former redevelopment agency made a commitment for \$300,000 in housing set-aside funds toward this project. On September 1, 2016, the City and Housing Successor amended the loan agreement to provide \$819,639 in additional funding for the project. Commencing on the first date of disbursement, the loan accrues simple interest at 3% per annum. The 63-year loan term is secured by a deed of trust. The loan is fully deferred and payment in full, including interest, is due upon expiration of the term. Principal and interest outstanding at June 30, 2018 is \$3,815,326.

#### NSP Loans

The City provides loans of CDBG Neighborhood Stabilization Program funds to low and moderate income eligible persons that purchase homes through the NSP program implemented by Heart and Hands of Compassion. The loans are to assist in the purchase of the properties. The loans expire 30 years from the date of the notes, and payments of principal and interest are deferred until the end of the term. The unpaid principal balance, plus any shared appreciation, is due and payable upon expiration of the term, transfer of the property, or default. As of June 30, 2018, there are three loans outstanding totaling \$31,915.

#### (c) Other Loans

The Agency administers a first time homebuyer loan program for qualified applicants. Principal is due at the end of 30 years or upon default, refinancing, sale or transfer of the property. The Agency is also entitled to a pro-rata share of appreciation on the property when the principal is paid. As of June 30, 2018 there is \$1,075,000 of loans outstanding.



### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2018
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 13,421,504	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,421,504
Construction in progress	1,493,088	4,290,509		5,783,597
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	14,914,592	4,290,509		19,205,101
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Infrastructure	419,612,478	-	-	419,612,478
Structures and improvements	82,397,689	-	-	82,397,689
Equipment	17,927,139	346,220	298,845	17,974,514
Total capital assets, being depreciated	519,937,306	346,220	298,845	519,984,681
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(176,878,835)	(8,552,728)	-	(185,431,563)
Structures and improvements	(27,274,380)	(1,597,560)	-	(28,871,940)
Equipment	(12,437,849)	(860,485)	285,628	(13,012,706)
Total accumulated depreciation	(216,591,064)	(11,010,773)	285,628	(227,316,209)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	303,346,242	(10,664,553)	13,217	292,668,472
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 318,260,834	\$ (6,374,044)	\$ 13,217	\$ 311,873,573
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,558,467	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,558,467
Construction in progress	3,185,087	3,673,371	2,118,401	4,740,057
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,743,554	3,673,371	2,118,401	8,298,524
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Water and sewer pipes	134,454,141	-	-	134,454,141
Structures and improvements	96,970,583	2,118,402	255,397	98,833,588
Equipment	6,701,841			6,701,841
Total capital assets, being depreciated	238,126,565	2,118,402	255,397	239,989,570
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer pipes	(32,661,027)	(1,792,722)	-	(34,453,749)
Structures and improvements	(56,223,207)	(2,842,825)	255,397	(58,810,635)
Equipment	(4,001,557)	(183,430)	-	(4,184,987)
Total accumulated depreciation	(92,885,791)	(4,818,977)	255,397	(97,449,371)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	145,240,774	(2,700,575)		142,540,199
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 151,984,328	\$ 972,796	\$ 2,118,401	\$ 150,838,723

### **Construction in Progress**

Construction in progress for governmental activities primarily represents work being performed on West Antioch Creek Channel improvements and sidewalk and pedestrian improvements.

Construction in progress for business type activities primarily represents work performed on water treatment plant improvements, and sewer main replacement project.



### Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 200,252
Public works	8,400,822
Public safety	710,320
Parks and recreation	1,310,359
Community development	24,115
Depreciation of capital assets held by the City's Internal	
Service Fund is charged to the various functions based	
On their usage of the assets	364,905
Total depreciation expense - governmental functions	\$ 11,010,773

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities functions as follows:

Water	\$ 2,376,344
Sewer	1,420,653
Marina	375,513
Prewett Water Park	646,467
Total depreciation expense - business-type functions	\$ 4,818,977

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

### (a) Long-Term Debt Composition

Long-term debt at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Annual Principal	Interest	Original Issue	Outstanding at
aturity	Installment	Rates	Amount	June 30, 2018
5/1/31	\$334,750-347,167	2.00-5.00%	\$ 3,840,000	\$ 3,345,000
			3,840,000	3,345,000
//21/20	\$25,091-45,735	4.79%	4,050,000	1,083,780
			7,890,000	4,428,780
8/1/43	\$7,655-122,321	4.7-7.9%	6,500,000	2,389,030
7/1/23	\$85,188-115,629	1.60%	682,015	682,015
			7,182,015	3,071,045
2/31/30	\$248,176-251,638	0.077%	5,040,423	3,276,245
			12,222,438	6,347,290
			\$ 20,112,438	\$ 10,776,070
	5/1/31 /21/20 8/1/43 7/1/23	Installment  5/1/31 \$334,750-347,167  /21/20 \$25,091-45,735  8/1/43 \$7,655-122,321 7/1/23 \$85,188-115,629	Atturity Installment Rates  5/1/31 \$334,750-347,167 2.00-5.00%  /21/20 \$25,091-45,735 4.79%  8/1/43 \$7,655-122,321 4.7-7.9%  7/1/23 \$85,188-115,629 1.60%	aturity         Installment         Rates         Amount           5/1/31         \$334,750-347,167         2.00-5.00%         \$ 3,840,000           3,840,000         3,840,000         3,840,000           4,050,000         7,890,000           8/1/43         \$7,655-122,321         4.7-7.9%         6,500,000           7/1/23         \$85,188-115,629         1.60%         682,015           7,182,015           /31/30         \$248,176-251,638         0.077%         5,040,423           12,222,438



### (b) Long-Term Obligation Activity

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

		D 1				D 1	Amount
	_	Balance	_	_	_	Balance	ue Within
		uly 1, 2017	 Increases	 Decreases	<u>J</u> ı	ine 30, 2018	 One Year
Governmental Activities							
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	3,525,000	\$ -	\$ (180,000)	\$	3,345,000	\$ 190,000
Unamortized Premium		479,732	-	(34,266)		445,466	-
Capital Lease Payable		1,558,291	-	(474,511)		1,083,780	503,689
Net Pension Liability		83,138,636	17,374,901	(8,188,714)		92,324,823	-
Net OPEB Liability		50,793,075	-	(5,332,338)		45,460,737	-
Claims Liability (Note 15)		537,065	377,321	(208,447)		705,939	260,995
Compensated Absences		2,650,446	320,349	(296,026)		2,674,769	267,477
Total Governmental Activities	\$	142,682,245	\$ 18,072,571	\$ (14,714,302)	\$	146,040,514	\$ 1,222,161
<b>Business-type Activities</b>							
Loans Payable	\$	2,733,938	\$ 484,801	\$ (147,694)	\$	3,071,045	\$ 98,528
Long Term Payable -							
Delta Diablo Recycled Water Program		3,528,271	-	(252,026)		3,276,245	252,026
Net Pension Liability		18,589,696	3,242,181	(1,495,782)		20,336,095	-
Net OPEB Liability		4,083,420	-	(630,679)		3,452,741	-
Compensated Absences		445,269	134,586	 (102,851)		477,004	47,321
Total Business-type Activities	\$	29,380,594	\$ 3,861,568	\$ (2,629,032)	\$	30,613,130	\$ 397,875

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the General Fund, and a majority of compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

### (c) Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities

Individual governmental and business-type funds which provide for employee personnel costs will be responsible for liquidating their respective shares of the Net Pension and Net OPEB liability. Details regarding the City's Net Pension Liability can be found in Notes 11-14 and Note 15 for the City's Net OPEB Liability.

#### (d) Debt Service Requirements - Governmental Activities

As of June 30, 2018, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

	Lease Revenue Bonds				
Year ending June 30:	Principal Into			Interest	
2019	\$	190,000	\$	154,250	
2020		200,000		144,750	
2021		210,000		134,750	
2022		220,000		124,250	
2023		235,000		113,250	
2024-2028		1,335,000		380,750	
2029-2031		955,000		64,000	
Total	\$	3,345,000	\$	1,116,000	



On February 11, 2015, the Antioch Public Financing Authority (Authority) issued \$23,155,000 in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Municipal Facilities Project), Series 2015A with interest rates ranging between 2% and 5%. The Authority issued the bonds to refund the entire \$4,740,000 of the outstanding ABAG 2001 Lease Revenue Bonds and \$21,505,000 of the outstanding 2002 A&B Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. \$19,315,000 of the par amount of bonds issued are secured by the Successor Agency to the Antioch Development Agency and are therefore excluded from the government-wide statement of net position. Refer to Note 20 for disclosure regarding that portion. \$3,840,000 of the par amount of bonds issued are an obligation of the City. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 17 years by \$1,117,618. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$994,284.

Principal and interest payments on the lease revenue bonds are payable from any revenue lawfully available to the City for the purpose of payment of Base Rental Payments. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,461,000. Principal and interest payments began in November 2015.

#### (e) Capital Lease

In October 2009, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement in the amount of \$4,050,000 with Bank of America to finance the acquisition and retrofitting of interior building lighting in City facilities, street lights and park and site lighting fixtures throughout the City. The lease has an imputed interest rate of 4.79% and requires monthly payments beginning in August 2010 until July 2020, when the lease will terminate and the City will obtain title to the property. The project was completed in December 2010. As of June 30, 2018, the net book value of the assets completed has been recorded as Improvements other than Buildings in the amount of \$3,429,584.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Go	vernmental
Year ending June 30:		Activities
2019	\$	544,651
2020		550,525
2021		45,918
Total minimum lease payments		1,141,094
Less: amount representing interest		(57,314)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,083,780

#### (f) Debt Service Requirements - Business- type Activities

As of June 30, 2018 annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:



Year ending	Marina Loans			Long Term	Paya	ıble	
June 30:	F	rincipal		Interest	Principal		nterest
2019	\$	98,528	\$	107,506	\$ 249,517	\$	2,509
2020		102,925		103,073	249,709		2,317
2021		82,948		98,441	249,901		2,125
2022		86,681		94,708	250,094		1,932
2023		90,581		90,808	250,286		1,740
2024-2028		517,844		389,101	1,254,325		5,805
2029-2033		645,327		261,618	754,820		1,164
2034-2038		693,071		105,195	-		-
2039-2040		71,125		3,857	-		-
Total	\$	2,389,030	\$	1,254,307	\$ 3,258,653	\$	17,592

### (g) Loans Payable

Marina Loan

In 1984, the Department of Boating and Waterways provided a series of construction loans to the City and former Antioch Development Agency for the planning and construction of the Antioch Marina through the Harbors and Watercraft Revolving Fund. Principal and interest are due annually.

#### SWRCB Planning Loan

In February 2017, the City signed a loan agreement with the State Water Resources Control Board for a planning loan up to \$1,000,000 for a Brackish Water Desalination Plant project. All project disbursements must be requested by the City by January 31, 2019. The final loan repayment schedule will be given to the City after all loan disbursements are given and planning completed. The loan will bear interest at a rate of 1.6%, with a five year loan repayment period from 2019 to 2023. As of June 30, 2018, the City has received loans disbursements in the amount of \$682,015 of the maximum \$1,000,000 allowed. A repayment schedule will not be provided to the City until final disbursement is made.

### (h) Long Term Payable - Delta Diablo Recycled Water Program

The City entered into a Joint Powers Agreement with Delta Diablo (the District) in November 2003 for the District to develop a recycled water program within City limits. As part of this agreement, the District would design, construct, own, operate and regulate all recycled water facilities to provide recycled water within the City of Antioch. The City would be responsible for 50% of the project cost, up to \$5,000,0000 in principal with associated interest, of a loan the District obtained from the State Water Resources Control Board to complete the project. The project was completed in July 2011 and the City began paying a proportionate share of the project costs in December 2011. The total due at June 30, 2018 is \$3,276,245 representing the total share of principal and interest outstanding on the loan the District obtained.

#### (i) Legal Debt Limit

As of June 30, 2018, the City's debt limit and legal debt margin (15% of valuation subject to taxation) was \$1,641,560,886.



#### NOTE 10 - NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

#### (a) Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The following amounts of net position are restricted by enabling legislation: \$92,660 pursuant to State Assembly Bill 1900 which restricts the use of funds for protection of tidelands areas; \$1,595,490 pursuant to the DIVCA Act of 2006 which restricts the use for Public, Educational and Governmental Programming (PEG).

*Unrestricted* - This category represents the portion of net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

#### (b) Fund Balances

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental funds. Fund balances are classified into categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds.

As of June 30, 2018 components of fund balance are described below:

- *Nonspendable* portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of its form (i.e., long term loans, prepaids).
- Restricted portion of net resources that are limited in use by grantors, laws or enabling legislation.
- *Committed* portion of net resources that are limited to the use as established by formal action of the City Council. Committed fund balance can only be modified or rescinded by formal action of the City Council through resolution.
- Assigned portion of net resources held for the use as established by the City Manager or his designee. The City Council has granted this authority to the City Manager through resolution.
- *Unassigned* portion of net resources that represents amounts in excess of the other fund balance components. Only the General Fund can have a positive unassigned fund balance.

The City spends restricted fund balances first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent first before unassigned fund balances have been spent when expenditures are incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.



The following represents the components of fund balance for governmental funds:

		Major Funds		Non-major		
	General	Housing	Capital	Governmental		
	Fund	Successor	Improvement	Funds	Total	
Nonspendable:						
Petty cash and prepaids	\$ 115,890	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,659	\$ 221,549	
Total nonspendable	115,890			105,659	221,549	
Restricted for:						
Housing & Development	-	19,594,966	-	6,774,447	26,369,413	
Debt service	-	<u>-</u>	-	201	201	
Public Facilites	-	_	-	577,225	577,225	
Streets	-	_	-	8,434,199	8,434,199	
Parks	-	_	-	137,172	137,172	
PEG Programming	-	-	-	1,595,490	1,595,490	
Storm Channels	-	_	-	2,305,919	2,305,919	
Landscape Maintenance	-	-	-	1,713,366	1,713,366	
Tidelands Areas	-	_	-	92,660	92,660	
Law Enforcement	-	_	-	101,058	101,058	
Traffic Safety	-	_	-	54,697	54,697	
Parks & Recreation	-	_	-	127,184	127,184	
Animal Shelter	_	_	_	2,825	2,825	
Abandoned Vehicle	_	_	_	310,121	310,121	
Total restricted		19,594,966		22,226,564	41,821,530	
Committed to:					<del></del> -	
	110 147				110 147	
Compensated absences	112,147	-	-	-	112,147	
Litigation/Insurance Police Services - Measure C	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	
	798,456	-	-	-	798,456	
Budget Stabilization Parks	19,443,579	-	-	- 1,681,084	19,443,579	
	-	-	-		1,681,084	
Landscape Maintenance Arts & Cultural Activities	-	-	-	119,543	119,543	
Field Maintenance	-	-	-	72,528 285,270	72,528 285,270	
Memorial Field Maintenance	-	-	-	21,864		
	-	-	-		21,864	
Road Repair	-	-	-	341,074	341,074	
Waste Reduction	-	-	-	383,122	383,122	
Youth Activities	-	-	-	94,283	94,283	
Traffic Signals	-	-	-	625,183	625,183	
Post Retirement Medical	20.054.102			89,456	89,456	
Total committed	20,854,182			3,713,407	24,567,589	
Assigned to:						
Contractual Services	2,188,771	-	-	-	2,188,771	
Parks & Recreation	-	-	-	54,577	54,577	
Capital Projects	-	-	-	154,965	154,965	
Community Benefit Prog.	-	-	-	380,690	380,690	
AD 26	-	-	-	367,500	367,500	
AD 27				104,755	104,755	
Total assigned	2,188,771			1,062,487	3,251,258	
Unassigned	11,428,272		(91,276)	(25,000)	11,311,996	
Total fund balances	\$ 34,587,115	\$ 19,594,966	\$ (91,276)	\$ 27,083,117	\$81,173,922	
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The City has established a fund balance policy for the General Fund requiring that the minimum unassigned fund balance be at least 20% of General Fund operating revenues (including transfers). As of June 30, 2018, unassigned fund balance was 20% of total operating revenues.

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS OVERVIEW**

The City of Antioch has three pension plans: Miscellaneous Pension Plan; Safety Pension Plan; and Supplementary Retirement Plan. Information about each plan and its provisions follow in notes 12-14. A summary table of the plans related net pension liabilities and deferrals follows to aid in financial reporting reconciliation to the government-wide statements.

	N	Net Pension Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	59,271,948	\$	11,502,073	\$	1,324,014	
Safety Plan		53,243,957		16,102,951		930,365	
Police Supplementary Plan		145,013		29,197		_	
Total	\$	112,660,918	\$	27,634,221	\$	2,254,379	

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLAN - MISCELLANEOUS

#### (a) General Information about the Miscellaneous Pension Plan

Plan Description - All permanent non-safety employees are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Plan of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (the Fund) of California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Fund is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by CalPERS that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for various local and state governmental agencies within the State of California. The fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits based on the employees' years of service, age and final compensation. Employees vest after five years of service and may receive retirement benefits at the age of 55 for miscellaneous employees. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the Fund's annual financial report may be obtained from CALPERS' executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814. A separate report for the City's plan within the Fund is not available.

**Benefits Provided -** CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, Lump Sum, or the 1959 Survivor Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.



The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous Plan	
		On or After	
		November 9, 2007	
	Prior to November	and prior to	On or after January
Hire Date	9, 2007	January 1, 2013	1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2.7% @ 55	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement Age	50-55	50-55	52-67
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible	2.0%-2.7%	1.426%-2.418%	1.0%-2.5%
Compensation			
Required Employee Contribution	8%	8%	6.50%
Rates			
Required Employer Contribution	11.08%	11.08%	11.08%
Rates			
Required Unfunded Accrued	\$2,908,064	\$0	\$0
Liability Contribution			

**Employees Covered -** At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Miscellaneous Plan:

Contributions – Section 20814 (c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the City made \$4,285,820 in contributions.

### (b) Net Pension Liability - Miscellaneous Plan

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

**Actuarial Assumptions -** The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:



	Miscellaneous Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase (1)	3.3%-14.2%
Investment Rate of Return (2)	7.5%
Mortality	.00466-1.00000

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.



Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.39%
Liquidity	2.0%	(0.40%)	(0.90%)
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

### (c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The change in the Net Pension Liability for the Miscellaneous Plan follows:

	]	Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$161,263,672	\$107,023,799	\$54,239,873
Changes in the year:			
Service cost	2,915,302	-	2,915,302
Interest on the total pension liability	11,876,603	-	11,876,603
Differences between actual and expected	(2,427,359)	-	(2,427,359)
experience			
Changes in assumptions	9,786,815	-	9,786,815
Plan to plan resource movement	-	(32,798)	32,798
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Contribution – employer	-	4,285,820	(4,285,820)
Contribution - employee	-	1,233,457	(1,233,457)
Investment Income	-	11,790,820	(11,790,820)
Administrative expenses	-	(158,013)	158,013
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,948,898)	(7,948,898)	-
Net Changes	14,202,463	9,170,388	5,032,075
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$175,466,135	\$116,194,187	\$59,271,948
Durance at June 50, 2017	ψ17 <i>3</i> , <del>100</del> ,133	Ψ110,174,107	Ψυν,ΔΙ 1,740

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following

presents the net pension liability of the City for the Miscellaneous Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the Local Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:



	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$82,949,398
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$59,271,948
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$39,752,855

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position -** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued CalPERS financial report.

### (d) Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense for the Miscellaneous Plan of \$9,145,502. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experiences Net differences between projected and actual earnings	\$ 4,474,827 5,338,263 18,255	\$ - 1,324,014
on plan investments	1,670,728	-
Total	\$ 11,502,073	\$ 1,324,014

\$4,474,827 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2019	\$ 3,323,228
2020	2,534,555
2021	693,733
2022	(848,284)
Thereafter	_

### (e) Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a payable of \$132,269 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.



#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLAN - SAFETY**

#### (a) General Information about the Safety Pension Plan

Plan Description - All qualified permanent and probationary safety employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement system (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay for benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors three rate plans for safety. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website. Copies of the Fund's annual financial report may be obtained from CALPERS' executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814. A separate report for the City's plan within the Fund is not available.

