Commen Number		Respo Not
	ising Needs Resources and Constraints	
1. Affi	rmatively further[ing] fair housing in accordance with Chapter 15 (commencing with Section 8899.50) of Division 1 of Tit	le 2shall include an assessment of fair housing in the jurisdiction
a	<u>Fair Housing Enforcement and Capacity</u> : The housing element must include a summary of fair housing enforcement and outreach capacity. The analysis must address how the City complies with state and federal fair housing laws, including regulations, lawsuits, and related enforcement actions.	See <i>Appendix B</i> , pages B-9, B-15: B-16 are revised to describe concity's enforcement and outreach capacity, and an evaluation summary of findings.
b	<u>Disproportionate Housing Needs, Including Displacement Risk</u> : While the element includes discussion on disproportionate housing needs, this discussion should also address the patterns within the city and evaluate any similarities with other components of the assessment of fair housing (e.g., segregation and integration, disparities in access to opportunity).	See Appendix B, pages B-19, B-20, B-62, B-67, B-86, B-105 See Chapter 2 Housing Needs 2-8:2-10, 2-2-:2-21
		See Chapter 3 AFFH 3-3:3-4. 3-7:3-21
c	<u>Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) and Sites Inventory</u> : While the element includes an analysis of identified sites to accommodate the regional housing need allocation (RHNA) to affirmatively furthering fair housing for the lower-income RHNA, it should also conduct this analysis with consideration for the moderate and above moderate RHNA.	See Chapter 3, <i>Summary of Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing</i> are revised to include an evaluation of moderate and above
d	<u>Local Data and Knowledge</u> : The element must include local data, knowledge, and other relevant factors to discuss and analyze any unique attributes about the City related to fair housing issues. The element should complement federal, state, and regional data with local data and knowledge where appropriate to capture emerging trends and issues, including utilizing knowledge from local and regional advocates and service providers, City staff and related local and county planning documents.	Addressed in above edits.
e	Other Relevant Factors: The element must include other relevant factors that contribute to fair housing issues in the City. For instance, the element can analyze historical land use, zoning and barriers to housing choices, investment practices, seeking investment or lack of seeking investment to promote affordability and inclusion, information about redlining/greenlining, restrictive covenants and other discriminatory practices, land use related lawsuits, local initiatives, demographic trends or other information that complements the state and federal data.	See Chapter 3, AFFH revised pages 3-13:3-14, and Appendix B, pa
f	Contributing Factors to Fair Housing Issues: Based on the outcomes of a complete analysis, the element should re- assess contributing factors and particularly prioritize those factors then formulate appropriate policies and programs.	See Chapter 3 AFFH 3-13:3-14, 3-22:3-28
g	<u>Goals and Actions</u> : The element must be revised to add or modify goals and actions based on the outcomes of analysis described above. Goals and actions must specifically respond to the analysis and identified and prioritized contributing factors to fair housing issues and must be significant and meaningful enough to overcome identified patterns and trends. Actions must have specific commitment, discrete timing or milestones, geographic targeting and metrics or numerical targets. As appropriate, actions must address housing mobility, new housing choices and affordability in higher resource or higher income areas, place-based strategies for community preservation and revitalization and displacement protection.	<ul> <li>See Chapter 2 Housing Needs and Chapter 3 AFFH Tied together a</li> <li>See Programs Revised in Chapter 7 <ul> <li>1.1.7. Code Enforcement (pg. 7-5)</li> <li>1.1.8. Safe Housing Outreach (pg. 7-6)</li> <li>2.1.7 Support Non-profit Housing Sponsors</li> <li>5.1.1. Fair Housing Services (pg. 7-31)</li> <li>2.1.9 Housing for Unhoused Persons</li> <li>3.1.1. Housing for Special Needs Groups</li> <li>3.1.4 Cord. W. Agencies Serving Unhoused</li> <li>3.1.8. Housing for Persons with Disabilities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

2. Include an analysis of population and employment trends and documentation of projections and a quantification of the locality's existing and projected needs for all income levels, including extremely low-income households. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (a)(1).)

Include an analysis and documentation of household characteristics, including level of payment compared to ability to pay, housing characteristics, including overcrowding, and housing stock condition. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (a)(2).)

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ion. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(10)(A).)

compliance more specifically with fair housing laws, the ion of fair housing complaints and cases, including a

*ing,* Page 3-11:3-16 and *Appendix B*, B-106 through B-111 ove moderate income unit distribution.

pages B-16:B-18

r as described above.