**Benefits Provided -** CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits are 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, Lump Sum, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefit tiers in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Safety Plan		
		On or After	
		<b>September 14, 2012</b>	
		and prior to	
	Prior to September	January 1, 2013	On or after January
Hire Date	14, 2012 (Classic)	(Second Tier)	1, 2013 (PEPRA)
Benefit Formula	3% @ 50	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit Payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement Age	50	50	50-57
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible	3.00%	3.00%	2.0%-2.7%
Compensation			
Required Employee Contribution	9%	9%	9%
Rates			
Required Employer Contribution	21.05%	20.31%	12.73%
Rates			
Required Unfunded Accrued	\$2,570,550	\$0	\$639
Liability Contribution			



**Contributions -** Section 20814 (c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Safety Plan were \$4,702,631.

# (b) Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Safety Plan

As of June 30, 2018, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Safety Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Total Safety Net Pension Liability	\$53,243,957

The City's net pension liability for the Safety Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. In determining the City's rate plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the total pension liability using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position provided by CalPERS' Financial Office are first determined for the individual rate plans and the risk pool as a whole on the Valuation Date. The first calculation uses the risk pool's total pension liability and fiduciary net position at the Valuation Date to determine the net pension liability at the Valuation Date. Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool's total pension liability is then computed at the Measurement Date. The fiduciary net position is then determined by the CalPERS' Financial Office at the Measurement Date. Next, the individual employer rate plans' share of the total pension liability, fiduciary net position and net pension liability are calculated at the Valuation Date. Using the individual employer rate plan's share of the risk pool total pension liability and fiduciary net position, the proportionate shares of the total pension liability and fiduciary net position are determined for each employer rate plan. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2016 and 2017 are as follows:

	Safety Plan
Proportion - June 30, 2016	.54126%
Proportion – June 30, 2017	.53688%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	00438%

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,808,666. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:



I 		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	5,412,879	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		7,618,335		584,499	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		525,311		136,964	
Change in employer's proportion	591,834			163,937	
Change in employer's proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the					
employer's proportionate share of contributions		293,497		44,965	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments		1,661,095		-	
Total	\$	16,102,951	\$	930,365	

\$5,412,879 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year end June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Ì	Year Ended		
	June 30		
	2019	\$2 <b>,</b> 695,	897
	2020	4,975	798
	2021	3,059	979
	2022	(971,	966)

**Actuarial Assumptions –** The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Safety Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.0%
Projected Salary Increase (1)	3.3%-14.2%
Investment Rate of Return (2)	7.5%
Mortality	.00466-1.00000

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.



**Discount Rate -** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Clahal Fassita		( )	,
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.39%
Liquidity	2.0%	(0.40%)	(0.90%)
Total	100%%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate for the plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:



	Safety Plan
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$78,411,778
Current Discount Rate	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$53,243,957
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$32,670,519

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### (c) Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a payable of \$204,791 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **NOTE 14 - SUPPLEMENTARY RETIREMENT PLAN**

### (a) General Information about the Police Supplementary Retirement Plan and Benefits Provided

Employees are eligible to receive benefits under this plan if he or she meets the requirements under one of the three tiers of the plan. The fund is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan established under Section 401 (a) and tax-exempt under Section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and meets the requirements of a pension trust under California Government Code Sections 53215-53224. The trust is maintained by Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) and provides for retirement, survivor continuance, pre-retirement disability and pre-retirement death benefits based upon the tier the member qualifies within. The plan is closed. Employee vesting is determined within each tier:

- Tier I Designated eligible employee by Plan Administrator that has terminated from employment and applied for benefits under plan vest immediately.
- Tier II Vest after five years of employment.
- Tier III Employee vested if a full time Sworn Police Officer on or after September 1, 2007 and has
  terminated employment and concurrently retires under a service, disability or industrial disability
  retirement under CALPERS prior to December 31, 2012.

These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State Statute and City ordinance. Copies of the Fund's annual financial report may be obtained from PARS office: P.O. Box 12919, Newport Beach, CA 92658-2919. A separate report for the City's plan within the fund is not available.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:



	Supplementary Plan			
Effective Date	Tier 1	Tier II	Tier III	
Effective Date	September 1, 2007	September 1, 2007	September 1, 2007	
Benefit Formula	Amount set forth	9% of CalPERS 3%	9% of CalPERS	
	on Schedule A of	@50 benefit and not	Disability benefit	
	Plan Documents -	more than 8.1% of	and not more than	
	no employees in	Final	8.1% of Final	
	this Tier	Compensation	compensation	
Benefit Vesting Schedule			Disability	
	Designated by Plan	5 many of commiss	retirement directly	
	Administrator	5 years of service	from City under	
			CalPERS	
<b>Benefit Payments</b>	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement Age	50-55	50	50	
Monthly Benefits, as a % of	2.09/ 2.79/	1 42(0/ 2 4100/	1.00/ 3.50/	
<b>Eligible Compensation</b>	2.0%-2.7%	1.426%-2.418%	1.0%-2.5%	
Required Employee Contribution	0.9/	0.9/	0.0/	
Rates	0%	0%	0%	
Required Employer Contribution	Pay as you go	Pay as you go	Pay as you go	
Rates	Pay as you go	Pay as you go	Pay as you go	

**Employees Covered -** At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Supplementary Plan:

	Supplementary Plan
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	<del>-</del>
Total	13

**Contributions** - There is no requirement imposed by PARS to contribute any amount beyond the pay as you go contributions. For the fiscal year 2018, the City made a total of \$696,045 in pay as you contributions.

### (b) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.



**Actuarial Assumptions –** The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Supplementary Plan
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	5.25%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth (1)	0%
Projected Salary Increase (1)	0%
Investment Rate of Return	5.24%
Mortality	.00125-1.00000

### (1) This is a closed plan

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015 for CalPERS. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

**Discount Rate -** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2017 was 5.25% for the Plan based upon the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The long-term expected rate of return was based upon the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as selected by the City and is not reduced for administrative expenses. All of the plan's PARS assets are invested in a moderately conservative portfolio with a target asset allocation of 30% equity, 65% fixed income and 5% cash.

### (c) Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The change in the Net Pension Liability for the Supplementary Plan follows:

_			Increase	(Decrease)		
	Total	Pension	Plan	Fiduciary	Net	Pension
	Lia	bility	Net	Position	Li	ability
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ :	1,684,462	\$	1,029,517	\$	652,945
Changes in the year:						
Interest on the total pension liability		90,425		_		90,425
Differences between actual and expected						
experience		41,781		-		41,781
Changes in assumptions		41,643		-		41,643
Contribution – employer		-		696,045	(	(696,045)
Net investment income		-		24,809		(24,809)
Administrative expenses		-		(39,073)		39,073
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(87,006)		(87,006)		-
Net Changes		86,843		594,775		(507,932)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ :	1,769,305	\$	1,624,292	\$	145,013



**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -** The following presents the net pension liability of the City for the Supplementary Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the Local Government's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Supplementary				
1% Decrease		4.25%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	412,820			
Current Discount Rate		5.25%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	145,013			
1% Increase		6.25%			
Net Pension Liability	9	6 (69,966)			

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PARS financial report.

### (d) Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense for the Supplementary Plan of \$149,932. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Defe	erred
	Outflo	ows of
	Reso	urces
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		-
Changes in assumptions		=
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		29,197
on plan investments		
Total	\$	29,197

There were no contributions subsequent to the measurement date and therefore no deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2019	\$ 6,021
2020	6,021
2021	8,313
2022	8,842
2023	-
Thereafter	_



### (e) Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2018, the City did not report a payable for an amount outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

### NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS OVERVIEW

The City of Antioch has three OPEB plans: Management Plan; Miscellaneous Plan; and Police Plan. Information about each plan and its provisions follow in note 16. A summary table of the plans related net OPEB liabilities and deferrals follows to aid in financial reporting reconciliation to the government-wide statements.

		Net OPEB		Deferred		Deferred
	Liability		Outflows of		I	nflows of
Management Plan	\$	5,554,114	\$	905,839	\$	417,496
Miscellaneous Plan		7,770,712		682,562		1,254,378
Police Plan		35,588,652		890,450		4,264,554
Total	\$	48,913,478	\$	2,478,851	\$	5,936,428

#### NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### (a) Medical After Retirement Plan Trust

Plan Description – The City provides postretirement medical benefits to all eligible employees and their surviving spouses under the provisions of three formal City-sponsored plans (Management Plan, Miscellaneous Plan, and Police Plan). The effective date varies based upon the employee's classification and related memorandum of understanding (MOU). For all employees who retire from service with at least 10 years of service (either regular retirement or disability retirement), the City shall pay a portion of their medical premiums based on their respective MOU currently in effect. The plans include an implicit subsidy for coverage prior to coverage under Medicare. Payments are reduced when the retiree or surviving spouse is eligible for Medicare. The City's contributions are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis and recorded in the CalPERS Trust (CERBT). The CERBT is a Section 115 Trust set up for the purpose of receiving employer contributions that will prefund health and other post employment benefit costs for retirees and their beneficiaries. The CERBT accounts for the separate plans in one master trust account for the City with three subgroups, one for each plan. Assets of each plan are restricted to pay for benefits of those plan members or beneficiaries only. A separate financial report is not prepared for the CERBT. The three City-sponsored plans are closed to new entrants.

**Employees Covered** - As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms of the three City-sponsored plans:



	Management	Miscellaneous		
	Plan	Plan	Police Plan	Total
Active employees	28	140	117	285
Inactive employees or beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits	78	67	61	206
Inactive employees entitled to, but				
not yet receiving benefits				
Total	106	207	178	491

The City makes contributions to the CERBT based on a percentage of active employee payroll.

Contributions - There is no requirement imposed by CalPERS, to contribute any amount beyond the payas-you-go contributions. The cost of monthly insurance premiums may be shared between the retiree and the City. The cost sharing varies depending on: date of hire; the dependent status; and plan selected. A minimum employer monthly contribution requirement is established and may be amended by the CalPERS Board of Administration and applicable laws. Within the parameters of the law, individual contracting agencies, such as the City, are allowed to establish and amend the level of contributions made by the employer towards the monthly cost of the plans. Changes to the employer contribution amount towards retiree benefits are recorded in a resolution adopted by the City Council. The City's annual contributions are based on an amount to cover the pay-as-you-go cost of benefits provided, with periodic contributions in excess of that amount. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City's cash contribution to the plans were as follows:

	Management		Miscellaneous				
	Plan		lan Pla		Po	lice Plan	Total
Cash contributions	\$	567,422	\$	334,974	\$	622,431	\$ 1,524,827
Estimated implied subsidy		338,417		347,588		268,019	954,024
Total payments	\$	905,839	\$	682,562	\$	890,450	\$ 2,478,851

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position –** CalPERS issues a publicly available fiduciary net position by employer that may be obtained from CalPERS, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### (b) Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.28%
Mortality	MacLeod Watts Scale 2017
•	applied generationally
Participants Valued	No future entrants
Healthcare Trend	Assumed to increase once each
	year 7.5% decreasing to 5%



Demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011 for CalPERS except for a different basis used to project future mortality rates. Mortality rates used were those published by CalPERS, adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	expected real
	Allocation	rate of return
Global Equity	57%	± 2%
Fixed Income	27%	± 2%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	5%	± 2%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%	± 2%
Commodoties	3%	± 2%
Total	100%	<u>-</u>
·		

**Discount Rate -** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the City contributions will be made at rates on a payas-you-go basis. The discount rate reflects the use of a "Crossover Test" prepared by MacLeod Watts. In this test, plan benefits for all current and future retirees are projected by year. Where the trust is expected to have sufficient assets to pay all retiree benefits in that year, the assumed trust rate of return is applied; once the trust is no longer expected to be able to pay plan benefits, a municipal bond rate is applied for the remainder of the projection period. The City used a Fidelity 20 Year AA General Obligation Municipal Bond Index. Using this rate and the 7.28% assumed investment rate of return, the Crossover Text produced a discount rate of 3.65% to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate –** The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plans if they were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher that the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017:

		17	1% Decrease-		1% Decrease-		irrent Kate-	17	6 Increase-
		2.65%			3.65%		4.65%		
Management Plan		\$	6,445,073	\$	5,554,114	\$	4,810,066		
Miscellaneous Plan			9,632,232		7,770,712		6,255,735		
Police Plan			43,216,157		35,588,652		29,666,402		
	Totals	\$	59,293,462	\$	48,913,478	\$	40,732,203		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plans if they were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher that the current rate, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2017:



	1% Decrease-		1% Decrease- Current Rate-		19	% Increase-
	2.65%			3.65%		4.65%
	\$	4,779,855	\$	5,554,114	\$	6,574,605
		5,973,394		7,770,712		10,408,665
		28,890,805		35,588,652		45,004,058
Totals	\$	39,644,054	\$	48,913,478	\$	61,987,328
	Totals	\$	\$ 4,779,855 5,973,394 28,890,805	2.65% \$ 4,779,855 \$ 5,973,394 28,890,805	2.65%3.65%\$ 4,779,855\$ 5,554,1145,973,3947,770,71228,890,80535,588,652	2.65%       3.65%         \$ 4,779,855       \$ 5,554,114       \$         5,973,394       7,770,712       28,890,805       35,588,652

### (c) Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the plans are as follows:

	Management Plan					
	Increase (Decrease)					
	Plan					
	Total OPEB Fiduciary Net Net OF					Net OPEB
		Liability		Position	Liability	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 9,072,633 \$ 1,962,683			1,962,683	\$	7,109,950
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost		99,704		-		99,704
Interest		263,097		-		263,097
Changes of assumptions		(550,976)		-		(550,976)
Contributions - employer		_		1,163,145		(1,163,145)
Net investment income		-		205,569		(205,569)
Benefit payments		(863,145)		(863,145)		-
Administrative expense		-		(1,053)		1,053
Net Changes		(1,051,320)		504,516		(1,555,836)
Balance at June 30, 2018						
(Measurement Date June 30, 2017)	\$	8,021,313	\$	2,467,199	\$	5,554,114



	Miscellaneous Plan				
	Increase (Decrease)				
		Plan			
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB		
	Liability	Position	Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 13,870,480	\$ 4,808,572	\$ 9,061,908		
Changes recognized for the measurement period:					
Service cost	546,732	-	546,732		
Interest	424,742	-	424,742		
Changes of assumptions	(1,145,298)	-	(1,145,298)		
Contributions - employer	-	612,381	(612,381)		
Net investment income	-	507,572	(507,572)		
Benefit payments	(612,381)	(612,381)	-		
Administrative expense	-	(2,581)	2,581		
Net Changes	(786,205)	504,991	(1,291,196)		
Balance at June 30, 2018					
(Measurement Date June 30, 2017)	\$ 13,084,275	\$ 5,313,563	\$ 7,770,712		
		Police Plan			
		Increase (Decreas	e)		
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 41,746,794	\$ 3,042,157	\$ 38,704,637		
Changes recognized for the measurement period:					
Service cost	1,372,714	-	1,372,714		
Interest	1,285,771	-	1,285,771		
Changes of assumptions	(4,649,266)	-	(4,649,266)		
Contributions - employer	-	805,720	(805,720)		
Net investment income	(90F 730)	321,116	(321,116)		
Benefit payments	(805,720)	(805,720)	1 622		
Administrative expense Net Changes	(2,796,501)	(1,632) 319,484	1,632 (3,115,985)		
	(2,7 90,301)	319,404	(3,113,703)		
Balance at June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date June 30, 2017)	\$ 38,950,293	\$ 3,361,641	\$ 35,588,652		

### (d) Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amount are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.



### (e) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized total OPEB expense of \$2,554,657. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Management Plan			
			red Outflows Resources		erred Inflows Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement of	date	\$	905,839	\$	
Changes of assumptions			-		303,902
Net difference between projected and actual earni	ings				
on OPEB plan investments			-		113,594
-	Total	\$	905,839	\$	417,496

The \$905,839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Management Plan contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

### **Management Plan**

Fiscal Year Ended	Deferred Inflows			
June 30:	of	Resources		
2019	\$	(275,473)		
2020		(85,227)		
2021		(28,399)		
2022		(28,397)		
2023		-		
Thereafter		-		

	Miscellaneous Plan				
		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	682,562	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		-		964,080	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on OPEB plan investments		-		290,298	
Total	\$	682,562	\$	1,254,378	

The \$682,562 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Miscellaneous Plan contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:



### Miscelleneous Plan

Fiscal Year Ended	Deferred Inflows			
June 30:	of Resources			
2019	\$	(253,793)		
2020		(253,793)		
2021		(253,793)		
2022		(253,793)		
2023		(181,218)		
Thereafter		(57,990)		

		Police Plan			
			red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	9	\$	890,450	\$	-
Changes of assumptions			-		4,080,896
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	S				
on OPEB plan investments			-		183,658
	Γotal	\$	890,450	\$	4,264,554

The \$890,450 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Police Plan contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Police Plan
Fiscal Year Ended	Deferred Inflows
June 30:	of Resources
2019	\$ (614,284)
2020	(614,284)
2021	(614,284)
2022	(614,284)
2023	(568,370)
Thereafter	(1,239,046)

#### (f) Medical After Retirement Plan Account

Employees hired after September 1, 2007 are not eligible for post employment medical benefits as defined in the previous plan. The City has created a medical after retirement program in which the City will contribute 1.5% of the employee's base monthly salary into an account established for the employee to be used for future medical benefits. This plan is being administered by Operating Engineers Local 3. The City will match an additional amount of up to 1.0% of the employee contribution, for a total City contribution



not to exceed 2.5%. Employees have the right to their individual plan upon separation of employment. As of June 30, 2018, there were 150 participants in the plan. During the year, the City contributed \$236,372 towards employee accounts.

#### **NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The City currently reports its risk management activities in its General Fund and Loss Control Internal Service Fund.

The City participates in the Municipal Pooling Authority (MPA), a joint powers agency (risk-sharing pool) established to provide an independently managed self-insurance program for members. The purpose of MPA is to spread the adverse effect of losses among the member agencies and to purchase excess insurance as a group, thereby reducing its expense.

The City's deductibles and maximum coverage follow:

Coverage	Deductible	MPA	Excess Liability
General liability	\$50,000	\$50,001-\$1,000,000	\$1,000,001 - \$29,000,000
Workers compensation	\$0	\$0-\$500,000	\$500,001 - \$50,000,000
Property damage	\$25,000 all risk; \$100,000 flood	\$0	\$1 billion all risk; \$25,000,000 flood

The City contributes its pro rata share of anticipated losses to a pool administrated by MPA. Should actual losses among participants be greater than the anticipated losses, the City will be assessed retrospectively its pro rata share of that deficiency. Conversely, if the actual losses are less than anticipated, the City will be refunded its pro rata share of the excess. The City paid premiums of \$3,550,461 during the year ended June 30, 2018. MPA has obtained excess general liability coverage in the amount of \$28,000,000 for total coverage of \$29,000,000 through participation in the California Joint Powers Risk Management Association. MPA has also purchased excess property damage coverage through various commercial carriers. Settled claims have not exceeded this excess liability coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated and includes incremental claim expenses. Allocated and unallocated claims adjustment expenditures are included in the liability balance. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The claim liability balances at June 30, 2018 are discounted at 2.0%. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability resulted from the following:

	Beg	ginning of	De	ductibles			E	and of
	Fi	scal Year	and	d Charges			Fisc	al Year
	I	Liability	in l	Estimates	Pay	ments	Li	ability
2015-2016	\$	575,884	\$	50,772	\$ 2	52,447	\$ 3	74,209
2016-2017		374,209		443,405	28	80,549	5	37,065
2017-2018		537,065		377,321	20	08,447	7	05,939



### NOTE 18 - SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENT FOR GOLF COURSE

In 1982, the City entered into an agreement with Antioch Public Golf Course, Inc., (Corporation) under which the Corporation will operate, manage and collect user fees from the Lone Tree Golf Course through 2033. The Corporation's sole purpose is to efficiently operate the golf course so that excess revenues may be returned to the course for improvements to the course and its related facilities and encourage the public to play golf in the City. The Corporation is not required to share any percentage of its revenues with the City. Since the inception of the agreement, the City has financed improvements to the existing facility with the issuance of ABAG Lease Revenue Bonds. The Corporation reimburses the City for the cost of annual debt service on the bonds and a corresponding revenue amount is recognized for these repayments. The City reports the golf course and improvements as capital assets with a carrying value of \$8,524,362. As the assets are required to be returned to the City at the end of the agreement in their original condition, the assets are not being depreciated.

# **NOTE 19 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

# (a) Antioch Area Public Facilities Financing Agency

The City and Antioch Unified School District (School District) are members of the Antioch Area Public Facilities Financing Agency (AAPFFA), a community facilities district comprising part of the City and the School District. The AAPFFA was formed to finance construction and acquisition of school facilities for the School District and public facilities for the City. The AAPFFA is controlled by a governing board consisting of seven members: two members of the City Council, two members of the District Board and three members from the general public. The board controls the operation and finances of the AAPFFA independent of influence by the City, and the AAPFFA is therefore excluded from the City's reporting entity.

The AAPFFA has issued Special Tax Bonds to finance various school district and City projects. These bonds are to be repaid out of a special tax levied on property owners of the community facilities district comprising the AAPFFA. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the AAPFFA contributed \$14,782 of bond proceeds to the City to finance construction of amenities at the City's Prewett Park facility. This contribution has been recorded as revenue from other agencies in the City's Capital Projects Funds. The City acts as fiscal agent for the AAPFFA. The City's Finance Department maintains accounting records and processes receipts and disbursements. The AAPFFA's financial statements are available by contacting the City of Antioch, Finance Department, P.O. Box 5007, Antioch, CA 94531-5007, 925-779-7055.

### (b) Contra Costa County Home Mortgage Finance Authority

The City and Contra Costa County are members of the Contra Costa Home Mortgage Financing Authority (Home Mortgage). The Home Mortgage issued 1984 Home Mortgage Revenue Bonds for the purpose of facilitating the financing of low-income home mortgages in the City and County. The City made no contributions to the Home Mortgage during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Home Mortgage is governed by a board consisting of representatives of the County and City. The board controls the operations and finances of the Authority, independent of influence by the City. Therefore, the Home Mortgage is excluded from the City's reporting entity. The Home Mortgage's financial statements are available by contacting the Contra Costa County Community Development Department, 651 Pine Street, Martinez, CA 94553-1229, 925-646-4208.



### **NOTE 20 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

# (a) Grants

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent auditors in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and applicable Federal and State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

# (b) Pending Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits, which have arisen in the normal course of business. While substantial damages are alleged in some of these actions, their outcome cannot be predicted with certainty. In the opinion of the City Attorney, these actions when finally adjudicated will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

# (c) Construction Commitments

Among the significant construction commitments were \$4,266,205 towards West Antioch Creek Channel improvements, \$792,131 towards sewer main replacement and \$2,916,892 towards Water Treatment Plant improvements.

### NOTE 21 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF THE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

# (a) Redevelopment Dissolution

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the City or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 24, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 2012/07.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between the redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If



the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill. The State Controller conducted the review of the former Antioch Development Agency in late August 2013.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue in not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City. In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

The assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City as the activities are under control of an Oversight Board which is comprised of seven members, five of which represent taxing entities, one member is a former redevelopment agency employee and one member is appointed by the Mayor. The State of California Department of Finance has final approval of all actions of the Successor Agency. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Antioch Development Agency.

# (b) Capital Assets

In December 2015, the California State Department of Finance approved a Long Range Property Management Plan of the Successor Agency. As part of this approved plan, any assets of the Successor Agency deemed for "Governmental Use" or "Future Development" were approved to be transferred to the City with three properties remaining with the Successor Agency that will be sold in the future.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	July 1, 2017		Deleti	ions	June 30, 2018		
Nondepreciable							
Land	\$	96,493	\$	-	\$	96,493	
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	\$	96,493	\$	-	\$	96,493	

# (c) Long-Term Obligations

The Successor Agency is responsible for two outstanding bonds of the former redevelopment agency and one bond of the Antioch Public Financing Authority. Although issued by the Antioch Public Finance Authority, repayment for a portion of the 2015A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds is pledged for repayment by the former Antioch Development Agency therefore the associated liability has been transferred to the Successor Agency Trust. A description of the bonds, including a schedule of changes in long term obligations and debt service requirements to maturity follows.



# (1) Long-Term Debt Composition

Final Maturity	Annual Principal Installment	Interest Rates	Oı	riginal Issue Amount		tstanding at ne 30, 2018
9/1/27	\$95,343-142,289	2.60%	\$	2,080,841	\$	1,271,124
				2,080,841		1,271,124
5/1/32	\$1,352,000-2,116,650	2.0-5.0%		19,315,000		17,795,000
				19,315,000		17,795,000
			\$	21,395,841	\$	19,066,124
	9/1/27	Maturity Installment 9/1/27 \$95,343-142,289	Maturity         Installment         Rates           9/1/27         \$95,343-142,289         2.60%	Maturity         Installment         Rates           9/1/27         \$95,343-142,289         2.60%         \$	Maturity         Installment         Rates         Amount           9/1/27         \$95,343-142,289         2.60%         \$ 2,080,841           2,080,841         2,080,841           5/1/32         \$1,352,000-2,116,650         2.0-5.0%         19,315,000           19,315,000         19,315,000	Maturity         Installment         Rates         Amount         June           9/1/27         \$95,343-142,289         2.60%         \$ 2,080,841         \$ 2,080,841           5/1/32         \$1,352,000-2,116,650         2.0-5.0%         19,315,000         19,315,000

# (2) Long-Term Obligation Activity

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

		Balance		Balance		
	J	uly 1, 2017	]	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2018
2015A Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	18,385,000	\$	(590,000)	\$	17,795,000
<b>Unamortized Premiums</b>		2,078,422		(138,563)		1,939,859
2000 Tax Allocation Bonds		1,380,000		(1,380,000)		-
2009 Tax Allocation Bonds		1,381,201		(110,077)		1,271,124
Total obligations held by the						
Successor Agency Trust	\$	23,224,623	\$	(2,218,640)	\$	21,005,983

# (3) Debt Service Requirements

As of June 30, 2018, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

	 Tax Alloca	ation	Bonds		Lease Reve	e E	e Bonds		
Year ending June 30:	Principal		Interest Principal				Interest		
2019	\$ 112,939	\$	31,581	\$	645,000	9	\$	772,650	
2020	115,876		28,606		715,000			740,400	
2021	118,888		25,554		790,000			704,650	
2022	121,980		22,423		870,000			665,150	
2023	125,151		19,210	955,000				621,650	
2024-2028	676,289		44,861		6,250,000			2,306,250	
2029-2032	-		-		7,570,000			488,150	
Total	\$ 1,271,124	\$	172,236	\$	17,795,000	9	\$	6,298,900	

On February 11, 2015, the Antioch Public Financing Authority (Authority) issued \$23,155,000 in Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Municipal Facilities Project), Series 2015A with interest rates ranging between 2% and 5%. The Authority issued the bonds to refund the entire \$4,740,000 of the outstanding ABAG 2001 Lease Revenue Bonds and \$21,505,000 of the outstanding 2002 A&B Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. \$19,315,000 of the par amount of bonds issued are secured by the Successor Agency to the Antioch Development Agency. \$3,840,000 of the par amount of bonds issued are an obligation of the City and discussed in Note 9. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 18 years by



\$6,279,686. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$5,314,114.

Interest payments and bond retirements are serviced by revenues generated by the tax increment from the former redevelopment agency. Contra Costa County remits funds from the Redevelopment Property Tax Retirement Trust Fund to the Successor Agency to pay enforceable obligations of the former agency every six months.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Revenues and Transfers In	ı - Genera	<u>l Fund</u>			7 . 7479.1
					ariance With Final Budget
		Original	Final		Positive
		Budget	 Budget	Actual	(Negative)
FUNCTION/ACTIVITY:					
TAXES					
Property secured	\$	10,410,311	\$ 10,452,383	\$ 10,453,932	\$ 1,549
Property in lieu of VLF		7,492,400	7,493,578	7,493,578	-
Property unsecured		290,000	298,716	315,093	16,377
Property other		400,400	400,400	751,255	350,855
Sales and use tax		12,993,550	13,417,000	13,785,327	368,327
Sales and use tax - Measure C		6,756,900	6,756,900	6,869,294	112,394
Motor vehicle in-lieu		45,000	60,135	60,135	-
Transient lodging tax		90,000	130,000	146,541	16,541
Franchises - other		8,510	94,710	94,997	287
Franchises - gas		331,480	331,480	579,821	248,341
Franchises - electric		474,500	474,500	482,955	8,455
Franchises - cable tv		1,462,330	1,462,330	1,283,543	(178,787)
Franchises - garbage		1,022,070	1,022,070	1,053,235	31,165
Business license tax (Gross Receipts)		3,654,000	3,654,000	4,427,631	773,631
Property transfer tax		360,000	 460,000	 520,724	 60,724
Total taxes		45,791,451	46,508,202	 48,318,061	1,809,859
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Bicycle License		-	941	1,644	703
Building permits		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,111,860	111,860
Street & curb permits		200,000	200,000	128,783	(71,217)
Wide vehicle/overload		10,000	10,000	13,984	3,984
Technology fee		24,000	24,000	26,856	2,856
Energy Inspection Fee		24,000	24,000	26,371	2,371
Pool Safety Fee		500	500	885	385
Accessibility Fee (Non-Resident)		2,000	2,000	3,243	1,243
Green Bldg Verification & Compliance		40,000	40,000	 42,112	 2,112
Total licenses and permits		1,300,500	1,301,441	1,355,738	54,297
FINES AND PENALTIES					
Vehicle code fines		50,000	115,000	150,440	35,440
Non-traffic fines		8,000	20,000	 21,101	1,101
Total fines and penalties		58,000	135,000	171,541	36,541
INVESTMENT INCOME AND RENTALS					
Investment income		75,000	225,000	66,631	(158,369)
Rent and concessions		500,000	 500,000	480,319	 (19,681)
Total investment income and rentals		575,000	725,000	546,950	(178,050)
REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES					
Homeowners property tax relief		80,000	80,000	79,725	(275)
P.O.S.T. reimbursements		12,000	28,082	40,752	12,670
State mandated reimbursements		-	-	60,788	60,788
Grant reimbursements		920,631	 582,981	 439,456	 (143,525)
Total revenue from other agencies		1,012,631	691,063	620,721	(70,342)
- om 10. one 10m one agencies		2,012,001	371,000	 020,721	(Continue

# Schedule of Revenues and Transfers In - General Fund

	Original	Final		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
FUNCTION/ACTIVITY, Continued:				
CURRENT SERVICE CHARGES				
Administrative services	30,200	40,200	50,229	10,029
Special police services	45,000	55,000	88,096	33,096
False alarm fees	60,000	110,000	165,970	55,970
Plan checking fees	517,680	517,680	702,526	184,846
Planning fees	39,650	39,650	163,474	123,824
Inspection fees	170,000	170,000	368,760	198,760
Special public works services	2,000	2,000	405	(1,595)
Other service charges	19,350	19,350	24,596	5,246
Assessment fees	265,000	370,200	486,687	116,487
Billings to Department	283,026	283,026	258,178	(24,848)
Total current service charges	1,431,906	1,607,106	2,308,921	701,815
OTHER REVENUES				
Miscellaneous revenue	1,271,040	1,327,828	1,374,415	46,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in:				
Gas Tax Fund	1,010,000	1,010,000	1,010,000	-
Pollution Elimination	274,126	274,126	262,380	(11,746)
Street Impact	1,289,440	1,289,440	1,289,440	-
Street Light and Landscape Maintenance Districts	155,263	155,263	152,444	(2,819)
Supplementary Law Enforcement Grant	100,000	175,000	175,000	-
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	57,143	57,143	50,200	(6,943)
Traffic Safety	85,000	85,000	85,000	
Total transfers in	2,970,972	3,045,972	3,024,464	(21,508)
Total other financing sources	2,970,972	3,045,972	3,024,464	(21,508)
Total general fund revenues and				
other financing sources	\$ 54,411,500	\$ 55,341,612	\$ 57,720,811	\$ 2,379,199

(Concluded)

Schedule of Expenditures and Transfers	Out - Ge	eneral Fund						Variance With Final Budget
		Bu	dget					Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
FUNCTION/ACTIVITY:								
City Council	\$	17,519	\$	17,519	\$	17,233	\$	286
City Attorney		50,156		50,156	•	154,785		(104,629)
City Manager		243,426		66,611		58,877		7,734
City Clerk		178,363		57,412		19,491		37,921
City Treasurer		258,026		258,026		231,877		26,149
Personnel Services		35,215		(28,410)		26,035		(54,445)
Economic Development		493,333		585,009		449,419		135,590
Finance		45,997		153,743		39,757		113,986
Warehouse & Central Stores		16,049		16,049		14,896		1,153
Non-Departmental		461,538		1,132,247		1,204,340		(72,093)
Total general government		1,799,622		2,308,362		2,216,710		91,652
PUBLIC WORKS								
Maintenance Administration		23,108		(51,233)		13,150		(64,383)
General Maintenance Services		18,059		18,059		7,469		10,590
Street Maintenance		1,523,760		1,805,843		1,480,431		325,412
Engineering and Land Development		1,407,210		1,448,574		1,417,404		31,170
Signal & Street Lighting		803,905		803,905		862,247		(58,342)
Striping & Signing		959,712		990,371		845,400		144,971
Facilities Maintenance		19,356		44,345		(2,997)		47,342
Park Maintenance		1,359,434		1,365,510		1,209,463		156,047
Median and General Landscape		583,426		711,114		636,251		74,863
Capital Improv/Engineering Administration		142,147		142,384		118,059		24,325
Engineering Services		220,199		220,199		178,534		41,665
Work Alternative		160,202		157,029		126,256		30,773
Total public works		7,220,518		7,656,100		6,891,667		764,433
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Administration		5,407,252		5,317,315		5,293,102		24,213
Police Reserve		13,261		13,261		11,926		1,335
Prisoner Custody		256,421		260,361		184,854		75,507
Community Policing		13,507,203		10,709,171		11,165,192		(456,021)
Police Services - Measure C Funded		7,667,623		9,365,258		8,566,802		798,456
Traffic Division		654,186		678,374		665,156		13,218
Investigation		5,246,072		5,491,649		5,420,816		70,833
Special Operations Unit		1,422,892		1,618,069		1,607,335		10,734
Communications		3,313,525		3,417,085		3,274,267		142,818
Emergency Services		4,903		4,903		4,929		(26)
Community Volunteer		117,258		117,258		72,538		44,720
Facility Maintenance		585,739		750,955		759,686		(8,731)
Animal Services		-		125,000				125,000
Total public safety		38,196,335		37,868,659		37,026,603		842,056
PARKS AND RECREATION			· <u> </u>	_	_		_	
Community Services		-		145,000		10,000		135,000
Total parks and recreation				145,000	_	10,000		135,000
								(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures and Transfers Ou		Variance With		
	Budge	et		Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		_	_	
Land Planning Services	1,912,514	1,846,591	1,404,314	442,277
Code Enforcement	980,299	816,830	865,176	(48,346)
Code Enforcement - Measure C Funded	579,115	579,115	451,961	127,154
Building Inspection	1,185,096	1,202,676	1,123,213	79,463
Total community development	4,657,024	4,445,212	3,844,664	600,548
Total current expenditures	51,873,499	52,423,333	49,989,644	2,433,689
CAPITAL OUTLAY				
General Government:				
Non-Departmental	-	182,669	14,712	167,957
Public Works:				
Street Maintenance	-	155,395	-	155,395
Striping & Signing	21,000	21,000	15,099	5,901
Facilities Maintenance	-	35,000	34,256	744
Public Safety:				
Administration	-	76,531	72,839	3,692
Community Policing	250,000	427,453	83,903	343,550
Community Development:				
Building Inspections	-	3,276	-	3,276
Code Enforcement	50,000	61,382	49,841	11,541
Total capital outlay	321,000	962,706	270,650	692,056
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers out:				
Animal Control	732,753	732,753	722,137	10,616
Antioch WaterPark	429,000	429,000	491,200	(62,200)
Recreation	704,817	704,817	729,623	(24,806)
Downtown Street Light & Landscape District	218,000	218,000	165,000	53,000
Capital Project	-	200,000	200,000	-
ABAG/2015 Lease Revenue	-	1,547,336	1,543,287	4,049
Honeywell Capital Lease	37,368	37,368	37,367	1
Total transfers out	2,121,938	3,869,274	3,888,614	(19,340)
Total general fund expenditures and				
other financing uses	\$ 54,316,437	57,255,313	54,148,908	\$ 3,106,405
				(Concluded)

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# Special Revenue Fund - Housing Successor

						Var	iance With
		D.,	daat				al Budget
		Driginal	dget	Final	Actual		Positive Jegative)
	Original			riiiai	 Actual	(1)	legative)
REVENUES:							
Investment income and rentals	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 8,420	\$	5,420
Other		298,033		298,033	 321,874		23,841
Total revenues		301,033		301,033	 330,294		29,261
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development		165,525		277,375	 178,461		98,914
Total expenditures		165,525		277,375	 178,461		98,914
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		135,508		23,658	151,833		128,175
Net change in fund balances	\$	135,508	\$	23,658	151,833	\$	128,175
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					19,443,133		
End of year					\$ 19,594,966		

# Miscellaneous Employees Retirement System, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Years\*

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Total Pension Liability						
Service Cost	\$ 2,275,615	\$ 2,281,384	\$ 2,494,442	\$ 2,915,302		
Interest on total pension liability	10,868,782	11,178,491	11,647,037	11,876,603		
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	-	(1,909,680)	139,957	(2,427,359)		
Changes in assumptions	-	(2,712,350)	-	9,786,815		
Changes in benefits	-	-	-	-		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(7,232,184)	(7,404,372)	(7,758,833)	(7,948,898)		
Net change in total pension liability	5,912,213	1,433,473	6,522,603	14,202,463		
Total pension liability - beginning	147,395,383	153,307,596	154,741,069	161,263,672		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 153,307,596	\$ 154,741,069	\$ 161,263,672	\$ 175,466,135		
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	2,667,605	3,289,258	3,697,065	\$ 4,285,820		
Contributions - employee	1,105,584	1,003,111	1,080,984	1,233,457		
Plan to plan resource movement	-	387	(3,027)	(32,798)		
Net Investment income	16,670,267	2,321,856	475,723	11,632,807		
Benefit payments	(7,232,184)	(7,404,372)	(7,758,833)	(7,948,898)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	13,211,272	(789,760)	(2,508,088)	9,170,388		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	97,110,375	110,321,647	109,531,887	107,023,799		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 110,321,647	\$ 109,531,887	\$ 107,023,799	\$ 116,194,187		
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 42,985,949	\$ 45,209,182	\$ 54,239,873	\$ 59,271,948		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.96%	70.78%	66.37%	66.22%		
Covered payroll	12,054,961	12,390,746	13,647,238	14,125,211		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	356.58%	364.86%	397.44%	419.62%		

# **Notes to Schedule:**

<u>Benefit changes:</u> The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit.

<u>Changes in assumptions:</u> For 2015, the discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% and for 2017, the discount rate was changed from 7.65% (net of administrative expense) to 7.15%.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1<sup>st</sup> year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# Miscellaneous Employees Retirement System, an Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2014		2015		2016		2017		 2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	2,667,605 (2,667,605)	\$	3,289,258	\$	3,697,065	\$	4,298,817 (4,298,817)	\$ 4,474,827 (4,474,827)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Covered Payroll		12,054,961		12,390,746		13,647,238		14,125,211	15,071,967
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		22.13%		26.55%		27.09%		30.43%	29.69%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the  $1^{\rm st}$  year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

# Public Safety Employees Retirement System, Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Measurement Date	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
Proportion of the net pension liability	.537714%	.547227%	0.5413%	0.5369%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 33,459,081	\$ 37,561,170	\$ 46,835,514	\$ 53,243,957
Covered payroll	\$ 10,649,187	\$ 11,368,228	\$ 12,074,088	\$ 13,591,940
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	314.19%	330.40%	387.90%	391.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of of the total pension liability	79.82%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

<u>Benefit changes:</u> The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014 as they have minimal cost impact. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit.