Number	Comment from Letter Dated 09-29-22	Resp No
a	<u>Extremely Low-Income (ELI) Households</u> : The element does include some data on the number of existing and projected ELI households, but it must also include analysis of their housing needs. The analysis should evaluate tenure, overpayment, resources, and strategies available and the gap and magnitude of housing needs to	See Chapter 2 <i>Housing Needs</i> , Revised Pages 2-9:2-12, and 2-18: renters' disproportionate experiencing of cost burden.
	better formulate policies and programs.	<ul> <li>Revisions to Ch. 7 Programs</li> <li>2.1.7 Support Non-profit Housing Sponsors</li> <li>2.1.9 Housing for Unhoused Persons</li> <li>3.1.1. Housing for Special Needs Groups</li> <li>3.1.4 Cord. W. Agencies Serving Unhoused</li> <li>3.1.8. Housing for Persons with Disabilities</li> </ul>
b	<u>Overpayment</u> : The element must quantify and analyze the number of lower-income households overpaying by tenure (i.e., renter and owner).	See Chapter 2 <i>Housing Needs</i> , Revised Pages 2-9:2-12, and 2-18:
2	Housing Conditions: While the element estimates the number of units in need of rehabilitation, it should supplement this estimate with the number of units in need of replacement.	See Chapter 2 Housing Needs, Revised Pages 2-14
		Programs revised in Ch. 7
		1.1.7. Code Enforcement (pg. 7-5)
		1.1.8. Safe Housing Outreach (pg. 7-6)
ł	<u>Housing Costs</u> : While the element includes estimated rents for residents, it utilizes American Community Survey (ACS) data. The element should supplement census data with other sources (e.g., local knowledge).	See Chapter 2 Housing Needs, Revised page 2-9:2-10 which include
	inventory of land suitable and available for residential development, including vacant sites and sites having realistic and and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (	a)(3).)
evel,		
level,	and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. ( <u>Realistic Capacity</u> : Where zoning allows 100 percent nonresidential uses, the calculation of residential capacity should account for the likelihood of 100 percent nonresidential development. For example, the element could analyze all development activity in nonresidential zones allowing 100 percent nonresidential uses, how often residential development occurs and adjust residential capacity calculations, policies, and programs accordingly. This analysis may incorporate any proposed policies such as residential performance standards, prohibition of commercial uses and	a)(3).) Chapter 6 <i>Sites,</i> revised pages 6-14:6-15 through 6-20. These pa
a	and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. ( Realistic Capacity: Where zoning allows 100 percent nonresidential uses, the calculation of residential capacity should account for the likelihood of 100 percent nonresidential development. For example, the element could analyze all development activity in nonresidential zones allowing 100 percent nonresidential uses, how often residential development occurs and adjust residential capacity calculations, policies, and programs accordingly. This analysis may incorporate any proposed policies such as residential performance standards, prohibition of commercial uses and should clarify that all zones allow residential uses, particularly 100 percent residential uses. <u>Suitability of Nonvacant Sites</u> : The element must include an analysis demonstrating the potential for additional development on nonvacant sites. While the element maps various areas with a description, in some cases, as noted in our conversation, the element should include additional discussion regarding the extent existing uses impede additional development such as market demand for the existing use and existing leases, contracts or other conditions that would perpetuate the existing use or prevent additional residential development. For example, Sites 1-82 are	a)(3).) Chapter 6 <i>Sites</i> , revised pages 6-14:6-15 through 6-20. These pa allowing for the development of 100% residential uses and no sit See <i>Chapter 6 Sites</i> , page 6-6:6-11 which discuss methodology.
	and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. ( <u>Realistic Capacity</u> : Where zoning allows 100 percent nonresidential uses, the calculation of residential capacity should account for the likelihood of 100 percent nonresidential development. For example, the element could analyze all development activity in nonresidential zones allowing 100 percent nonresidential uses, how often residential development occurs and adjust residential capacity calculations, policies, and programs accordingly. This analysis may incorporate any proposed policies such as residential performance standards, prohibition of commercial uses and should clarify that all zones allow residential uses, particularly 100 percent residential uses. <u>Suitability of Nonvacant Sites</u> : The element must include an analysis demonstrating the potential for additional development on nonvacant sites. While the element maps various areas with a description, in some cases, as noted in our conversation, the element should include additional discussion regarding the extent existing uses impede additional development such as market demand for the existing use and existing leases, contracts or other conditions	a)(3).) Chapter 6 Sites, revised pages 6-14:6-15 through 6-20. These pa allowing for the development of 100% residential uses and no sit See Chapter 6 Sites, page 6-6:6-11 which discuss methodology. See Page 6-25 includes a discussion on non-vacant housing sites
level, a	<ul> <li>and an analysis of the relationship of zoning and public facilities and services to these sites. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (</li> <li><u>Realistic Capacity</u>: Where zoning allows 100 percent nonresidential uses, the calculation of residential capacity should account for the likelihood of 100 percent nonresidential development. For example, the element could analyze all development activity in nonresidential zones allowing 100 percent nonresidential uses, how often residential development occurs and adjust residential capacity calculations, policies, and programs accordingly. This analysis may incorporate any proposed policies such as residential performance standards, prohibition of commercial uses and should clarify that all zones allow residential uses, particularly 100 percent residential uses.</li> <li><u>Suitability of Nonvacant Sites</u>: The element must include an analysis demonstrating the potential for additional development on nonvacant sites. While the element maps various areas with a description, in some cases, as noted in our conversation, the element should include additional discussion regarding the extent existing uses impede additional development such as market demand for the existing use and existing leases, contracts or other conditions that would perpetuate the existing use or prevent additional residential development. For example, Sites 1-82 are currently residential lots occupied primarily by single -family residences and Sites 120, 138, 154, 155, 164 and 166 are places of worship. The element should include a discussion of why the uses will likely discontinue or be redeveloped in the planning period. The element could also consider additional indicators of the potential for redevelopment such as age and condition of the existing structure, expressed developer or property owner interest,</li> </ul>	(3).) Chapter 6 <i>Sites</i> , revised pages 6-14:6-15 through 6-20. These parallowing for the development of 100% residential uses and no site See <i>Chapter 6 Sites</i> , page 6-6:6-11 which discuss methodology. See Page 6-25 includes a discussion on non-vacant housing sites considered their improvement land value (ILV) ratio. See Page 6-58 has been revised to include additional discussion of