<u>Changes in assumptions:</u> For 2015, the discount rate was changed from 7.5% (net of administrative expense) to 7.65% and for 2017, the discount rate was changed from 7.65% (net of administrative expense) to 7.15%.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# Public Safety Employees Retirement System,

# Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

		2015		2016	2	2017		2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	3,652,991 (3,652,991)	\$	4,113,904 (4,113,904)		702,631 702,631)	Ċ	5,194,425 (5,412,879)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(218,454)
Covered Employee Payroll	·	11,368,228	•	12,074,088		591,940	1	14,018,106
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		32.13%		34.07%		34.60%		37.06%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# Supplementary Retirement Plan As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Measurement Date		2015		2016		2017		2018
Total Pension Liablity								
Service Cost	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Interest on total pension liability	Ψ	76,000	Ψ	89,649	Ψ	89,935	Ψ	90,425
Difference between expected and actual		70,000		0,010		0,,,,,		70/120
experience		-		36,011		-		41,781
Changes in assumptions		(23,000)		(439,207)		-		41,643
Changes in benefits		-		-		_		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	<u>,                                     </u>							
contributions		(82,000)		(83,627)		(85,299)		(87,006)
Net change in total pension liability		(29,000)		(397,174)		4,636		86,843
Total pension liability - beginning		2,104,000		2,075,000		1,677,826		1,682,462
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,075,000	\$	1,677,826	\$	1,682,462	\$	1,769,305
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributionss - employer	\$	91,667	\$	627,588	\$	483,310	\$	696,045
Contributionss - employee	·	_	·	-		-		-
Net Investment income		_		29,508		46,509		24,809
Administrative expense		(5,000)		(34,983)		(27,156)		(39,073)
Benefit payments		(82,000)		(83,627)		(85,299)		(87,006)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,667	-	538,486		417,364	-	594,775
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		69,000		73,667		612,153		1,029,517
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	73,667	\$	612,153	\$	1,029,517	\$	1,624,292
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,001,333	\$	1,065,673	\$	652,945	\$	145,013
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		3.55%		36.48%		61.19%		91.80%
Covered payroll		-		-		-		-
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a

# **Notes to Schedule:**

<u>Covered payroll:</u> This is a closed plan and thus there is no covered employee payroll

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# Supplementary Retirement Plan As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 184,000	\$ 182,000	\$ 182,000	\$ 41,000
Determined Contribution	(91,667)	(627,588)	(283,310)	(696,045)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 92,333	\$ (445,588)	\$ (101,310)	\$ (655,045)
Covered Payroll	-	-	-	-
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - MANAGEMENT PLAN

# For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

		2017
Total ODED Liablita		
Total OPEB Liablity	φ	00.704
Service Cost Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	99,704 263,097
Difference between expected and actual		203,097
experience		_
Changes in assumptions		(550,976)
Changes in benefits		-
Benefit payments		(863,145)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,051,320)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,072,633
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	8,021,313
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer		1,163,145
Net Investment income		205,569
Administrative expense		(1,053)
Benefit payments		(863,145)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		504,516
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,962,683
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,467,199
N. COPER II I III.	Φ.	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,554,114
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total OPEB liability	•	30.76%
·		
Covered -employee payroll	\$	4,994,964
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered		
payroll		111.19%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - MANAGEMENT PLAN

	 2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 772,107
Determined Contribution	(567,422)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 204,685
Covered Payroll	5,022,596
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered	
Payroll	4.08%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method/Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Payroll Growth Investment Rate of Return	Entry Age Normal Cost, Level Percent of Pay Level percent of payroll over a closed 30-year period Market Value 2.75% 3.00% 7.28%
Healthcare cost-trend rates	
Healthcare cost-trend rates	7.5% initial, decreasing .5% per year through 2023, remaining at 4.5% thereafter.
Retirement Age	2.7% @55 for Miscellaneous "classic" employees, 2% @62 for Miscellaneous "PEPRA" employees, 3% @50 for Safety "classic" employees, 2.7% @57 for Safety "PEPRA" employees. The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997-2011.
Mortality	Pre- retirement mortality based on 2014 CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study covering CalPERS participants adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008 and then projected forward 6 years using Bickmore Scale 2014 to year 2014. Post retirement mortality probability based on CalPERS Experience Study 2007-2011 adjusted on a generational basis by Bickmore Scale 2014 to anticipate future mortality improvement.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

<sup>\*</sup>Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018 were from the June 30, 2015 valuation.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

# For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

		2017
Total OPER Liablity		
Total OPEB Liablity Service Cost	\$	E46 722
Interest on total OPEB liability	Ф	546,732 424,742
Difference between expected and actual		121// 12
experience		_
Changes in assumptions		(1,145,298)
Changes in benefits		-
Benefit payments		(612,381)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(786,205)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		13,870,480
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	13,084,275
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer		612,381
Net Investment income		507,572
Administrative expense		(2,581)
Benefit payments		(612,381)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		504,991
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,808,572
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,313,563
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,770,712
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u> </u>	40.61%
y		
Covered -employee payroll		9,817,645
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		79.15%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - MISCELLANEOUS PLAN

	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 1,208,972
Determined Contribution	334,974
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,543,946
Covered Payroll	9,987,924
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered	
Payroll	15.46%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method/Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Payroll Growth Investment Rate of Return	Entry Age Normal Cost, Level Percent of Pay Level percent of payroll over a closed 30-year period Market Value 2.75% 3.00% 7.28%
Healthcare cost-trend rates	7.5% initial, decreasing .5% per year through 2023, remaining at 4.5% thereafter.
Retirement Age	2.7% @55 for Miscellaneous "classic" employees, 2% @62 for Miscellaneous "PEPRA" employees, 3% @50 for Safety "classic" employees, 2.7% @57 for Safety "PEPRA" employees. The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997-2011.
Mortality	Pre- retirement mortality based on 2014 CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study covering CalPERS participants adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008 and then projected forward 6 years using Bickmore Scale 2014 to year 2014. Post retirement mortality probability based on CalPERS Experience Study 2007-2011 adjusted on a generational basis by Bickmore Scale 2014 to anticipate future mortality improvement.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

<sup>\*</sup>Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018 were from the June 30, 2015 valuation.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS -POLICE PLAN For the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

		2017
Total OPEB Liablity		
Service Cost	\$	1,372,714
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,285,771
Difference between expected and actual		
experience		-
Changes in assumptions		(4,649,266)
Changes in benefits		-
Benefit payments		(805,720)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,796,501)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		41,746,794
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	38,950,293
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributionss - employer		805,720
Net Investment income		321,116
Administrative expense		(1,632)
Benefit payments		(805,720)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		319,484
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,042,157
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,361,641
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	35,588,652
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	!	8.63%
<i></i> y		2.2276
Covered -employee payroll		13,734,057
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		259.13%

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

# California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust As of June 30, 2018 Last 10 Years\* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PLAN

	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 3,367,235
Determined Contribution	(622,431)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 2,744,804
Covered Payroll	13,581,702
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered	
Payroll	20.21%

# **Notes to Schedule:**

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost, Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Method/Period	Level percent of payroll over a closed 30-year period
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
<b>Investment Rate of Return</b>	7.28%
Healthcare cost-trend rates	7.5% initial, decreasing .5% per year through 2023, remaining at 4.5% thereafter.
Retirement Age	2.7% @55 for Miscellaneous "classic" employees, 2% @62 for Miscellaneous "PEPRA" employees, 3% @50 for Safety "classic" employees, 2.7% @57 for Safety "PEPRA" employees. The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997-2011.
Mortality	Pre- retirement mortality based on 2014 CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study covering CalPERS participants adjusted to back out 20 years of Scale BB to central year 2008 and then projected forward 6 years using Bickmore Scale 2014 to year 2014. Post retirement mortality probability based on CalPERS Experience Study 2007-2011 adjusted on a generational basis by Bickmore Scale 2014 to anticipate future mortality improvement.

<sup>\*</sup>Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

<sup>\*</sup>Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2018 were from the June 30, 2015 valuation.

# **BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a minute order.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that increase the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level without City Council approval.
- 5. The City adopts a two year budget for its General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Debt Service Funds budgetary control is achieved through bond indenture provisions.
- 6. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Amounts presented include amendments approved by the City Council.
- 7. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the City's governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as assignments of fund balances, since they do not yet constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances are reappropriated in the following year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Project Fund - Capital Improvement For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:			Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Taxes	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	-
Investment income and rentals		10,000		10,000		14,470		4,470
Revenue from other agencies		2,997,300		2,997,300		107,172		(2,890,128)
Current service charges		20,000		20,000		70,140		50,140
Other		20,000		20,000		19,178		(822)
Total revenues		3,447,300		3,447,300		610,960		(2,836,340)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		46,511		387,611		486,090		(98,479)
Capital outlay		4,275,300		4,722,496		2,780,751		1,941,745
Total expenditures		4,321,811		5,110,107		3,266,841		1,843,266
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(874,511)		(1,662,807)		(2,655,881)		(993,074)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		550,000		899,000		785,831		(113,169)
Total other financing sources		550,000		899,000		785,831		(113,169)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(324,511)	\$	(763,807)		(1,870,050)	\$	(1,106,243)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						1,778,774		
End of year					\$	(91,276)		

		Special		Debt	Caj	pital		
		enue Funds	Serv	ce Funds		t Funds		Total
ASSETS								
ash and investments	\$	18,687,539	\$	_	\$	1,698,811	\$	20,386,350
eceivables:	Ψ.	10,007,003	Ψ		9	1,070,011	Ψ.	20,000,00
Accounts, net		1,955,838		_		10,114		1,965,95
Tax		685,994		_		-		685,99
repaid items		104,916		303				105,21
estricted cash and investments		104,910		201		-		20
oans receivable		6,455,937		201		-		6,455,93
Total assets	\$	27,890,224	\$	504	\$	1,708,925	\$	29,599,65
LIABILITIES								
abilities:	ф	1.044.005				0.400		1.074.04
Accounts payable	\$	1,064,905	\$	-	\$	9,438	\$	1,074,34
Accrued payroll		45,448		-		-		45,44
Deposits		927,597		-		111,157		1,038,75
Due to other funds		31,391		-		-		31,39
Unearned revenue		36,677		-		-		36,67
Total liabilities		2,106,018				120,595		2,226,61
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Abandoned Vehicle receipts		13,306		_		_		13,300
Unavailable grant receipts		273,422		_		_		273,42
Unavailable AAPFFA receipts		2,0,122		_		3,195		3,19
Total deferred inflows of resources		286,728				3,195		289,92
and Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Petty cash and prepaid items		105,356		303		-		105,65
Restricted for:								
Housing & Development		6,774,447		-		-		6,774,44
Debt service		-		201		-		20
Public Facilities		-		-		577,225		577,22
Streets		8,434,199		-		_		8,434,19
Parks		137,172		_		_		137,17
PEG Programming		1,595,490		_		_		1,595,49
Storm Channels		2,305,919		_		_		2,305,91
Landscape Maintenance		1,713,366		_		_		1,713,36
Tidelands Areas Protection		92,660						92,66
Law Enforcement		101,058		-		-		101,05
				-		-		
Traffic Safety		54,697		-		-		54,69
Parks & Recreation		127,184		-		-		127,18
Animal Shelter Maintenance / Operation		2,825		-		-		2,82
Abandoned Vehicle		310,121		-		-		310,12
Committed to:		1 (01 004						1 (01 00
Parks		1,681,084		-		-		1,681,08
Landscape Maintenance		119,543		-		-		119,54
Arts & Cultural Activities		72,528		-		-		72,52
Field Maintenance		285,270		-		-		285,27
Memorial Field Maintenance		21,864		-		-		21,86
Road Repair		341,074		-		-		341,07
Waste Reduction		383,122		-		-		383,12
Youth Activities/Building Maintenance		94,283		-		-		94,28
Traffic Signals		625,183		-		-		625,18
Post Retirement Medical		89,456		-		-		89,45
Assigned to:								
Parks & Recreation		54,577		-		-		54,57
Capital Projects		-		_		154,965		154,96
Community Benefit Programs		-		_		380,690		380,69
AD 26		_		_		367,500		367,50
AD 27		=		_		104,755		104,75
Unassigned		(25,000)		-		-		(25,00
<del>-</del>								
		25 407 479		504		1,585,135		27,083,11
Total fund balances		25,497,478		301		1,000,100		
Total fund balances  Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		25,497,478	-	304		1,000,100		

City of Antioch Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Special Revenue Fund	Debt s Service Funds	Capital Project Funds	Total
Taxes	\$ 4,762,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,762,863
Fines and penalties	118,658	-	-	118,658
Investment income and rentals	541,110	201	9,531	550,842
Revenue from other agencies	4,860,706	-	14,782	4,875,488
Current service charges	3,797,437	-	180,081	3,977,518
Special assessment revenue Other	3,099,676	-	-	3,099,676
Other	278,665	- ·		278,665
Total revenues	17,459,115	201	204,394	17,663,710
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	896,684	1,201,439	-	2,098,123
Public works	1,346,373	-	15,850	1,362,223
Public safety	1,700,094	-	-	1,700,094
Parks and recreation	3,894,995	-	-	3,894,995
Community development	2,177,070	-	33,640	2,210,710
Capital outlay	1,540,005	-	17,977	1,557,982
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	654,511	-	654,511
Interest and fiscal charges		226,170		226,170
Total expenditures	11,555,221	2,082,120	67,467	13,704,808
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,903,894	(2,081,919)	136,927	3,958,902
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	1,698,377	2,082,121	-	3,780,498
Transfers (out)	(3,695,871		(379,000)	(4,074,871)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,997,494	2,082,121	(379,000)	(294,373)
Net change in fund balances	3,906,400	202	(242,073)	3,664,529
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	21,591,078	302	1,827,208	23,418,588
End of year	\$ 25,497,478	\$ 504	\$ 1,585,135	\$ 27,083,117

# NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for the proceeds derived from special revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

# **Delta Fair Property Fund**

This fund accounts for revenues resulting from the sale or lease of surplus right-of-way property acquired from the State. In accordance with agreements with the State, expenditures must be for park and recreational facilities.

**Housing and Community Development Fund -** This fund accounts for grant funds received from the Federal government for the purpose of developing viable urban communities.

#### **RMRA Fund**

This fund accounts for the receipts and expenditures of the Road Repair and Accountability Act (SB1 1) funds.

#### Gas Tas Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and related expenditures received from the State under the Streets and Highway Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5. The allocations must be spent for street maintenance or construction and a limited amount for engineering.

# **Recreation Programs**

This fund accounts for revenue received to cover the costs of recreation programs provided by the City's Leisure Services Divisions.

#### **Animal Control Fund**

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of the City's animal services program. A portion of the revenues required to operate this function comes from animal licenses and shelter, adoption, handling, and impound fees. The reminder comes from a subsidy transfer from the General Fund.

### Civic Arts Fund

This fund accounts for money specifically set aside for art programs and projects. Revenues come from a percentage of the City's Transient Occupancy Tax. Expenditures are for a variety of programs in the fund and performing arts, as well as projects such as Art in Public Places.

#### Park in Lieu Fund

This fund accounts for revenues from park dedication fees required of all new construction. Monies are accumulated in accounts allocated to certain parks on the basis of the area in which the construction is taking place. These funds are then appropriated and spent for park development.

#### **Senior Bus Fund**

This fund accounts for the City's Senior Bus Program, which provides door-to-door transportation to frail, elderly, and disabled individuals. Revenue sources are grant funds throught the Metropolitan Transportation Commission and fees paid by riders and the Antioch Committee on Aging.

### **Abandoned Vehicles Fund**

This fund accounts for revenue from AB 4114, which charges a \$1.00 fee on the registration of all vehicles locaed in the City. The funds are received from the County and are used to remove abandoned vehicles form City streets.

# **Traffic Signal Fee Fund**

This fund accouunts for fees from developers for all new traffic signal construction.

# **Asset Forfeitures Fund**

This fund was established to account for the proceeds from sales of assets seized in connection with drug enforcement. These proceeds are to be used for law enforcement purposes.

# Measure J Growth Management Program Fund

This fund accounts for Measure J Funds, which are used to construct roads.

# NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

#### Child Care Fund

This fund accounts for lease revenue received and City expenditures relating to the child chare center leased from the City by the YWCA.

### **Tidelands Assembly Bill 1900**

In 1990, the California State Legislature passed legislation that created tidelands entitlement areas. Funds are generated by payments from the lessees of the City's tidelands areas. This revenue is limited to improving accessibility and/or protection of the City's waterfront areas.

#### **Maintenance Districts**

Established to account for revenue and related expenditures of lighting and landscape activities.

#### Solid Waste Reduction AB 939

Under AB 939, a special fee is levied by the State against each ton of solid waste, which is disposed at landfill sites. A portion of this fee goes back to the cities on a quarterly basis for use in achieving AB 939 goals.

#### **Pollution Elimination**

This fund was established to acount for activities related to the National Pollution Discharge Elimination Program. The purpose of this program is to monitor and reduce storm water pollution.

#### **Supplemental Law Enforcement**

This fund accounts for supplemental public safety funding allocated in AB 3229. Funds must be used for front-line police services and must supplement and not supplant existing funding for law enforcement services.

#### **Street Impact Fund**

This fund accounts for franchise taxes received.

# **Traffic Safety Fund**

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures received under Section 1463 of the Penal Code. Funds shall be used exclusively for official traffic control devices, the maintenance thereof, equipment and supplies for traffic law enforcement and traffic accident prevention.

#### **PEG Franchise Fee Fund**

This fund accounts for a 1% fee collected from video franchises to support local Public, Educational and Governmental Programming (PEG).

#### **East Lone Tree Benefit District Fund**

This fund accounts for the East Lone Tree Public Facility Benefit District formed by the City in December 2016. A benefit district fee is charged to developers to be used to fund the planning, design/engineering and construction of transportation improvements - specifically the segments of Slatten Ranch Road and related infrastructure including storm drain, water, sanitary sewer, dry utilities and East Antioch Trail improvements.

#### **Post Retirement Medical**

This fund is used to pay post retirement medical benefits for retirees under the following categories: Miscellaneous, Police, and Management employees.

# City of Antioch Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

	Delta l Prope		Housing and Community Development		 RMRA		Gas Tax	Recreation Programs		Animal Control	Civic Arts		ark in Lieu
ASSETS													
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 13	37,172	\$	386,613	\$ 424,631	\$	1,680,481	\$ 845,00	39 \$	48,910	\$ 57,	625	\$ 1,681,084
Accounts, net		-		165,456	-		-	5,0		-		-	
Taxes Prepaid items		-		-	99,341		182,127	1,7	- 95	1,675	14,	903	
Loans receivable				6,455,937	 -				-	<u> </u>		-	
Total assets	\$ 13	37,172	\$	7,008,006	\$ 523,972	\$	1,862,608	\$ 851,8	55 \$	50,585	\$ 72,	528	\$ 1,681,084
LIABILITIES AND													
FUND BALANCES													
iabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	69,213	\$ -	\$	46,074	\$ 74,9			\$	-	\$
Accrued payroll Deposits		-		1,128	-		418	18,3° 412,5°		13,054 11,823		-	
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-	112,0	-	-		-	
Unavailable revenue		-		-	 -			36,6	77				
Total liabilities				70,341	 -		46,492	542,4	36	46,085			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES													
Unavailable Abandoned Vehicle receipts		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Unavailable grant receipts  Total deferred inflows of resources	-			163,218 163,218	 		-		<u>-</u> -		-		
				105,216	 						-	_	
Fund balances:													
Nonspendable: Petty cash and prepaid items		_		_	_		_	2,2	35	1,675		_	
Restricted for:								,		,			
Housing & Development Streets		-		6,774,447	523,972		- 1,816,116		-	-		-	
Parks	13	- 37,172		-	-				-	-		-	
PEG Programming		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Storm Channels Landscape Maintenance		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Tidelands Areas Protection		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Law Enforcement		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Traffic Safety Parks & Recreation		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Animal Shelter Maintenance / Operation		-		-	-		-		-	2,825		-	
Abandoned Vehicle Committed to:		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Parks		-		-	-		_		-	-		-	1,681,08
Landscape Maintenance		-		-	-		-		-	-		<u>-</u>	
Arts & Cultural Activities Recreation Programs		-		-	-		-		-	-	72,	528	
Field Maintenance		-		-	-		-	285,2	70	-		-	
Memorial Field Maintenance		-		-	-		-	21,8	54	-		-	
Road Repair Waste Reduction		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Youth Activities/Building Maintenance		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Traffic Signals		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Post Retirement Medical Assigned to:		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Parks & Recreation		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Public Safety		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Community Development Unassigned		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	
Total fund balances	13	37,172		6,774,447	 523,972	_	1,816,116	309,3	<u>-</u> 59	4,500	72.	528	1,681,08
				-, -,	 ,		,. 0,0		<u> </u>	-,200			,, 50

		Abandana	bandoned Traffic Asset		Agget	Measure J Growth Management Child				Tidelands Assembly	Lighting & Landscape		Park 1A Maintenance		Solid Waste Reduction		Pollution		
Senior	Bus	Vehicles	ı	Signal Fee	Forfeitures		Program		Care		Bill - 1900		District		District	AB 939		Elimination	
\$ 18	81,761	\$ 310,2	76	\$ 625,183	\$ 448,184	\$	3,547,623	\$	100,283	\$	92,660	\$	1,979,764	\$	123,922	\$ 4	137,398	\$	1,976,200
	-	13,3	06	-	-		1,258,089		-		-		-		320		1,210		376,072
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		92		-		-		-
Φ 40	-	A 222 F	-	- 4 (25.102	- A40404		4 005 542		- 400 202	_			- 4.050.054		- 424.242		-		
\$ 18	81,761	\$ 323,5	82	\$ 625,183	\$ 448,184	\$	4,805,712	\$	100,283	\$	92,660	\$	1,979,856 1,979,856	\$	124,242	\$ 4	138,608	\$	2,352,272
												\$	-						
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 40,953	\$	550,263 793	\$	-	\$	-	\$	189,465	\$	4,669 30	\$	13,532	\$	43,948
	-	1	55 -	-	383,888		3,520		6,000		-		6,933 70,000		-		2,156 39,798		2,405
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	1	55		424,841		554,576		6,000		-		266,398		4,699		55,486		46,353
					•														
	-	13,3		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
		13,3	<u>-</u> 06	-	·										-				-
					•													_	
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		92		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		- 4,251,136		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,305,919
	-		-	-	-		-		-		92,660		1,713,366		-		-		-
	-		-	-	23,343		-		-		92,660		-		-		-		-
12	- 27,184		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
12	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	310,1	21	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		119,543		-		-
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	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	3	383,122		-
	-		-	625,183	-		-		94,283		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
5	54,577		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
18	81,761	310,1	21	625,183	23,343		4,251,136		94,283	_	92,660		1,713,458		119,543	3	383,122		2,305,919
\$ 18	81,761	\$ 323,5	82	\$ 625,183	\$ 448,184	\$	4,805,712	\$	100,283	\$	92,660	\$	1,979,856	\$	124,242	\$ 4	138,608	\$	2,352,272

# City of Antioch Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2018

	Supplemental Law Enforcement	LLEBG Byrne Grant	Street Impact		Trafic Safety	PEG Fanchise Fee	East Lone Tree Benefit District	Post Retirement Medical	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 77,715	\$ -	\$ 13,438	\$	34,928	\$ 1,533,564	\$ 1,842,975	\$ 100,110	\$ 18,687,539
Accounts, net	85,204	31,391	-		19,769	-	-	-	1,955,838
Taxes	-	-	327,636	•	-	61,987	-	101.254	685,994
Prepaid items Loans receivable	-	-	-		-	-	-	101,354	104,916 6,455,937
Total assets	\$ 162,919	\$ 31,391	\$ 341,074	\$	54,697	\$ 1,595,551	\$ 1,842,975	\$ 201,464	\$ 27,890,224
LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,654	\$ 1,064,905
Accrued payroll	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	-	45,448
Deposits Due to other funds	-	31,391	-		-	-	-	-	927,597 31,391
Unavailable revenue		-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-		36,677
Total liabilities		31,391	-		-	61		10,654	2,106,018
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Abandoned Vehicle receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,306
Unavailable grant receipts	85,204	25,000			-				273,422
Total deferred inflows of resources	85,204	25,000			-				286,728
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable: Petty cash and prepaid items								101,354	105,356
Restricted for:	-	-	•		-	-	-	101,354	105,550
Housing & Development	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	6,774,447
Streets Parks	-	-	-		-	-	1,842,975	-	8,434,199 137,172
PEG Programming	-	-	-		-	1,595,490	-	-	1,595,490
Storm Channels	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,305,919
Landscape Maintenance	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	1,713,366
Tidelands Areas Protection Law Enforcement	- 77,715	-			-	-	_	-	92,660 101,058
Traffic Safety		-	-		54,697	-	-	-	54,697
Parks & Recreation	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	127,184
Animal Shelter Maintenance / Operation	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,825
Abandoned Vehicle Committed to:	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	310,121
Parks	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,681,084
Landscape Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,543
Arts & Cultural Activities	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	72,528
Recreation Programs Field Maintenance	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	285,270
Memorial Field Maintenance	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	21,864
Road Repair	-	-	341,074	Ļ	-	-	-	-	341,074
Waste Reduction	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	383,122
Youth Activities/Building Maintenance	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	94,283
Traffic Signals Post Retirement Medical	-	-			-	-	-	89,456	625,183 89,456
Assigned to:								37,100	37,100
Parks & Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,577
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development	-	- / 0		•	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	(25,000)	-		F4 40F	4 505 400	1 0 10 0 ==	400.042	(25,000)
Total fund balances	77,715	(25,000)			54,697	1,595,490	1,842,975	190,810	25,497,478
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 162,919	\$ 31,391	\$ 341,074	\$	54,697	\$ 1,595,551	\$ 1,842,975	\$ 201,464	\$ 27,890,224

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#### City of Antioch Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Delta Fair Property	(	lousing and Community evelopment	RMRA	Gas Tax	ecreation rograms	Animal Control
REVENUES:							
Taxes Fines and penalties Investment income and rentals Revenue from other agencies Current service charges Special assessment revenue Other Total revenues	\$ 54,29 54,29	- - - <u>-</u>	701 1,833,162 78,041 - 132,291 2,044,195	\$ 526,611 - (2,531) - - - - 524,080	\$ 2,403,972 - 9,242 - - - 36 2,413,250	\$ 283,181 - 818,711 - 47,668 1,149,560	\$ 169 4,500 212,115 57,228
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General Government Public works Public safety Parks and recreation Community development Capital outlay  Total expenditures	53	- - - <u>-</u>	1,723,248 - 1,723,248	108 - - - - 108	- 609,714 - - - - - 609,714	1,845,625 - 1,845,625	1,073,464 - - 1,073,464
Total experiences			1,7 23,240	 100	 007,714	 1,040,020	1,070,101
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	53,76	7	320,947	523,972	 1,803,536	 (696,065)	 (799,452)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in Transfers (out)		- -	- -	 -	- (1,547,390)	 772,323 (10,482)	722,137 (585)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	(1,547,390)	 761,841	721,552
Net change in fund balances	53,76	7	320,947	523,972	256,146	65,776	(77,900)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	83,40	5	6,453,500	-	1,559,970	 243,593	82,400
End of year	\$ 137,17	2 \$	6,774,447	\$ 523,972	\$ 1,816,116	\$ 309,369	\$ 4,500

Civ	ric Arts	Park in Lieu	Senior Bus	Abandoned Vehicles	Traffic Signal Fee	Asset Forfeitures	Measure J Growth Management Program	Child Care	Tidelands Assembly Bill - 1900
\$	62,804	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	99	- 5,770	875	955 80,309	5,114	1,683	14,634 2,494,817	82,306	7,845
	-	256,071	3,829		39,862	-	2,494,017	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	12,245	-	-	-
	62,903	261,841	4,704	81,264	44,976	13,928	2,509,451	82,306	7,845
	-	- 3,814	-	-	- 18,119	-	- 143,915	-	480
	-	-	-	24,602	-	6,067	-	-	-
	43,683	-	357	-	-	-	-	1,756	-
	-				387,996	_	788,121		
	43,683	3,814	357	24,602	406,115	6,067	932,036	1,756	480
	19,220	258,027	4,347	56,662	(361,139)	7,861	1,577,415	80,550	7,365
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		(7,700)					(70,000)	
	-	-	(7,700)				-	(70,000)	
	19,220	258,027	(3,353)	56,662	(361,139)	7,861	1,577,415	10,550	7,365
	53,308	1,423,057	185,114	253,459	986,322	15,482	2,673,721	83,733	85,295
\$	72,528	\$ 1,681,084	\$ 181,761	\$ 310,121	\$ 625,183	\$ 23,343	\$ 4,251,136	\$ 94,283	\$ 92,660

#### City of Antioch Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Lighting & Landscape District	Park 1A Maintenance District	Solid Waste Reduction AB 939	Pollution Elimination	Supplemental Law Enforcement	LLEBG Byrne Grant
REVENUES:						
Taxes Fines and penalties Investment income and rentals Revenue from other agencies Current service charges Special assessment revenue Other Total revenues	\$ - 5,966 - 2,163,747 5,500 2,175,213	\$ 38,238 - 44,246 261 - - 32 82,777	\$ 160,000 - 2,591 183,219 - - 23,435 369,245	\$ - 13,339 - 935,929 230 949,498	\$ - (161) 236,623 236,462	\$ - - 6 27,815 - - - 27,821
	-					
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General Government Public works Public safety Parks and recreation Community development Capital outlay  Total expenditures	1,958,092 - 1,958,092	45,482 - 45,482	358,866 - 358,866	566,671 - 94,956 252,263 913,890	82 - - - 82	2,682 - - - 2,682
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	217,121	37,295	10,379	35,608	236,380	25,139
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in Transfers (out)	173,917 (188,777)	(8,917)		30,000 (262,380)	(175,000)	(50,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(14,860)	(8,917)	-	(232,380)	(175,000)	(50,200)
Net change in fund balances	202,261	28,378	10,379	(196,772)	61,380	(25,061)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	1,511,197	91,165	372,743	2,502,691	16,335	61
End of year	\$ 1,713,458	\$ 119,543	\$ 383,122	\$ 2,305,919	\$ 77,715	\$ (25,000)

			East	Post	
Street	Traffic	PEG Fanchise	Lone Tree	Retirement	
Impact	Safety	Fee	Benefit District	Medical	Total
\$ 1,314,529	\$ -	\$ 256,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,762,863
-	118,658	-	-	-	118,658
3,772	134	6,560	349	(33)	541,110
-	-	-	930,000	1,458,808	4,860,706 3,797,437
-	-	-	-	-	3,099,676
		-			278,665
1,318,301	118,792	263,269	930,349	1,458,775	17,459,115
_	_	27,244	-	869,440	896,684
724	-	-	2,297	-	1,346,373
-	75	-	-	593,122	1,700,094
-	-	-	-	-	3,894,995
-	-	111,625	-	-	2,177,070 1,540,005
				1 1 (0 5 (0	
724	75	138,869	2,297	1,462,562	11,555,221
1,317,577	118,717	124,400	928,052	(3,787)	5,903,894
-	-	-	-	-	1,698,377
(1,289,440)	(85,000)		<u> </u>		(3,695,871)
(1,289,440)	(85,000)	-			(1,997,494)
28,137	33,717	124,400	928,052	(3,787)	3,906,400
312,937	20,980	1,471,090	914,923	194,597	21,591,078
\$ 341,074	\$ 54,697	\$ 1,595,490	\$ 1,842,975	\$ 190,810	\$ 25,497,478
Ψ 311,074	Ψ 5-1,057	Ψ 1,070,±90	Ψ 1,0π2,773	Ψ 170,010	Ψ Δυμτ/1/11/0

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Delta Fair Property Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Investment income and rentals	\$	55,400	\$	55,400	\$	54,298	\$	(1,102)
<b>Total revenues</b>		55,400		55,400		54,298		(1,102)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Public works		761		761		531		230
Total expenditures		761		761		531		230
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		54,639		54,639		53,767		(872)
Net change in fund balances	\$	54,639	\$	54,639		53,767	\$	(872)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						83,405		
End of year					\$	137,172		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Housing and Community Development Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Buo Driginal	dget	Final		Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
DEVENIEC	 Jiigiilai		Tillal		Actual		regative)
REVENUES:							
Investment income and rentals	\$ 1,200	\$	1,200	\$	701	\$	(499)
Revenue from other agencies	862,100		862,100		1,833,162		971,062
Current service charges	50,000		50,000		78,041		28,041
Other	102,082		102,082		132,291		30,209
Total revenues	1,015,382		1,015,382		2,044,195		1,028,813
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Community development	560,210		2,191,595		1,723,248		468,347
Capital outlay	 300,000				_		-
Total expenditures	 860,210		2,191,595		1,723,248		468,347
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 155,172		(1,176,213)		320,947		1,497,160
Net change in fund balances	\$ 155,172	\$	(1,176,213)		320,947	\$	1,497,160
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					6,453,500		
End of year				\$	6,774,447		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule RMRA Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

DEVENIUE.	Origi		dget	Final	Actual	Fir	iance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	638,280	\$ 526,611	\$	(111,669)
Investment income and rentals					 (2,531)		(2,531)
Total revenues				638,280	 524,080		(114,200)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		-		-	108		(108)
Capital outlay	-	_		638,280	-		638,280
Total expenditures				638,280	 108		638,172
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES					 523,972		523,972
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		523,972	\$	523,972
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					 		
End of year					\$ 523,972		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 3,149,205	\$ 2,497,750	\$ 2,403,972	\$ (93,778)
Investment income and rentals	15,000	15,000	9,242	(5,758)
Other			36	36
Total revenues	3,164,205	2,512,750	2,413,250	(99,500)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public works	407,907	303,343	609,714	(306,371)
Capital outlay		11,583		11,583
Total expenditures	407,907	314,926	609,714	(294,788)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,756,298	2,197,824	1,803,536	(394,288)
OTHER FINANCING (USES):				
Transfers (out)	(1,569,827)	(1,589,827)	(1,547,390)	42,437
Total other financing (uses)	(1,569,827)	(1,589,827)	(1,547,390)	42,437
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,186,471	\$ 607,997	256,146	\$ (351,851)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			1,559,970	
End of year			\$ 1,816,116	

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Recreation Programs Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES: Investment income and rentals Current service charges Other	Original Budget  \$ 310,500 882,500 45,000	Final Budget \$ 310,500 882,500 45,000	Actual Amount \$ 283,181 818,711 47,668	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)  \$ (27,319) (63,789) 2,668
Total revenues	1,238,000	1,238,000	1,149,560	(88,440)
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Parks and recreation	1,922,535	1,931,955	1,845,625	86,330
Capital outlay	8,500			<u> </u>
Total expenditures	1,931,035	1,931,955	1,845,625	86,330
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(693,035)	(693,955)	(696,065)	(2,110)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	747,517	747,517	772,323	24,806
Transfers (out)	(10,482)	(10,482)	(10,482)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	737,035	737,035	761,841	24,806
Net change in fund balances	\$ 44,000	\$ 43,080	65,776	\$ 22,696
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			243,593	
End of year			\$ 309,369	

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Animal Control Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	ginal dget	Final Budget		Actual Amount																				ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Investment income and rentals	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$	169	\$	69																		
Revenue from other agencies	-	-		4,500		4,500																		
Current service charges	323,000	323,000		212,115		(110,885)																		
Other	 10,500	10,500		57,228		46,728																		
Total revenues	333,600	333,600		274,012		(59,588)																		
EXPENDITURES:																								
Current:																								
Public safety	871,529	1,064,603		1,073,464		(8,861)																		
Total expenditures	 871,529	 1,064,603		1,073,464		(8,861)																		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (537,929)	(731,003)		(799,452)		(68,449)																		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):																								
Transfers in	732,753	732,753		722,137		(10,616)																		
Transfers (out)	 (585)	 (585)		(585)																				
Total other financing sources (uses)	732,168	 732,168		721,552		(10,616)																		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 194,239	\$ 1,165		(77,900)	\$	(79,065)																		
FUND BALANCES:																								
Beginning of year				82,400																				
End of year			\$	4,500																				

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Civic Arts Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	37,500	\$ 55,715	\$	62,804	\$	7,089
Investment income and rentals		50	 250		99		(151)
Total revenues		37,550	 55,965		62,903		6,938
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Parks and recreation		65,869	65,869		43,683		22,186
Total expenditures		65,869	65,869		43,683		22,186
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(28,319)	(9,904)		19,220		29,124
Net change in fund balances	\$	(28,319)	\$ (9,904)		19,220	\$	29,124
FUND BALANCES: Beginning of year					53,308		
				Ф.			
End of year				\$	72,528		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Park in Lieu Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Final Budget Budget			 Actual Amount		iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	
Investment income and rentals	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$ 5,770	\$	(1,230)
Current service charges		105,000		105,000	 256,071		151,071
Total revenues		112,000		112,000	261,841		149,841
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		886		3,886	 3,814		72
Total expenditures		886		3,886	 3,814		72
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		111,114		108,114	258,027		149,913
Net change in fund balances	\$	111,114	\$	108,114	258,027	\$	149,913
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					 1,423,057		
End of year					\$ 1,681,084		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Senior Bus Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Investment income and rentals	\$ 850	\$ 850	\$ 875	\$ 25	
Current service chareges	5,000	5,000	3,829	(1,171)	
Total revenues	5,850	5,850	4,704	(1,146)	
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks and recreation	21,500	21,500	357	21,143	
Total expenditures	21,500	21,500	357	21,143	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,650)	(15,650)	4,347	19,997	
OTHER FINANCING (USES):					
Transfers (out)	(7,700)	(7,700)	(7,700)		
Total other financing (uses)	(7,700)	(7,700)	(7,700)		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (23,350)	\$ (23,350)	(3,353)	\$ 19,997	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			185,114		
End of year			\$ 181,761		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Abandoned Vehicle Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Investment income and rentals	\$	800	\$	800	\$	955	\$	155
Revenue from other agencies		47,000		47,000		80,309		33,309
Total revenues		47,800		47,800		81,264		33,464
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		71,780		71,780		24,602		47,178
Total expenditures		71,780		71,780		24,602		47,178
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(23,980)		(23,980)		56,662		80,642
Net change in fund balances	\$	(23,980)	\$	(23,980)		56,662	\$	80,642
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						253,459		
End of year					\$	310,121		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Traffic Signal Fee Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Investment income and rentals	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	5,114	\$	114
Current service charges		20,000		20,000		39,862		19,862
Total revenues		25,000		25,000		44,976		19,976
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		2,517		19,113		18,119		994
Capital outlay				411,475		387,996		23,479
Total expenditures		2,517		430,588		406,115		24,473
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		22,483		(405,588)		(361,139)		44,449
Net change in fund balances	\$	22,483	\$	(405,588)		(361,139)	\$	44,449
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						986,322		
End of year					\$	625,183		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Asset Forfeitures Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Investment income and rentals	\$	1,875	\$	1,875	\$	1,683	\$	(192)
Other	Ψ	7,500	Ψ	345,651	Ψ	12,245	Ψ	(333,406)
Total revenues		9,375		347,526		13,928		(333,598)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		14,401		352,552		6,067		346,485
Total expenditures		14,401		352,552		6,067		346,485
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(5,026)		(5,026)		7,861		12,887
Net change in fund balances	\$	(5,026)	\$	(5,026)		7,861	\$	12,887
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						15,482		
End of year					\$	23,343		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Measure J Growth Management Program Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual Amount		riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Investment income and rentals	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	14,634	\$	(366)
Revenue from other agencies		1,382,721		1,312,721		2,494,817		1,182,096
Total revenues		1,397,721		1,327,721	_	2,509,451		1,181,730
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		208,129		372,561		143,915		228,646
Capital outlay		2,350,000		1,808,000		788,121		1,019,879
Total expenditures		2,558,129		2,180,561		932,036		1,248,525
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,160,408)		(852,840)		1,577,415		2,430,255
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,160,408)	\$	(852,840)		1,577,415	\$	2,430,255
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						2,673,721		
End of year					\$	4,251,136		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Care Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Investment income and rentals	\$	81,616	\$	81,616	\$	82,306	\$	690	
Total revenues		81,616		81,616		82,306		690	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Parks and recreation		2,378		2,378		1,756		622	
Total expenditures		2,378		2,378		1,756		622	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		79,238		79,238		80,550		1,312	
OTHER FINANCING (USES):									
Transfers (out)		(70,000)		(70,000)		(70,000)			
Total other financing (uses)		(70,000)		(70,000)		(70,000)			
Net change in fund balances	\$	9,238	\$	9,238		10,550	\$	1,312	
FUND BALANCES:									
Beginning of year						83,733			
End of year					\$	94,283			

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Tidelands Assembly Bill-1900 Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Investment income and rentals	\$	8,043	\$	8,043	\$	7,845	\$	(198)
Total revenues		8,043		8,043		7,845		(198)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works		5,621		5,621		480		5,141
Total expenditures		5,621		5,621		480		5,141
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,422		2,422		7,365		4,943
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,422	\$	2,422		7,365	\$	4,943
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						85,295		
End of year					\$	92,660		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Lighting & Landscape District Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Investment income and rentals	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,850	\$ 5,966	\$ 2,116
Special assessment revenue	φ 3,800 2,174,761	э <i>3,</i> 030 2,174,761	2,163,747	(11,014)
Total revenues	2,178,561	2,178,611	2,175,213	(3,398)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Parks and recreation	2,444,695	2,461,795	1,958,092	503,703
Total expenditures	2,444,695	2,461,795	1,958,092	503,703
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(266,134)	(283,184)	217,121	500,305
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	227,968	227,968	173,917	(54,051)
Transfers (out)	(191,596)	(191,596)	(188,777)	2,819
Total other financing sources (uses)	36,372	36,372	(14,860)	(51,232)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (229,762)	\$ (246,812)	202,261	\$ 449,073
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			1,511,197	
End of year			\$ 1,713,458	