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8:2-21which includes discussion of ELI households and

8:2-21which

Ides 2022 Market rents sourced from Zillow Rental Manager.

period to meet the locality's housing need for a designated income

pages now include discussion of the rezoning of housing sites sites being rezoned to non-res. Or MU districts.

es and their selection for inclusion within the site inventory which

related to non-vacant sites that are also places of worship.

units or those affordable to lower income households.

on of the city's proposed accommodation of moderate and above

Comment Number	Comment from Letter Dated 09-29-22	Respo
e	<u>Infrastructure</u> : While the element includes a general discussion on water and sewer capacity, it must demonstrate sufficient existing or planned water and sewer capacity to accommodate the City's regional housing need for the planning period.	See <i>Chapter 4, Constraints</i> and <i>Chapter 6, Sites</i> revised pages 4-2 infrastructure constraints to housing site development.
f	<u>Environmental Constraints</u> : While the element generally describes environmental conditions, it should also describe any other known conditions (e.g., shape, easements, contamination) that could impact housing development on identified sites in the planning period.	See <i>Chapter 4, Constraints</i> revised pages 4-28, <i>Chapter 6 Sites</i> , reenvironmental conditions in the city which may serve as co within the city's site inventory.
g	<u>Electronic Sites Inventory</u> : Pursuant to Government Code section 65583.3, subdivision (b), upon adoption of the housing element, the City must submit an electronic version of the sites inventory with its adopted housing element to sites inventory@hcd.ca.gov. HCD has not received a copy of the electronic inventory. Please note, the city must utilize standards, forms, and definitions adopted by HCD when preparing the sites inventory. Please see HCD's housing element webpage at https://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/housing-element/index.shtml#element for a copy of the form and instructions. The city can reach out to HCD at sitesinventory@hcd.ca.gov for technical assistance.	An updated site inventory, including an electronic copy is atta
h	Zoning for a Variety of Housing Types (Emergency Shelters): The element mentions emergency shelters are permitted in an overlay district. However, the element should also clarify shelters are permitted without discretionary action and discuss available acreage, including typical parcel sizes and the presence of reuse opportunities, proximity to transportation and services and any conditions inappropriate for human habitability. The analysis should also list and evaluate development standards. Finally, parking requirements appear inconsistent with statutory requirements that limit parking to staff and as a result, the element should add or modify programs to revise parking requirements.	See <i>Chapter 5 Resources</i> revised pg. 5-13: 5-14 which discusses a <i>See Chapter 3 Housing Needs and</i> Program 3.1.5. revised on Chap requirements for emergency shelters.
disabil	analysis of potential and actual governmental constraints upon the maintenance, improvement, or development of housin ities as identified in the analysis pursuant to paragraph (7), including land use controls, building codes and their enforce § 65583, subd. (a)(5).)	
An and subdiv	alysis of potential and actual nongovernmental constraints upon the maintenance, improvement, or development of hous ision (c) of Government Code section 65583.2 (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (a)(6).)	ing for all income levels, includingrequests to develop housing
a	Land Use Controls: The element must identify and analyze all relevant land use controls impacts as potential constraints on a variety of housing types. The analysis should analyze land use controls independently and cumulatively with other land use controls. The analysis should specifically address requirements related to parking, heights, lot coverage and allowable density ranges. The analysis should address any impacts on cost, supply, housing choice, affordability, timing, approval certainty and ability to achieve maximum densities.	In response to HCD comments received on the draft Housing Elem residential development between 30 and 35 du/acre is propos 35 du/acre. This zoning text amendment will occur alongside ac rezonings. Accordingly, the following pages have been revised to 3: 4-7, 6-7 & 6-14.
		See revised Page 5-9 within Chapter 5, <i>Resources</i> , which provides which references and implements State Density Bonus Law.
		See revised Page 4-9 re: Parking Requirements and Program 4.1.6