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Park 1A Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount		Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	34,287	\$ 34,287	\$	38,238	\$	3,951
Investment income and rentals		40,500	40,500		44,246		3,746
Revenue from other agencies		115	115		261		146
Total revenues		74,902	 74,902		82,777		7,875
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Parks and recreation		59,095	59,095		45,482		13,613
Total expenditures		59,095	 59,095		45,482		13,613
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		15,807	 15,807		37,295		21,488
OTHER FINANCING (USES):							
Transfers (out)		(9,968)	 (9,968)		(8,917)		(1,051)
Total other financing (uses)		(9,968)	 (9,968)		(8,917)		(1,051)
Net change in fund balances	\$	5,839	\$ 5,839		28,378	\$	20,437
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					91,165		
End of year				\$	119,543		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Solid Waste Reduction AB 939 Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	-
Investment income and rentals		1,500		6,000		2,591		(3,409)
Revenue from other agencies		88,400		89,748		183,219		93,471
Other		13,000		20,000		23,435		3,435
Total revenues		262,900		275,748		369,245		93,497
EXPENDITURES:  Current:  Community development		358,163		415,914		358,866		57,048
Total expenditures		358,163		415,914		358,866		57,048
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES  Net change in fund balances	\$	(95,263) (95,263)	\$	(140,166) (140,166)		10,379 10,379	\$	150,545 150,545
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						372,743		
End of year					\$	383,122		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Pollution Elimination Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Investment income and rentals  Special assessment revenue	\$ 7,000 820,000	\$ 7,000 820,000	\$ 13,339 935,929	\$ 6,339 115,929
Other	-	-	230	230
Total revenues	827,000	827,000	949,498	122,498
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public works	669,139	693,800	566,671	127,129
Community development	269,619	269,619	94,956	174,663
Capital outlay	348,000	508,000	252,263	255,737
Total expenditures	1,286,758	1,471,419	913,890	557,529
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(459,758)	(644,419)	35,608	680,027
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	30,000	30,000	30,000	-
Transfers (out)	(274,126)	(274,126)	(262,380)	11,746
Total other financing sources (uses)	(244,126)	(244,126)	(232,380)	11,746
Net change in fund balances	\$ (703,884)	\$ (888,545)	(196,772)	\$ 691,773
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			2,502,691	
End of year			\$ 2,305,919	

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Investment income and rentals	\$ -	\$ 300	\$ (161)	\$ (461)
Revenue from other agencies	100,000	166,000	236,623	70,623
Total revenues	100,000	166,300	236,462	70,162
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Safety		75	82	(7)
Total expenditures		75	82	(7)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	100,000	166,225	236,380	70,155
OTHER FINANCING (USES):				
Transfers (out)	(100,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	
Total other financing (uses)	(100,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (8,700)	61,380	\$ 70,162
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			16,335	
End of year			\$ 77,715	

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Law Enforcement Byrne Grant fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount		ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES:						
Revenue from other agencies	\$	60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 27,815	\$	(32,185)
Total revenues		60,000	 60,000	 27,821		(32,179)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public Safety		2,857	2,857	2,682		175
Total expenditures		2,857	2,857	2,682		175
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		57,143	 57,143	25,139		(32,004)
OTHER FINANCING (USES):						
Transfers (out)		(57,143)	(57,143)	(50,200)		6,943
Total other financing (uses)		(57,143)	(57,143)	(50,200)		6,943
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,857	\$ 2,857	(25,061)	\$	(25,236)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				 61		
End of year				\$ (25,000)		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Street Impact Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES: Taxes Investment income and rentals	Original Budget  \$ 1,264,357 2,000	Final Budget  \$ 1,264,357 2,000	Actual Amount \$ 1,314,529 3,772	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)  \$ 50,172 1,772
Total revenues	1,266,357	1,266,357	1,318,301	51,944
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Public works	700	700	724	(24)
Total expenditures	700	700	724	(24)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,265,657	1,265,657	1,317,577	51,920
OTHER FINANCING (USES):				
Transfers (out)	(1,289,440)	(1,289,440)	(1,289,440)	
Total other financing (uses)	(1,289,440)	(1,289,440)	(1,289,440)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (23,783)	\$ (23,783)	28,137	\$ 51,920
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year			312,937	
End of year			\$ 341,074	

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	B	riginal udget	1	Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive egative)
Fines and penalties	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	118,658	\$	33,658
Investment income and rentals		300		300		134		(166)
Total revenues		85,300	1	85,300		118,792		33,492
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public Safety		90		90		75		15
•		_						
Total expenditures		90		90	-	75		15
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		85,210		85,210		118,717		33,507
OTHER FINANCING (USES):								
Transfers (out)		(85,000)		(85,000)		(85,000)		-
Total other financing (uses)		(85,000)		(85,000)		(85,000)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	210	\$	210		33,717	\$	33,507
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						20,980		
End of year					\$	54,697		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule PEG Franchise Fee Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Actual Budget Amount			Fina F	ance with al Budget Positive Tegative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	280,000	\$	280,000	\$	256,709	\$	(23,291)
Investment income and rentals		8,000		8,000		6,560		(1,440)
<b>Total revenues</b>		288,000		288,000		263,269		(24,731)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		84,295		103,973		27,244		76,729
Capital outlay		550,000		430,321		111,625		318,696
Total expenditures		634,295		534,294		138,869		395,425
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(346,295)		(246,294)		124,400		370,694
Net change in fund balances	\$	(346,295)	\$	(246,294)		124,400	\$	370,694
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						1,471,090		
End of year					\$	1,595,490		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule East Lone Tree Benefit District Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Investment income and rentals	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	349	\$	(651)
Current Service Charges						930,000		930,000
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		930,349		929,349
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public Works		500,000		500,000		2,297		497,703
Total expenditures		500,000		500,000		2,297		497,703
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(499,000)		(499,000)		928,052		1,427,052
Net change in fund balances	\$	(499,000)	\$	(499,000)		928,052	\$	1,427,052
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						914,923		
					Φ.	1,842,975		
End of year					Ψ	1,042,970		

#### City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Post Retirement Medical Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						41		
Investment income and rentals	\$	1,400	\$	1,400	\$	(33)	\$	1,433
Charges for services		1,425,000		1,425,000		1,458,808		2,883,808
Total revenues		1,426,400		1,426,400		1,458,775		2,885,241
EXPENDITURES: General Government Public safety  Total expenditures		941,890 587,266 1,529,156		950,558 677,266 1,627,824		869,440 593,122 1,462,562		81,118 84,144 165,262
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(102,756)		(201,424)		(3,787)		2,719,979
Net change in fund balances	\$	(102,756)	\$	(201,424)		(3,787)	\$	2,719,979
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year						194,597		
End of year					\$	190,810		

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#### NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

**Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the general debt service of the City and related entities.

#### Golf Course Clubhouse/Irrigation

In 1985 and 1994, the City of Antioch participated in the Association of Bay Area Governments' pooled Certificates of Participation to fund improvements to the clubhouse at the City's golf course and irrigation system, respectively. The fund accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest from a portion of the fees collected and transmitted by the Antioch Public Golf Corporation. These bonds were refinanced in fiscal year 2015 with the issuance of the Antioch Public Financing Authority 2015A Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds.

#### **Honeywell Capital Lease**

In 2009, the City entered into a lease agreement with Bank of America for funding of interior building lighting retrofit, and street and park lighting retrofit. Energy savings as a result of the project are used to pay debt service.

#### City of Antioch Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Debt Service Funds June 30, 2018

	201	ABAG/ 2015 Lease Revenue		eywell oital ase	T	otal
ASSETS						
Accounts receivable, net	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Prepaid items		303		-		303
Restricted cash and investments		201				201
Total assets	\$	504	\$	_	\$	504
LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES						
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	303	\$	-	\$	303
Restricted for:						
Debt service		201				201
Total fund balances		504				504
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	504	\$		\$	504

# **City of Antioch**

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Debt Service Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	201	ABAG/ 2015 Lease Revenue		Honeywell Capital Lease		Total
REVENUES:						
Investment income and rentals	\$	201	\$	-	\$	201
Total revenues		201				201
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		1,201,439		-		1,201,439
Debt service:						
Principal retirements		180,000		474,511		654,511
Interest and fiscal charges		161,847		64,323		226,170
Total expenditures		1,543,286		538,834		2,082,120
REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	1,543,085)		(538,834)		(2,081,919)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:						
Transfer in		1,543,287		538,834		2,082,121
Total other financing sources		1,543,287		538,834		2,082,121
Net change in fund balances		202		-		202
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year		302		_		302
End of year	\$	504	\$	_	\$	504

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### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

*Capital Projects Funds* are utilized to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, with the exception of those assets financed by proprietary funds.

### **Prewett Community Park**

This fund accounts for the construction of the Prewett Community Center. The City is reimbursed for expenses by the Antioch Area Public Facilities Financing Agency through mello roos bond proceeds.

### **Special Assessment Districts**

These funds were established to account for construction and acquisition of land and public improvements in various assessment districts. Financing is provided by assessment bond proceeds.

### **Hillcrest Bridge District**

This fund accounts for developer fees collected to fund bridge construction in the Hillcrest Area.

### **Residential Development Allocation**

This fund accounts for contributions by developers for various projects as determined by the City Council.

### **Development Impact Fee**

This fund accounts for Development Impact Fees established pursuant to Ordinance 2079-C-S in order to defray the costs of certain public facilities required to serve new development within the City.

# City of Antioch Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Capital Project Funds June 30, 2018

		Special Assessment Districts					
	rewett mmunity Park		Hillcrest District #26		Lone Diamond		Hillcrest Bridge District
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 129,305	\$	367,500	\$	104,755	\$	139,336
Accounts receivable, net	10,114						
Total assets	\$ 139,419	\$	367,500	\$	104,755	\$	139,336
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 9,438	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Deposits	 111,157						-
Total liabilities	 120,595						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable AAPFFA receipts	 3,195						-
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,195		_		_		_
FUND BALANCES							
Fund Balances:							
Restricted	-		-		-		-
Assigned for:							
Capital Projects	15,629		-		-		139,336
Community Beenfit Programs	-		-		-		-
AD 26	-		367,500		-		-
AD 27	 				104,755		
Total fund balances	 15,629		367,500		104,755		139,336
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances	\$ 139,419	\$	367,500	\$	104,755	\$	139,336

Re	esidential	De	velopment					
De	velopment		Impact					
A	llocation		Fee		Total			
-								
\$	380,690	\$	577,225	\$	1,698,811			
					10,114			
\$	380,690	\$	577,225	\$	1,708,925			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,438			
	-		-		111,157			
	_		_		120,595			
	-		-		3,195			
	-		-		3,195			
	-		577,225		577,225			
	-		-		154,965			
	380,690		-		380,690			
	-		-		367,500			
	-		-		104,755			
	380,690		577,225		1,585,135			
\$	380,690	\$	577,225	\$	1,708,925			

# **City of Antioch**

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Capital Project Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Special	Assess	sment [	Districts	
	Con	ewett nmunity Park	Hillcre		Lone Diamond		Hillcrest Bridge District
REVENUES:							_
Investment income and rentals	\$	508	\$	1,721	\$	3,197	\$ 628
Revenue from other agencies		14,782		-		-	-
Current service charges						7	 229
Total revenues		15,290		1,721		3,204	857
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		240		8,274		6,067	299
Community development		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		17,977					-
Total expenditures		18,217		8,274		6,067	299
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,927)		6,553)		(2,863)	 558
OTHER FINANCING (USES):							
Transfers (out)						(379,000)	 -
Total other financing uses			-			(379,000)	 -
Net change in fund balances		(2,927)	(	6,553)		(381,863)	558
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		18,556	37	4,053		486,618	138,778
End of year	\$	15,629	\$ 36	7,500	\$	104,755	\$ 139,336

Re	sidential	De	velopment	
Dev	elopment		Impact	
Al	location		Fee	Total
\$	1,942	\$	1,535	\$ 9,531
	-		-	14,782
	-		179,845	180,081
	1,942		181,380	204,394
	-		970	15,850
	33,640		-	33,640
	-			 17,977
	33,640		970	67,467
	(31,698)		180,410	136,927
				(379,000)
	-			(379,000)
	(31,698)		180,410	(242,073)
	412,388		396,815	1,827,208
\$	380,690	\$	577,225	\$ 1,585,135

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Prewett Community Park Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	ginal dget	Final Budget	Actual .mount	Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:					
Investment income and rentals	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 508	\$	383
Revenue from other agencies	 	 -	 14,782		14,782
Total revenues	125	 125	 15,290		15,165
EXPENDITURES:					
Public works	-	-	240		(240)
Capital outlay	 _	 27,204	 17,977		9,227
Total expenditures		 27,204	 18,217		8,987
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	125	 (27,079)	(2,927)		24,152
Net change in fund balances	\$ 125	\$ (27,079)	(2,927)	\$	24,152
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			 18,556		
End of year			\$ 15,629		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Hillcrest District #26 Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	riginal udget	1	Final Budget	Actual amount	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:						
Investment income and rentals	\$ 800	\$	800	\$ 1,721	\$	921
Total revenues	 800		800	1,721		921
EXPENDITURES:						
Public works	1,609		1,609	8,274		(6,665)
Capital outlay	 210,000		229,535			229,535
Total expenditures	211,609		231,144	8,274		222,870
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (210,809)		(230,344)	 (6,553)		223,791
Net change in fund balances	\$ (210,809)	\$	(230,344)	(6,553)	\$	223,791
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				374,053		
End of year				\$ 367,500		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Lone Diamond Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	riginal udget	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Investment income and rentals Current service charges	\$ 500	\$	500	\$	3,197 7	\$	2,697 7
Total revenues	 500		500		3,204		2,704
EXPENDITURES:							
Public works	 7,603		7,603		6,067		1,536
Total expenditures	 7,603		7,603		6,067		1,536
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (7,103)		(7,103)		(2,863)		4,240
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers (out)	 250,000		379,000		(379,000)	1	758,000
Total other financing uses	 250,000		379,000		(379,000)		758,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ 242,897	\$	371,897		(381,863)	\$	762,240
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					486,618		
End of year				\$	104,755		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Hillcrest Bridge District Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

DEVENTE		iginal Idget	Final udget	ctual nount	Final Pos	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES:	•	<b></b>	<b></b>	(20	4	(22)
Investment income and rentals Current service charges	\$	650 -	\$ 650 -	\$ 628 229	\$	(22) 229
Total revenues		650	650	857		207
EXPENDITURES:						
Public works		333	333	299		34
Total expenditures		333	333	 299		34
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		317	317	558		241
Net change in fund balances	\$	317	\$ 317	558	\$	241
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				138,778		
End of year				\$ 139,336		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Residential Development Allocation Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Origir Budg		Final Budget	Actual .mount	Fina F	ance with al Budget Positive (egative)
REVENUES:						
Investment income and rentals	\$	 \$	-	\$ 1,942	\$	1,942
Total revenues		 		 1,942		1,942
EXPENDITURES:						
Community development		 	413,052	 33,640		379,412
Total expenditures		 	413,052	 33,640		379,412
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		 	(413,052)	(31,698)		381,354
Net change in fund balances	\$	 \$	(413,052)	(31,698)	\$	381,354
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				 412,388		
End of year				\$ 380,690		

# City of Antioch Budgetary Comparison Schedule Development Impact Fee Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:						
Investment income and rentals	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$	1,535	\$	(3,465)
Current service charges	258,950	258,950		179,845		(79,105)
Total revenues	263,950	263,950		181,380		(82,570)
EXPENDITURES: Public Works	1,000	1,000		970		30
Total expenditures	 1,000	 1,000		970		30
Total expenditures	 1,000	 1,000		970		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	262,950	 262,950		180,410		(82,540)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 262,950	\$ 262,950		180,410	\$	(82,540)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year				396,815		
End of year			\$	577,225		

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### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

*Internal Service Funds* are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated City department for other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

### Vehicle Repair and Replacement

This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles and equipment used by all City departments. The source of revenue for this fund is rental fees charged to the various departments.

### Office Equipment Replacement

This fund accounts for the costs incurred for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of office equipment used by City departments. The source of revenue for this fund is rental fees charged to the various user departments.

### Loss Control Fund

These funds are used to pay workers' compensation insurance premiums and the salary of the administrative analyst.

# City of Antioch Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Services Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Vehicle Repair & Replacement	Office Equipment Replacement	Loss Control	Total
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 4,358,389	\$ 2,443,927	\$ 41,549	\$ 6,843,865
Accounts receivable, net	231	4,221	-	4,452
Materials, parts and supplies	179,383	-	-	179,383
Prepaid items		103,816		103,816
Total current assets	4,538,003	2,551,964	41,549	7,131,516
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Vehicles and equipment	8,462,775	2,886,305	-	11,349,080
Improvements Other than buildings	187,940	79,534	-	267,474
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,130,736)	(2,527,795)		(9,658,531)
Net capital assets	1,519,979	438,044		1,958,023
Total assets	6,057,982	2,990,008	41,549	9,089,539
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	54,043	19,855	1	73,899
Accrued payroll	6,931	14,271	-	21,202
Current portion of compensated absences	8,584	10,474		19,058
Total current liabilities	69,558	44,600	1	114,159
Long-term liabilities:				
Compensated absences	77,254	94,264		171,518
Total long-term liabilities	77,254	94,264		171,518
Total liabilities	146,812	138,864	1	285,677
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,519,979	438,044	-	1,958,023
Unrestricted	4,391,191	2,413,100	41,548	6,845,839
Total net position	\$ 5,911,170	\$ 2,851,144	\$ 41,548	\$ 8,803,862
Total net position	ψ 5,711,170	Ψ 2,001,144	Ψ 41,040	ψ 0,000,002

# City of Antioch Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Services Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Vehicle Repair & Replacement	Office Equipment Replacement	Loss Control	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,068,200	\$ 1,694,032	\$ 1,652,179	\$ 5,414,411
Other revenue	815,645	439,617	5,108	1,260,370
Total operating revenues	2,883,845	2,133,649	1,657,287	6,674,781
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Wages and benefits	530,461	1,073,819	-	1,604,280
Contractual services	224,097	707,343	1,865,293	2,796,733
Tools and supplies	492,045	54,339	2,919	549,303
Depreciation	305,464	59,441	-	364,905
Repairs and maintenance	334,996	37,065		372,061
Total operating expenses	1,887,063	1,932,007	1,868,212	5,687,282
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	996,782	201,642	(210,925)	987,499
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Gain (loss) on sale of property	50,260	-	-	50,260
Investment income	8,641	4,802	988	14,431
Total nonoperating revenues	58,901	4,802	988	64,691
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL				
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	1,055,683	206,444	(209,937)	1,052,190
Capital contribution - City	14,712	-	-	14,712
Transfers in		318,146		318,146
Net income (loss)	1,070,395	524,590	(209,937)	1,385,048
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year	4,840,775	2,326,554	251,485	7,418,814
End of year	\$ 5,911,170	\$ 2,851,144	\$ 41,548	\$ 8,803,862

# City of Antioch Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Services Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Vehicle Repair & Replacement	Office Equipment Replacement	Loss Control	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash receipt from other funds	\$ 2,886,735	\$ 2,134,501	\$ 1,657,287	\$ 6,678,523
Cash payment to suppliers for goods and services  Cash payment to employees for services	(1,053,827)	(894,559)	(1,868,218)	(3,816,604)
	(520,911)	(1,066,963)	(210,021)	(1,587,874)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,311,997	172,979	(210,931)	1,274,045
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers in	-	318,146	_	318,146
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		318,146		318,146
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital asset additions	(27,347)	-	_	(27,347)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	50,260			50,260
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	22,913			22,913
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received (paid)	8,641	4,802	988	14,431
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	8,641	4,802	988	14,431
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,343,551	495,927	(209,943)	1,629,535
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,014,838	1,948,000	251,492	5,214,330
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 4,358,389	\$ 2,443,927	\$ 41,549	\$ 6,843,865
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities:	\$ 996,782	\$ 201,642	\$ (210,925)	\$ 987,499
Depreciation Decrease (increase) in:	305,464	59,441	-	364,905
Accounts receivable	2,890	852	-	3,742
Materials, parts, and supplies	12,356	-	-	12,356
Prepaid items	28	(80,352)	-	(80,324)
Increase (decrease) in:				,
Accounts payable	(15,073)	(15,460)	(6)	(30,539)
Accrued payroll	1,375	3,811	-	5,186
Accrued compensated absences	8,175	3,045	¢ (210.021)	11,220
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,311,997	\$ 172,979	\$ (210,931)	\$ 1,274,045

#### AGENCY FUNDS

**Agency Funds** account for assets held by a governmental unit in the capacity of agent for individuals, governmental entities, and nonpublic organizations.

### **Employee Benefits**

This fund serves as a clearing account for certain employee benefits. Funds come from payroll expenditures and are disbursed to the different employee benefit providers.

### Storm Drain Districts D55 and D56

The City collects storm drain fees from developers and builders. This fund accounts for all the fees collected and sent to the County on quarterly basis. The City receives an administrative fee equal to 0.5% of the total fees collected.

### Refundable Cash Bond

The Engineering Department requires developers to post a bond for certain projects. This fund serves as a holding account for the bonds issued and deposited in a noninterest bearing checking account.

### **Fire Protection**

The City has entered into an agreement with the Contra Costa Consolidated Fire District whereby the City collects fire protection facility fees from developers based on the number of units built. Fees are to provide fire protection facilities only.

### **East County Water Management Association**

The Governing Board of the East County Water Management Association has authorized the City to account for the financial operations of the association. The City's Finance Director uses this fund to record collections and disbursements of funds as authorized by the Association.

# City of Antioch

# **Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities**

# **Agency Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017		Additions	I	Deductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018
<b>Employee Benefits</b>								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,195,721	\$	1,135,259	\$	(1,128,792)	\$	1,202,188
Total assets	\$	1,195,721	\$	1,135,259	\$	(1,128,792)	\$	1,202,188
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,122,158	\$	1,135,259	\$	(1,122,158)	\$	1,135,259
Due to others		73,563				(6,634)		66,929
Total Liabilities	\$	1,195,721	\$	1,135,259	\$	(1,128,792)	\$	1,202,188
Storm Drain Districts D55 & D56								
Assets:  Cash and investments	\$	3,356	\$	502,167	\$	(228)	\$	505,295
	Ψ	3,330	Ψ	302,107	Ψ	(220)	Ψ	303,293
Liabilities:	¢.	2.25(	¢.	E00 177	ď	(228)	¢.	E0E 20E
Accounts payable	\$	3,356	\$	502,167	\$	(228)	\$	505,295
Refundable Cash Bond								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	464,045	\$	81,045	\$	(97,045)	\$	448,045
Liabilities:					'			
Accounts payable		30,300		10,300		(30,300)	\$	10,300
Due to others		433,745		81,045		(77,045)		437,745
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	\$	464,045	\$	91,345	\$	(107,345)	\$	448,045
Fire Protection								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	231,386	\$	44,654	\$	(2,237)	\$	273,803
	\$	231,386	\$	44,654	\$	(2,237)	\$	273,803
Liabilities:							-	
Due to others	\$	231,386	\$	44,654	\$	(2,237)	\$	273,803
Total liabilities	\$	231,386	\$	44,654	\$	(2,237)	\$	273,803
ECWMA								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	15,899	\$	4,299	\$	(765)	\$	19,433
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	15,899	\$	4,299	\$	(765)	\$	19,433
Total - All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,910,407	\$	1,767,424	\$	(1,229,067)	\$	2,448,764
Total assets	\$	1,910,407	\$	1,767,424	\$	(1,229,067)	\$	2,448,764
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,155,814	\$	1,647,726	\$	(1,152,686)	\$	1,650,854
Due to others		754,593		129,998		(86,681)		797,910
Total liabilities	\$	1,910,407	\$	1,777,724	\$	(1,239,367)	\$	2,448,764
	_							

## STATISTICAL SECTION

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	182
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenues. Property tax is the City's most significant revenue.	187
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	192
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	197
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These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

### Net Position by Component **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year																			
	2009		2010	_	2011	_	2012		2013		2014		2015			2016		2017		2018
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 279,	10 \$	292,426	\$	295,764	s	302,099	\$	325,151	\$	329,692	\$	326,664		\$	323,132	\$	312,206	\$	307,094
Restricted	46,		44,812	-	48,611	-	43,431	-	43,227	-	41,108	_	38,858		-	37,657	_	39,323	-	44,729
Unrestricted	22,		19,453		14,010		21,104		16,543		15,064		(49,846)	(1)		(40,948)		(34,184)		(75,016) (2)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 348,8			\$		\$	366,634	\$	384,921	\$		\$	315,676	(-)	\$	319,841	\$	317,345	\$	276,807
	-					-				-										
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 150,9	85 \$	149,207	\$	150,008	\$	149,127	\$	148,026	\$	148,514	\$	148,726		\$	148,729	\$	149,447	\$	148,450
Restricted	2,	56	1,673		1,476		1,554		1,432		-		-			-		-		-
Unrestricted	21,	79	25,411		31,856	_	33,195	_	38,130	_	41,634		26,144			31,387		36,587		40,303
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 175,	20 \$	176,291	\$	183,340	\$	183,876	\$	187,588	\$	190,148	\$	174,870		\$	180,116	\$	186,034	\$	188,753
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 430,	95 \$	441,633	\$	445,772	\$	451,226	\$	473,177	\$	478,206	\$	475,390		\$	471,861	\$	461,653	\$	455,544
Restricted	49,	66	46,485		50,087		44,985		44,659		41,108		38,858			37,657		39,323		44,729
Unrestricted	44,	79	44,864		45,866		54,299		54,673		56,698		(23,702)	(1)		(9,561)		2,403		(34,713) (2)
Total primary government net position	\$ 524,2	40 \$	532,982	\$	541,725	\$	550,510	\$	572,509	\$	576,012	\$	490,546		\$	499,957	\$	503,379	\$	465,560

<sup>(1)</sup> Significant decrease in net position from fiscal year 2014 due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 requiring recognition of net pension liability. (2) Significant decrease in net position from fiscal year 2017 due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 requiring recognition of net OPEB liability.

### **Changes in Net Position**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### (accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses Governmental activities: General government Public works Public safety Parks and recreation Community development Interest on long-term liabilities Total governmental activities	\$ 9,338 19,452 30,296 4,497 8,683 2,195 74,461	\$ 7,379 13,305 28,228 4,397 8,052 2,206 63,567	\$ 6,640 16,147 26,376 4,203 7,013 2,316 62,695	\$ 6,736 13,671 25,637 4,134 3,204 1,865 55,247	\$ 5,937 17,438 27,303 3,964 2,121 422 57,185	\$ 8,802 15,359 26,453 3,827 2,571 397 57,409	\$ 6,912 19,043 30,900 4,185 3,657 427 65,124	\$ 8,932 17,564 31,563 4,264 2,942 262 65,527	\$ 3,414 18,855 40,084 5,295 4,273 198 72,119	\$ 5,162 17,670 42,697 5,298 6,422 198
Business-type activities Water Sewer Marina Prewett Water Park Total business-type activities Total primary government expenses	22,900 2,973 1,175 2,299 29,347 \$ 103,808	20,371 3,464 1,012 2,084 26,931 \$ 90,498	18,948 3,118 1,005 1,740 24,811 \$ 87,506	25,244 3,112 1,050 1,762 31,168 \$ 86,415	23,123 4,007 1,129 1,878 30,137 \$ 87,322	25,751 4,668 1,076 1,920 33,415 \$ 90,824	23,308 5,439 1,016 1,983 31,746 \$ 96,870	22,334 5,528 1,108 2,024 30,994 \$ 96,521	24,458 5,863 1,026 2,167 33,514 \$ 105,633	28,642 6,898 1,159 2,177 38,876 \$ 116,323
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges for services: General government Public works Public safety Community development Other activities Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 2,850 1,572 1,621 2,755 637 6,136 8,789 24,360	\$ 2,536 2,895 1,678 1,262 646 5,971 17,425 32,413	\$ 1,360 3,369 1,270 1,147 560 9,846 8,568 26,120	\$ 1,474 2,429 1,254 2,018 701 9,802 1,896	\$ 1,642 1,745 1,303 3,174 700 8,742 2,308 19,614	\$ 1,824 3,152 1,401 1,479 789 5,879 8,118 22,642	\$ 3,752 1,666 1,407 2,809 872 8,880 1,836 21,222	\$ 2,098 1,573 1,482 2,812 816 5,515 2,324 16,620	\$ 312 4,339 1,312 2,065 721 4,801 2,233 15,783	\$ 560 4,320 783 2,903 1,104 8,194 1,473 19,337
Business-type activities: Fines, forfeitures and charges for services Water Sewer Marina Prewett Water Park Capital grants and contributions: Water Sewer Marina Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	20,180 3,816 811 955 1,214 1,397 28,373 \$ 52,733	19,293 4,050 711 927 918 714 - 26,613 \$ 59,026	21,687 4,320 658 1,040 1,159 1,004 29,868 \$ 55,988	23,395 4,453 681 910 939 393 30,771 \$ 50,345	25,129 4,523 645 854 1,328 524 747 33,750 \$ 53,364	25,907 4,714 591 866 1,008 1,193 304 34,583 \$ 57,225	24,430 5,013 516 789 1,235 1,063 33,046 \$ 54,268	26,192 5,395 471 730 831 1,387 185 35,191 \$ 51,811	29,815 5,755 516 846 391 293 37,616 \$ 53,399	35,683 6,032 600 891 412 160 1,232 45,010 \$ 64,347
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	\$ (50,101) (974) \$ (51,075)	\$ (31,154) (318) \$ (31,472)	\$ (36,575) 5,057 \$ (31,518)	\$ (35,673) (397) \$ (36,070)	\$ (37,571) 3,613 \$ (33,958)	\$ (34,767) 1,168 \$ (33,599)	\$ (43,902) 1,300 \$ (42,602)	\$ (48,907) 4,197 \$ (44,710)	\$ (56,336) 4,102 \$ (52,234)	\$ (58,110) 6,134 \$ (51,976)

## Changes in Net Position

# Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

### (amounts expressed in thousands) - Continued

	Fiscal Year										
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
General Revenues and Other Changes											
In Net Position											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes	\$ 25,121	\$ 21,012	\$ 19,781	\$ 15,612	\$ 11,676	\$ 12,625	\$ 15,129	\$ 16,796	\$ 18,631	\$ 19,452	
Transient lodging tax	242	113	80	120	116	136	150	158	178	209	
Franchise	3,466	4,172	3,901	4,166	4,042	4,188	4,406	4,616	4,767	5,226	
Business license fees based on gross receipts	1,024	1,084	1,010	1,048	1,165	1,172	1,964	3,121	3,916	4,428	
Property transfer taxes	432	344	255	283	313	363	382	461	443	521	
Sales and use tax	9,909	9,476	9,340	10,476	11,074	12,532	17,597	19,925	20,000	20,155	
Motor vehicle in lieu	344	297	467	51	53	45	43	45	51	60	
Park in lieu	388	49	45	215	443	338	120	50	142	256	
Investment income not restricted	2,042	595	454	355	177	305	278	582	1,421	854	
Other	3,900	1,881	2,867	2,765	3,761	3,956	3,455	6,168	4,578	3,449	
Special item - Contribution from Successor Agy	-	-	-	638	-	-	-	1,467	1,000	-	
Extraordinary items - Redevelopment Dissolution	-	-	-	7,719	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	(965)	3	69	473	183	191	798	(317)	(1,288)	(55)	
Total government activities	45,903	39,026	38,269	43,921	33,003	35,851	44,322	53,072	53,839	54,555	
Business-type activities:											
Investment income not restricted	825	360	349	315	204	392	334	630	183	244	
Other	1,214	831	1,711	1,091	78	1,190	117	102	346	31	
Transfers	965	(3)	(69)	(473)	(183)	(191)	(798)	317	1,288	55	
Total business type activities	3,004	1,188	1,991	933	99	1,391	(347)	1,049	1,817	330	
Total primary government	\$ 48,907	\$ 40,214	\$ 40,260	\$ 44,854	\$ 33,102	\$ 37,242	\$ 43,975	\$ 54,121	\$ 55,656	\$ 54,885	
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$ (4,198)	\$ 7,872	\$ 1,694	\$ 8,248	\$ (4,568)	\$ 1,084	\$ 420	\$ 4,165	\$ (2,497)	\$ (3,555)	
Business-type activities	2,030	870	7,048	536	3,712	2,559	953	5,246	5,919	6,464	
Total primary government	\$ (2,168)	\$ 8,742	\$ 8,742	\$ 8,784	\$ (856)	\$ 3,643	\$ 1,373	\$ 9,411	\$ 3,422	\$ 2,909	

### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
-	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 894	\$ 259	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	4,392	5,488	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	34	60	91	206	38	224	220	116
Committed	-	-	102	94	602	1,497	4,524	4,946	3,546	20,854
Assigned	-	-	92	298	277	126	1,086	144	1,270	2,189
Unassigned			6,557	8,037	9,140	9,006	11,531	17,590	25,979	11,428
Total general fund	\$ 5,286	\$ 5,747	\$ 6,785	\$ 8,489	\$ 10,110	\$ 10,835	\$ 17,179	\$ 22,904	\$ 31,015	\$ 34,587
	1									
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	\$ 15,430	\$ 13,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	18,253	20,496	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	3,767	2,034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	3,562	35	363	142	134	132	149	106
Restricted	-	-	21,494	23,294	22,447	20,807	38,440	37,332	37,602	41,822
Committed	-	-	5,566	6,017	3,446	2,869	3,275	3,715	3,630	3,713
Assigned	-	-	4,675	4,636	3,521	2,296	2,432	2,925	3,259	1,062
Unassigned			(2,412)			(4)	(102)	(184)		(116)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 37,450	\$ 35,958	\$ 32,885	\$ 33,982	\$ 29,777	\$ 26,110	\$ 44,179	\$ 43,920	\$ 44,640	\$ 46,587

Note: Fiscal years 2007 through 2010 are pre-implementation of GASB 54. Fiscal year 2011 represents new fund balance classifications post implementation of GASB 54.

## Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

### (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year									
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 42,165	\$ 37,744	\$ 37,384	\$ 34,424	\$ 30,792	\$ 34,300	\$ 42,635	\$ 47,415	\$ 49,569	\$ 53,481
Licenses and permits	735	857	798	1,096	1,655	1,303	1,178	1,149	1,243	1,356
Fines and penalties	362	306	189	154	142	146	134	191	272	290
Investment income and rentals	2,491	1,380	1,064	1,065	1,437	1,520	1,485	1,762	1,404	1,121
Revenue from other agencies	10,667	20,602	14,699	8,470	9,952	10,244	5,598	4,690	3,345	5,603
Current service charges	11,106	9,418	8,391	8,323	8,112	10,335	11,011	11,518	5,748	6,356
Special assessment revenue	2,731	2,793	2,775	2,879	2,850	2,904	2,985	2,994	2,978	3,100
Contribution from Successor Agency Trust	2.052	-		638	4 220		-	- 470	- 201	4.004
Other	3,852	1,161	2,253	2,315	1,238	1,754	2,368	3,472	3,301	1,994
Total Revenues	74,109	74,261	67,553	59,364	56,178	62,506	67,394	73,191	67,860	73,301
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	8,976	6,971	6,073	5,702	5,331	6,357	6.109	8,623	2.079	4,315
Public works	12,888	7.159	8,587	6,652	7,803	8,450	11.128	10,593	10.186	8,740
Public safety	31,202	29,340	26,928	26,065	26,959	28,786	31,826	34,989	36,947	38,727
Parks and recreation	4,023	3,776	3,594	3,641	3,209	3,331	3,491	3,711	4,001	3,905
Community development	11,308	9,685	8,856	3,968	3,094	3,005	4,527	3,778	4,314	6,234
Capital outlay	8,176	20,331	13,183	4,614	10,753	14,562	4,945	3,627	1,894	4,609
Debt service:	0,170	20,331	13,103	4,014	10,755	14,502	4,743	3,021	1,074	4,000
Principal retirement	1,255	1,345	1.764	2.115	509	536	5,310	560	622	655
Interest	2,167	2,133	2,290	1,999	412	390	359	311	248	222
Fiscal charges	14	14	19	18	9	6	3	4	5	4
Bond issuance costs	1-1	29	17	10	_	-	59	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	80,009	80,783	71,294	54,774	58,079	65,423	67,757	66,196	60,296	67,411
Total Experiences	00,000	00,700	71,271	01,771	50,015	00,120	01,101	00,170	00,250	07,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(5,900)	(6,522)	(3,741)	4,590	(1,901)	(2,917)	(363)	6,995	7,564	5,890
(under) expenditures										
Other financing sources (uses)	40.400	40.000		0.400		=	= 000		0.000	==04
Transfers in	13,130	12,380	11,264	9,438	6,355	7,408	5,990	6,312	8,088	7,591
Transfer out	(14,231)	(11,147)	(11,430)	(9,285)	(6,397)	(7,433)	(5,871)	(6,841)	(7,821)	(7,963)
Capital lease	-	2,177	1,873	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds of bonds	-	2,081	-	-	-	-	3,840	-	-	-
Bond premium				(4.0.40)			583	(4.000)	-	-
Extraordinary item				(1,942)				(1,000)	1,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,101)	5,491	1,707	(1,789)	(42)	(25)	4,542	(1,529)	1,267	(372)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (7,001)	\$ (1,031)	\$ (2,034)	\$ 2,801	\$ (1,943)	\$ (2,942)	\$ 4,179	\$ 5,466	\$ 8,831	\$ 5,518
Dobt compies as a moreonte as of										
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures	4.76%	5.75%	6.98%	8.20%	1.95%	1.82%	9.03%	1.39%	1.49%	1.40%
non-capital experientures	4./0%	3.73%	0.90%	0.20%	1.93%	1.04%	9.03%	1.39%	1.49%	1.40 %

### Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

# (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				Motor Vehicle			Transient		Business	Property	
Fiscal	Property	Sales	Sales Tax	In Lieu	Gax	RMRA	Lodging	Franchise	License	Transfer	
Year	Tax	Tax (1)	Measure C (2	2) Tax (VLF)	Tax	Tax (3)	Tax	Taxes	Tax	Tax	Total
2009	\$ 25,121	\$ 9,909	\$ -	\$ 343	\$ 1,627	\$ -	\$ 242	\$ 3,466	\$ 1,024	\$ 432	\$ 42,164
2010	21,012	9,476	-	297	1,660	-	113	3,757	1,084	344	37,743
2011	19,781	9,340	-	467	2,550	-	80	3,900	1,010	255	37,383
2012	15,612	10,476	-	51	2,876	-	120	3,958	1,048	283	34,424
2013	11,676	11,074	-	53	2,353	-	116	4,042	1,165	313	30,792
2014	12,625	11,587	899	45	3,286	-	136	4,188	1,171	363	34,300
2015	15,129	12,014	5,584	43	2,966	-	150	4,406	1,964	382	42,638
2016	16,796	12,573	6,821	44	2,246	-	158	4,616	3,121	461	46,836
2017	18,631	12,263	6,535	51	2,188	-	178	4,767	3,915	443	48,971
2018	19,452	12,658	6,869	60	2,404	527	209	5,226	4,428	521	52,354

<sup>(1)</sup> Sales tax is levied at 8.25% (8.5% prior to 1/1/17) on retail sales and/or consumption of personal property,

<sup>1%</sup> of the total tax rate is allocated to the City.

 $<sup>(2) \</sup> Measure \ C \ is \ a \ half-cent \ sales \ tax \ on \ retail \ sales \ and/or \ consumption \ of \ personal \ property \ which \ became \ effective \ April \ 1,2014 \ .$ 

<sup>(3)</sup> RMRA enacted by SB 1 passed by California legislature. 2018 is first year of collections.

### CITY OF ANTIOCH Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Total Secured Tax Roll	Unsecured Tax Roll	Less Homeowners' Exemptions	Less Other Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Less Redevelopment Assessed Valuation	Value of Taxable Property	Amount Allocated to City (a)
2009	\$ 10,108,077	\$ 224,814	\$ (126,214)	\$ (674,711)	\$ 9,531,966	\$ (754,155)	\$ 8,777,811	10.01%
2010	8,011,789	235,898	(123,979)	(687,894)	7,435,814	(765,856)	6,669,958	9.66%
2011	7,662,034	220,183	(121,652)	(691,413)	7,069,152	(724,248)	6,344,904	9.65%
2012	7,155,541	205,339	(116,601)	(683,407)	6,560,872	(723,955)	5,836,917	(a)
2013	7,109,642	196,571	(111,761)	(696,290)	6,498,162	(641,397)	5,856,765	(a)
2014	7,616,910	189,173	(106,871)	(711,013)	6,988,199	(613,598)	6,374,601	(a)
2015	8,904,098	176,385	(103,063)	(721,103)	8,256,317	(592,222)	7,664,095	10.05%
2016	9,552,650	200,649	(100,989)	(728,610)	8,923,700	(600,330)	8,323,370	(a)
2017	10,137,210	204,440	(98,427)	(754,156)	9,489,067	(655,249)	8,833,818	(a)
2018	10,752,279	191,460	(95,663)	(779,398)	10,068,678	(695,151)	9,373,527	(a)

NOTE: In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold.