See *Chapter 4, Constraints* revised pages 4-14 and 4-15 which includes additional discussion regarding the city's regulations related to multi-family zoning districts including maximum building heights.

Clarified in above.

laws.

#### ponse otes

4-22:4-23 and 6-23: 6-25 for greater discussion related to

, revised page 6-24:6-25 which further discusses constraints to the future development of housing sites contained

ttached to this resubmittal. See attached.

s sites and proximity to services, and standards.

napter 7, revised page 7-22 to remove per-bed parking

in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c), and for persons with evelopers, and local processing and permit procedures... (Gov.

ng at densities below those anticipated in the analysis required by

ement, the city's R-35 zoning district, which as stands allows osed to be amended to allow development between 25 and adoption of the housing element, along with related housing site to reflect this change to the R-35 zoning district: revised pages 4-

es further clarity regarding the city's adopted zoning ordinance

See revised Page 4-9 re: Parking Requirements and Program 4.1.6. to include future evaluation and continue compliance w/ state

Comment Number	Comment from Letter Dated 09-29-22	Resp Not
b	Zoning Fees and Transparency: The element must clarify its compliance with new transparency requirements for posting all zoning and development standards, and inclusionary requirements for each parcel on the jurisdiction's website pursuant to Government Code section 65940.1(a)(1).	Reference Added. See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints</i> , revised page 4-15 to include the East Contra Costa County Regional Transport
		See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints</i> , revised page 4-4 which clarifies that the fees are included on the city's website.
с	<u>Building Codes</u> : The element should identify and evaluate any local amendments to the building code for impacts on housing costs.	See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints</i> revised Page 4-12 which clarifies that t California Building Code.
d	<u>Fees and Exaction</u> : The element provides a cumulative analysis of fees on various housing types but should also list all the various planning and impact fees, including regional transportation impact fees, to better evaluate the impacts on housing development costs.	See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints</i> , revised page 4-15:4-16 which revises East Contra Costa County Regional Transportation Demand page 7-29.
e	<u>Local Processing and Permit Procedures</u> : While the element mentions uses are by-right, it should also describe the procedures for a typical single family and multifamily development complying with zoning. The analysis should address the approval body, the number of public hearing if any, approval findings and any other relevant information. The analysis should evaluate approval findings for impacts on approval certainty.	See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints,</i> revised Page 4-20:4-21 which provid permit procedures for residential uses including design rev
f	In addition, the element (p. 4-4) notes multifamily development are subject to a conditional use permit (CUP) in multifamily zones. Requiring a CUP or exception process for a use in its intended zone is a constraint. The element should include a program with specific commitment and discrete timing early in the planning period to remove or modify the requirement. This is particularly important since the past element had a program to address this requirement as a constraint.	See <i>Chapter 4 Constraints</i> , revised Pg. 4-3: 4-5 which removes th multi-family districts, including design review, and new Multi
9	<ul> <li><u>Constraints on Housing for Persons with Disabilities</u>: The element should analyze potential constraints on housing for persons with disabilities, as follows:</li> <li>Reasonable Accommodation: The element references the zoning code includes a reasonable accommodation procedure, it should include a description of the process and decision-making criteria such as approval findings and analysis of any potential constraints on housing for persons with disabilities and modify programs as appropriate.</li> <li>Group Homes for Seven or More Persons: The element indicates group homes for seven or more persons are allowed in a limited number of residential zones and subject to a CUP. The element should analyze the exclusion of these uses in all residential zones and the CUP requirement and add or modify programs to address the constraint.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>See Chapter 4 Constraints, revised Page 4-11 &amp; 4-12 which proviation procedure including application contents, process requirements.</li> <li>Added to Revised 3.1.1. Housing for Special Needs Grou</li> <li>3.1.8. Housing for Persons with Disabilities</li> </ul>
n	<u>Requests for Lesser Densities</u> : The element must be revised to analyze requests to develop housing at densities below those anticipated in the sites inventory, including hinderance on the construction of a locality's share of the regional housing need.	To be addressed following local adoption.
	nalysis of existing assisted housing developments that are eligible to change from low-income housing uses during the ne subd. (a)(9).)	ext 10 years due to termination of subsidy contracts, mortgage pre
a	The analysis of at-risk unit must estimate the total cost of producing new rental housing that is comparable in size and rent levels, to replace the units that could change from low-income use, and an estimated cost of preserving the assisted housing developments. This cost analysis for replacement housing may be done aggregately and does not have to contain a project-by-project cost estimate.	See Chapter 2, Housing Needs revised 2-17 which includes estim

1. Include a program which sets forth a schedule of actions during the planning period, each with a timeline for implementation, which may recognize that certain programs are ongoing, such that there will be beneficial impacts of the programs within the planning period, that the local government is undertaking or intends to undertake to implement the policies and achieve the goals and objectives of the Housing Element. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c).)

#### ponse otes

5 which revises the previously provided development fees table ortation Demand Impact Mitigation (RTDIM) Fee.

ne city's zoning regulations, development standards and

the city has not adopted any local amendments to the

is the previously provided development fees table to include the nd Impact Mitigation (RTDIM) Fee. And Chapter 7, revised

ides clarification related to the city's local processing and eview, and new Multi-family ODS.

the use permit requirement for multi-family residential uses in Iti-family ODS.

ovides additional clarity regarding the city's reasonable less timing, decision maker, required findings and any special

oups

prepayment, or expiration of restrictions on use. (Gov. Code, §

imate using loopnet sales listings for older smaller MF buildings.

Comment Number	Comment from Letter Dated 09-29-22	Resp No
a	To have a beneficial impact in the planning period and address the goals of the housing element, programs must be revised with discrete timelines (e.g., at least annually or month and year) or timeframes earlier in the planning period. Examples include Programs 1.1.2 (Housing Rehabilitation), 1.1.3 (Community Education), 1.1.5 (Safe Housing Outreach), 2.1.3 (Meet with Potential Developers), 2.1.5 (Affordable Housing Program Inventory), 2.1.7 (Support Non-profit Housing), 2.1.9 (Unhoused Populations), 3.1.1 (Housing for Special Needs, 3.1.4 (Unhoused Population Coordination), 3.1.7 (Farmworker Housing), 3.1.9 (Housing and Services for those with Disabilities), 4.1.3 (Density Bonus Ordinance), 4.1.6 (Parking Requirements), 4.1.8 (Regional Fees) and 5.1.4 (Prioritize Hard to Serve Residents).	<ul> <li>Various revisions to <i>Chapter 7</i> to format programs in a way that Alameda (as directed by HCD) and "beefed up" many special need amendments.</li> <li>1.1.7. Code Enforcement (pg. 7-5)</li> <li>1.1.8. Safe Housing Outreach (pg. 7-6)</li> <li>2.1.7 Support Non-profit Housing Sponsors</li> <li>5.1.1. Fair Housing Services (pg. 7-31)</li> <li>2.1.9 Housing for Unhoused Persons</li> <li>3.1.1. Housing for Special Needs Groups</li> <li>3.1.4 Cord. W. Agencies Serving Unhoused</li> <li>3.1.8. Housing for Persons with Disabilities</li> </ul>
b	Additionally, programs should include specific commitment and actions toward beneficial impacts or housing outcomes. Program language such as "discuss", "review", "develop" and "explore" should be complemented or replaced with commitment such as adopt, pursue, apply or identify. Examples of programs that should be revised include Programs 2.1.9 (Unhoused Populations), 2.1.11 (Missing Middle Housing), 3.1.1 (Housing for Special Needs) and 3.1.7 (Farmworker Housing).	Various revisions to <i>Chapter 7</i> to format programs
need fo be ider	tify actions that will be taken to make sites available during the planning period with appropriate zoning and developmen or each income level that could not be accommodated on sites identified in the inventory completed pursuant to paragrap ntified as needed to facilitate and encourage the development of a variety of types of housing for all income levels, includi room occupancy units, emergency shelters, and transitional housing. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(1).)	h (3) of subdivision (a) without rezoning, and to comply with the r
a	As noted in Finding B3, the element does not include a complete site analysis; therefore, the adequacy of sites and zoning were not established. Based on the results of a complete sites inventory and analysis, the city may need to add or revise programs to address a shortfall of sites or zoning available to encourage a variety of housing types. In addition, the element should be revised as follows:	See below.
b	<ul> <li>Concurrent Rezoning: HCD understands the city will be completing rezoning prior to the start of the planning period (January 31, 2023) to accommodate the RHNA, including for lower-income households. Please be aware, if rezoning is not completed by January 31, 2023, the element must include a program(s) to rezone sites with appropriate zoning and development standards pursuant to Government Code sections 65583, subdivision (c)(1), and 65583.2, subdivisions (h) and (i).</li> </ul>	See <i>Chapter 6 Sites</i> , revised Page 6-14: 6-15 which clarifies that propo amendments will be adopted alongside the 6 <sup>th</sup> cycle housing ele
с	<ul> <li>Program 3.1.5 (Supportive and Transitional Housing): The Program currently conflates general requirements related to transitional and supportive housing and by-right permanent supportive housing (AB 2162). The program should make a clear and specific commitment to comply with both requirements.</li> </ul>	See Revisions to Chapter 7.
	• Program 3.1.5 (Supportive and Transitional Housing): The Program currently conflates general requirements related	See Revisions to Chanter 7
d	to transitional and supportive housing and by-right permanent supportive housing (AB 2162). The program should make a clear and specific commitment to comply with both requirements.	