(a) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The State Constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area. The City of Antioch includes 39 tax rate areas. The percentage presented is the City's share of the 1%. The County could not provide data for these fiscal years.

Source: Contra Costa County Certificate of Assessed Valuations

# City of Antioch Principal Property Taxpayers FY 2017-18 Compared To FY 2008-09 (amounts expressed in thousands, except for Rank and Percentages)

2017-2018 Local Secured Assessed Valuation -

\$10,748,070,558

	2018			2009					
Taxpayer	Total Secured Assessed Value (A)	Rank	Percentage of Total Secured Assessed Value		Total Secured Assessed Value (A)	Rank	Percentage of Total Secured Assessed Value		
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals/Health Plan-Sand Creek \$	418,100	1	3.890%	\$	391,780	1	4.189%		
Sutter East Bay Hospital	116,891	2	1.088%		115,091	2	1.231%		
Reliant-Mira Vista LP	40,794	3	0.380%		-		0.000%		
Sequoia Equities - Cross Pointe	36,260	4	0.337%		-		0.000%		
Camden Village LLC	28,361	5	0.264%		39,509	4	0.422%		
Delta Pines Antioch LP	28,356	6	0.264%		-		0.000%		
Walmart	26,884	7	0.250%		-		0.000%		
Costco Wholesale Corp	24,512	8	0.228%		29,785	8	0.318%		
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals/Health Plan-Delta Fair	24,308	9	0.226%		22,503	1	0.241%		
Westcore II Antioch LLC	24,198	10	0.225%		-		0.000%		
Runaway Bay LLC	-		0.000%		28,304	9	0.303%		
GWF Power Systems Company	-		0.000%		23,355	10	0.250%		
GWF Power Systems Limited Partnership	-		0.000%		23,233	10	0.248%		
Fairfield Antioch LLC	-		0.000%		37,394	5	0.400%		
Southern Energy Delata LLC	-		0.000%		49,238	3	0.526%		
Macerich Partnership	-		0.000%		32,777	6	0.350%		
Inland American & Stephens LLC			0.000%		31,926	7	0.341%		
\$	768,664	=	7.152%	\$	824,895	=	8.819%		

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and Antioch Development Agency

(A) Amounts listed for top ten taxpayers only.

Source: County Assessor's Office via ParcelQuest

### CITY OF ANTIOCH PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Basic County Wide Levy	BART	East Bay Regional Park	Community College 2002 Bonds	Community College 2006 Bonds	Community College 2014 Bonds	Total
2009	1.0000	0.0090	0.01	0.0040	0.0026	-	1.0256
2010	1.0000	0.0057	0.0108	0.0046	0.0080	-	1.0291
2011	1.0000	0.0031	0.0084	0.0049	0.0084	-	1.0248
2012	1.0000	0.0041	0.0071	0.0049	0.0095	-	1.0256
2013	1.0000	0.0043	0.0051	0.0047	0.0040	-	1.0181
2014	1.0000	0.0075	0.0078	0.0043	0.0090	-	1.0286
2015	1.0000	0.0026	0.0067	0.0034	0.0076	0.0110	1.0313
2016	1.0000	0.0026	0.0067	0.0034	0.0076	0.0110	1.0313
2017	1.0000	0.0080	0.0032	0.0033	0.0074	0.0013	1.0232
2018	1.0000	0.0084	0.0021	0.0032	0.0068	1.0219	2.0424

Source: Contra Cost County Assessors Office

### City of Antioch Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Prop Lev	City perty Tax vied and bllected	Ag	Development ency Property x Levied and Collected	 Total Tax Levied and Collected	Percentage of Levy Collected (3)	 Value of City Property Subject To Local Tax Rate	Pı	Value of velopment Agency roperty Subject to Local Tax Rate	Pr	Fotal Value of coperty Subject Local Tax Rate
2009	\$	19,704	\$	7,952	\$ 27,656	100%	\$ 8,777,811	\$	754,155	\$	9,531,966
2010		16,940		7,759	24,699	100%	6,669,959		765,856		7,435,815
2011		16,574		7,348	23,922	100%	6,344,904		724,248		7,069,152
2012		14,187		3,877 (2)	18,064	100%	5,836,917		723,955		6,560,872
2013		15,919		- (2)	15,919	100%	5,856,765		641,397		6,498,162
2014		16,765		- (2)	16,765	100%	6,374,601		613,598		6,988,199
2015		14,927		- (2)	14,927	100%	7,664,094		592,222		8,256,316
2016		12,043		- (2)	12,043	100%	8,323,370		600,330		8,923,700
2017		13,552		- <sup>(2)</sup>	13,552	100%	8,833,818		655,249		9,489,067
2018		13,694		_ (2)	13,694	100%	9,373,527		695,151		10,068,678

 $<sup>(1) \</sup> Figures \ include \ data \ for \ property \ within \ the \ city, \ redevelopment \ project \ areas \ and \ for \ assessments.$ 

Source: Contra Costa County Assessed Valuation Report and Tax Reconciliation Sheet

<sup>(2)</sup> Figure represent taxes levied and collected for development agency through January 31, 2012 prior to dissolution of redevelopment with the passage of ABx 1 26, therefore no redevelopment levies after dissolution are provided to the City.

<sup>(3)</sup> Taxes collected are the same as the amounts levied because Contra Costa County follows California's alternate method of apportionment (the Teeter Plan). Under the Teeter Plan, all amounts levied are apportioned to the County and other taxing agencies regardless of whether they are collected in the current year or not.

### City of Antioch Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

		Gov	ernm	ental Activ	rities				Вι	ısiness-Tyj	ре А	ctivities					Percentage of Estimated	
Fiscal Year	Re	Lease evenue Bonds		Tax location onds (3)		Capital Leases	Water Bonds		Long-term Payable		Loans Payable		Marina Loans		Total Primary Government		Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2009	\$	29,054	\$	11,070	\$	-	\$	3,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,695	\$	47,344	0.54%	473
2010		28,754		12,141		2,177		2,869		-		-		3,568		49,509	0.74%	485
2011		28,369		10,981		3,867		2,195		-		-		3,436		48,848	0.77%	474
2012		27,934		-		3,541		1,511		4,788		-		3,297		41,071	0.70%	395
2013		5,002		-		3,192		770		4,536		-		3,152		16,652	0.28%	159
2014		4,841		-		2,821		-		4,284		-		3,001		14,947	0.23%	141
2015		4,386		-		2,425		-		4,032		-		2,843		13,686	0.18%	127
2016		4,214		-		2,005		-		3,780		-		2,678		12,677	0.15%	112
2017		4,005		-		1,558		-		3,528		197		2,537		11,825	0.13%	104
2018		3,790		_		1,084		_		3,276		682		2,392		11,224	0.12%	99

 $Note: \ Details \ regarding \ the \ City's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be found \ in \ the \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements.$ 

- $\hbox{(1) See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.}\\$
- (2) Population data can be found in the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule
- (3) Tax Allocation Bonds have become an obligation of the Successor Agency to the Antioch Development Agency and no longer on City books.

### City of Antioch Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

he City of Antioch has not had any outstanding general obligation bond debt since 2001-02.										

### **Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Debt limit	\$ 1,549,934	\$ 1,237,153	\$ 1,182,333	\$ 1,104,132	\$ 1,095,932	\$ 1,170,913	\$ 1,362,072	\$ 1,462,995	\$ 1,551,247	\$ 1,641,561	
Total net debt applicable to limit	 -										
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,549,934	\$ 1,237,153	\$ 1,318,322	\$ 1,104,132	\$ 1,095,932	\$ 1,170,913	\$ 1,362,072	\$ 1,462,995	\$ 1,551,247	\$ 1,641,561	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2018

The following numbers are not expressed in thousands:

\$ 10,068,678,304 Assessed value 875,060,939 10,943,739,243 Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value Debt limit (15% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds 1,641,560,886 Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin

Source: City of Antioch Finance Department and Contra Costa County Certificate of Assessed Valuations for fiscal year 2017-18

Note: Beginning in Fiscal Year 2000-01, the City of Antioch did not have any general obligation debt.

However, under State finance law, the City of Antioch's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15% of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

### City of Antioch Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Water Revenue Bonds (1) (in thousands)											Special Assessment Bonds			
Fiscal Year	C	Gross Water harges ad Other	0	Less: Direct perating xpenses	Ava	Revenue ilable for t Service	P	Debt S rincipal		nterest	Debt Service Coverage	Special Assessment Collections (2)		(in	tstanding thousands) te Diamond
2009	\$	21,585	\$	19,804	\$	1,781	\$	655	\$	126	2.28%	\$	7,464,602	\$	41,170
2010		20,226		17,390		2,836		675		108	3.62%		7,401,685		35,045
2011		22,103		16,609		5,494		695		88	7.02%		7,476,123		26,905
2012		23,652		22,924		728		720		66	0.93%		7,425,102		20,905
2013		25,369		20,628		4,741		745		41	6.03%		7,436,553		13,915
2014		27,297		23,328		3,969		770		14	5.06%		7,472,192		2,405
2015		24,711		21,137		3,574		-		-	n/a		-		-
2016		26,865		20,049		6,816		-		-	n/a		-		-
2017		30,220		22,072		8,148		-		-	n/a		-		-
2018		35,875		26,448		9,427		-		-	n/a		-		-

<sup>(1)</sup> Details regarding the City of Antioch's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Water Charges and Other includes investment earnings but not tap fees. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

Source: City of Antioch Financial Statements

<sup>(2)</sup> Special Assessment Debt without City Commitment: The City was the collecting and paying agent for other special assessment debt, but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt was not included in the City's financial statements and was fully repaid in 2014.

### CITY OF ANTIOCH Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2018

2017-18 Assessed Valuation Antioch Development Agency Incremental Valuation: Adjusted Assessed Valuation: \$10,068,678,304 695,150,775 \$9,373,527,529

JURISDICTION	 Total Debt 6/30/2018	Percent Applicable (1)	ity's Share of Debt 6/30/2018
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: Bay Area Rapid Transit District- Contra Costa Community College District	\$ 837,820,000 403,600,000	1.461% 5.287%	\$ 12,240,550 21,338,332
Antioch Unified School District Schools Facilities Improvement District No. 1 Liberty Union High School District Brentwood Union School District East Bay Regional Park District Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	114,418,114 101,625,000 57,109,704 187,800,000	82.611% 2.250% 3.998% 2.284%	\$ 94,521,948 2,286,563 2,283,246 4,289,352 136,959,991
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$ 19,066,124	100.000%	\$ 19,066,124
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT: Contra Costa County General Fund Obligations Contra Costa County Pension Obligation Bonds Contra Costa Community College District Certificates of Participation Antioch Unified School District Certificates of Participation Liberty Union High School District Certificates of Participation Brentwood Union School District General Fund Obligations Contra Costa Fire Protection District Pension Obligation Bonds City of Antioch General Fund Obligations GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Contra Costa County Obligations supported from revenue funds NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	\$ 291,777,297 155,880,000 330,000 33,770,241 754,868 628,580 65,250,000 4,874,246	5.268% 5.268% 5.287% 87.659% 2.250% 3.998% 11.486% 100.000%	\$ 15,370,828 8,211,758 17,447 29,602,656 16,985 25,131 7,494,615 <b>4,874,246</b> 65,613,665 6,057,644 59,556,021
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT			<b>4,874,246</b> (2) 216,765,534 210,707,890
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			221,639,780 (2) 215,582,136

### NOTES:

(1) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's taxable assessed value. Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(2)
Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, non-bonded capital lease and City pension and OPEB obligations

### Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt: 1.46%

Combined Direct Debt (\$4,874,246): 0.005%

Gross Combined Total Debt: 2.36% Net Combined Total Debt: 2.29%

 $\underline{Ratios\ to\ Redevelopment\ Successor\ Agency\ Incremental\ Valuation:}$ 

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt: 2.74%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

### City of Antioch Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Per	
	City of	Contra Costa	Personal	Capita	
	Antioch	County	Income	Personal	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Population (1)	(in thousands) (2)	Income (2)	Rate (3)
2009	100,957	1,037,890	\$ 55,781,843	\$ 53,745	12.20%
2010	102,330	1,052,605	57,700,398	54,817	12.80%
2011	103,054	1,066,096	60,778,675	57,011	12.50%
2012	103,833	1,065,117	66,544,007	61,638	10.20%
2013	105,117	1,074,702	69,375,880	63,403	8.70%
2014	106,455	1,087,008	70,849,779	63,752	6.90%
2015	108,298	1,102,871	76,517,699	68,123	6.80%
2016	112,968	1,123,429	80,412,324	70,840	6.80%
2017	114,241	1,139,513	,	*	* 6.80%
2018	113,061	1,149,363	*	*	* 4.50%

<sup>\*</sup>No Data Available

### Data Sources:

- (1) State Department of Finance
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (data shown is for Contra Costa County)
  - Last updated: 11/20/14 new estimates for 2013; revised estimates for 2001-2012.
- (3) State of California Employee Development Dept., Labor Market Info, Data Library

### City of Antioch **Principal Employers** Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	8	2008			
	Approx.Number of	Percentage Of Total City	Number of	Percentage Of Total City		
Employer	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Employment	Employees	Employment		
Kaiser Permanente	2,457	4.80%	1,820	3.66%		
Antioch Unified School District	1,725	3.37%	2,500	5.03%		
Sutter Delta Medical Center <sup>2</sup>	1,200	2.34%	850	1.71%		
Contra Costa County Social Services	525	1.03%	500	1.01%		
Wal-Mart	425	0.83%	300	0.60%		
Target	300	0.59%	242	0.49%		
Costco <sup>2</sup>	301	0.59%	221	0.44%		
City of Antioch	283	0.55%	360	0.72%		
Antioch Auto Center	256	0.50%	237	0.48%		
Safeway	126	0.25%	200	0.42%		
Long's Drugs (corporate office)	-	0.00%	260	0.52%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: City of Antioch Economic Development Department <sup>2</sup> Includes contract employees

### City of Antioch Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Police												
Physical arrests	7,288	5,990	4,830	4,296	4,047	4,018	4,707	4,954	4,730	4,336		
Parking violations	1,391	1,241	963	1,310	1,319	2,318	2,311	2,551	2,530	4,642		
Traffic violations	12,664	5,905	3,320	2,123	1,396	1,479	2,246	4,261	5,619	5,157		
Sworn Officers	126	126	126	126	126	87 (3)	102(3)	102(3)	102(3)	103(3)		
Reserve Personnel	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	1		
Support Personnel	59	59	59	59	59	26 (3)	29	32	32	32		
Highways and streets												
Street resurfacing, sq ft	387,760	164,929	879,575	711,900	105,820	1,408,525	342,269	164,993	750,707	104,355		
Potholes repaired	170	n/a	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)		
Culture and recreation												
Athletic sports complex admissions	33,650	33,640	40,000	41,500	42,000	60,000	60,000	(4)	(4)	(4)		
Water Park Guests/Program Participants	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	71,241	42,341	44,502		
Recreation Classes/Program Participants	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	6,000	6,905	5,850		
Worth Shaw Sports Complex												
Number of Tournaments	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	40	44	23 (6)		
Number of Participants in City Programs	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	1,500	1,800	2,500		
Number of Turf Field Rentals	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	459	503	728		
Community center admissions/Facility Rentals												
Nick Rodriguez Community Center	173	314,731	127,545	46,233	10,500	12,800	14,300	365	345	450 (5)		
Antioch Community Center	NA	NA	150937	234,102	384,602	100,000	100,000	806	695	820 (5)		
Prewett Community Center	120,121	80,591	80,041	83,556	68,766	92,000	71,241	129	85	70 (5)		
Water												
New connections	170	207	139	169	289	206	158	97	74	72		
Water main breaks	18	28	17	39	36	22	31	33	46	21		
Average daily consumption												
(thousands of gallons)	17,195	15,190	15,539	16,043	16,478	16,221	12,065	11,010	12,567	12,728		
Sewer**												
New connections	140	181	106	144	259	180	123	67	43	41		

<sup>(1)</sup> Of the City's 5 Traffic Unit Officers, one Traffic Unit Officer was transferred to patrol in July 2006 and four were transferred to patrol in October 2006. Therefore, there was an increase in physical arrests and decreases in traffic and parking violations.

Source: Various City Departments

<sup>(2)</sup>The City no longer tracks this data.

(3) 2014 and beyond represents total funded positions only. 2013 and prior years data includes frozen positions.

(4) Recreation Dept has changed information reporting beginning in 2016.

<sup>(5)</sup> In 2016, Recreation began reporting number of facility rentals verses number of visitors as in prior years

<sup>(6)</sup> Heavy rain resulted in tournament cancellations

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City does not process daily sewage - it maintains the sewer line that connects to the main sewer. Delta Diablo Sanitation District is responsible for sewage treatment.

### City of Antioch Full Time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION	2009 4	2010 4	2011 4	2012 4	2013 4	2014 <sup>3</sup>	2015 <sup>3</sup>	2016 <sup>3</sup>	2017 <sup>3</sup>	2018 <sup>3</sup>
General government	52	52	52	52	46	25	30	31	34	36
Public safety <sup>1</sup>										
Sworn Police Officers	126	126	126	126	126	87	102	102	102	103
Community Service Officers	20	20	20	20	20	4	5	8	8	8
Administrative Staff	39	39	39	39	39	30	28	28	29	31
Public works	42	54	55	60	63	39	36	36	36	37
Community Development	42	30	30	30	28	10	13	16	16	18
Capital Improvement <sup>2</sup>	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation	18	18	18	18	16	8	9	10	10	10
Water	41	41	41	41	47	47	47	48	48	48
Wastewater	15	15	15	15	21	21	24	25	25	25
Total employees	400	400	401	401	406	271	294	304	308	316

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fire services are provided by Contra Costa Fire Protection District

Source: City of Antioch budgets

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital Improvement was part of Community Development prior to 2008, and became part of Public Works in 2012

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Data is only funded positions for fiscal year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes frozen positions

### City of Antioch Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2011 2012 2016 2017 Function 2009 2010 2013 2014 2015 2018 Public safety Police: Stations 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 43 43 42 39 39 40 44 44 Patrol Units 42 44 Fire Stations\* 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 Highways and streets 482.618 566.31 566.31 595.16 853.95 996.13 Streets (miles) 360.02 724.55 853.95 996.13 Streetlights 8,600 8,649 8,697 8,714 8,731 8,738 8,745 8,758 8,771 8,784 Traffic Signals, City Owned 100 101 101 101 102 102 102 107 107 108 Culture and recreation Parks acreage 308 308 308 308 328 237 237 237 237 237 Parks 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 Swimming pools Community centers 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 Water Water lines (miles) 340.00 341.68 341.68 341.68 341.68 343.45 345.23 346.58 346.65 346.65 Number of water meters 31,231 30,931 31,468 31,254 31,583 31,803 31,803 30,926 32,072 32,130 Maximum daily treatment capacity 29.00 27.01 26.49 26.13 27.01 36.00 36.00 36.00 36.00 36.00 (millions of gallons) Fire hydrants 3,443 3,443 3,522 3,537 3,537 3,589 3,589 3,594 3,602 3,635 Sewer\*\* Sanitary sewer lines (miles) 300.00 300.68 300.68 300.68 300.68 300.68 300.68 302.17 302.17 302.17 Number of sewer connections 29,804 29,535 29,657 29,818 30,171 30,377 30,377 30,660 30,661 30,715 Storm drains (miles) 220.00 221.01 221.01 221.01 221.01 221.46 221.46 223.25 223.27 223.27

Sources: Various City departments.

<sup>\*</sup>The City of Antioch's fire protection is provided by the Contra Costa Fire Protection District

<sup>\*\*</sup>The City does not process daily sewage - it maintains the sewer line that connects to the main sewer. Delta Diablo is responsible for sewage treatment.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Antioch Antioch, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Antioch, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2018.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Antioch Antioch, California Page 2

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Badawi and Associates Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California December 10, 2018