### ponse otes

at offered specifics to HCD. We followed approach of City of eeds related programs to include reference to our zoning

nat portion of the city's or county's share of the regional housing e requirements of Government Code section 65584.09. Sites shall mes, housing for agricultural employees, supportive housing,

pposed housing site rezonings and associated general plan element update prior to the beginning of the planning period.

housing site sizes.

m commitments to increasing housing opportunities for lower

ndments and Rezonings.

Commen Number	Note Note
	dress and, where appropriate and legally possible, remove governmental and nongovernmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement, and development of housing, including housing rogram shall remove constraints to, and provide reasonable accommodations for housing designed for, intended for occupancy by, or with supportive services for, persons with disabilities.
a	As noted in Finding B4, the element requires a complete analysis of potential governmental and non-governmental constraints. Depending upon the results of that analysis, the City may need to revise or add programs and address and remove or mitigate any identified constraints.
	mote and affirmatively further fair housing opportunities and promote housing throughout the community or communities for all persons regardless of race, religion, sex, marital status, ar characteristics (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(5).)
a	As noted in Finding B1, the element must include a complete analysis of AFFH. The element must be revised to add Resolved as described above. goals and actions based on the outcomes of a complete analysis.
5. The	e housing program shall preserve for low-income household the assisted housing developments identified pursuant to paragraph (9) of subdivision (a) (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(6).)
a	Program 1.1.1 (Preserve At-risk Projects) should commit to comply with noticing requirements and coordinate with qualified entities.
6. Dev	velop a plan that incentivizes and promotes the creation of accessory dwelling units that can be offered at affordable rent (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(7).)
a	Program 2.1.8 (Promote Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU)) should commit to amend the ADU ordinance as necessary to comply with state law and monitor permitted ADUs and affordability every other year and take appropriate action such as adjusting assumptions or rezoning within a specified time (e.g., 6 months) if assumptions are not realized.
C. Qua	antified Objectives
Establ	ish the number of housing units, by income level, that can be constructed, rehabilitated, and conserved over a five-year time frame. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (b)(1 & 2).)
a	While the element includes quantified objectives for new construction, rehabilitation, and conservation by income group; it could consider quantified objectives for conservation (beyond at-risk preservation). For your information, the quantified objectives do not represent a ceiling, but rather set a target goal for the city to achieve, based on needs, resources, and constraints.

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ing for all income levels and housing for persons with disabilities. s. (Gov. Code, § 65583, subd. (c)(3).)

## ancestry, national origin, color, familial status, or disability, and